

Appendix 12 - Env Risk Assessment for Phase 2



Bespoke Environmental Impact Assessment Record Form		
Date of assessment: (dd/mm/yy)	05.09.2022	
Brief description of activity / process being assessed - e.g. repair to chemical scrubber after collision damage OR proposed relocation of waste storage area	Phase 2 - increase in throughput to 2 million birds/week. See also updated Env Impact Assessment Register for Phase 2 which covers assessments for each identified aspect. Overall risk score shown in Part 6 relates to worst case scenarios - major ammonia leak causing injury / death or major contamination of water supply aquifer. Normal operations are low risk.	
Area / location of activity being assessed: (tick all appropriate boxes)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Animal by-products	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Effluent treatment plant	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Raw material / chemicals
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Boilers	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Evisceration	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sewage treatment plant
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chemical scrubber	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kill / bleed	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Transport
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Chilling	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Lairage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vehicle wash
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Cleaning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Module wash	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Waste storage
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Defeather	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Offices / canteen	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Utilities
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Drainage	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portioning plant	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yard

1. Identify any hazard sources

For each risk that applies, identify each actual or possible hazard. Consider potential hazards or aspects associated with the activities being undertaken, including abnormal or accidental scenarios. For each hazard source answer the following questions.

1a. Are any hazardous, odorous, noisy, dusty or polluting materials being used?		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, give details:	Doubling of live bird vehicles - low-level odour intensity associated with the birds and faecal deposits during transit from farms. Noise from extra vehicle movements. New module wash. Defeather / scald is most odorous process stage - extracted to scrubber. Additional chilling plant - noise potential. Doubling of wastewater volumes - extension to WWTP for discharge to river & new sludge dewatering plant. Doubling of ABP arisings - building extracted to scrubber to control odour. Daily collections of ABPs. Sewage flow into STP to increase with more staff on site.		
1b. Are resources (energy, water, raw materials) used in large amounts by the activity under consideration?		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, give details:	Water and energy consumption expected to double but rate per bird is likely to be same or better than under Phase 1 (already leading in the Sector) with some heat recovery designed into Phase 2. Chemicals used for cleaning and abatement plants will double. WWTP sludge volumes rate to reduce with dewatering. Other waste arisings to double but storage facilities the same. Sludge volumes/transfers to reduce. More deliveries and handling of raw materials. No additional storage facilities required or chemicals or waste arisings.		
1c. Could any polluting matter or emission occur potentially, including in an unplanned scenario?		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, give details:	Odour – live bird deliveries, process areas, WWTP, ABP storage & handling, abatement plant Noise – fans, pumps, condensers, compressors, HGV movements Water pollution – site drainage and WWTP discharge to river Air emissions – combustion gases from boilers - 1 extra boiler for 2nd Aeroscaler and increased use of modules on existing boilers Fugitive releases of refrigerants from refrigeration plant in abnormal events		

2. Identify the possible pathways from the hazard / aspect source. This could be from normal operation or if an incident or failure in a control measure occurs		
2a. Could there be a release to air? – either from a point source (chimney or vent) or fugitive (non point source), e.g. fumes, dust, odour, noise, greenhouse gases (carbon emissions)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, give details:	Air recirculated around process areas and lairage so no emission points. Short duration, low potential for fugitive emissions of dust / odour from lairage when doors opened for vehicle access. Emissions to air from module / vehicle wash area extraction point measured in Mar 2022 and very low in odour. Scald, defeather and ABP storage building extracted to chemical scrubber with 2nd scrubber added to handle additional volume under Phase 2 – stacks disperse emissions. Assessed by dispersion modelling and shown to have low offsite impact when operating effectively. Boiler exhaust emissions to air – assessed by dispersion modelling and trivial. WWTP odours - primary tanks covered and extracted to new chemical scrubber. Building housing new sludge dewatering plant and DAF plant with extraction to new scrubber. WWTP area odour impact assessed by dispersion modelling and shown to have acceptable impact if controls are effective. Chiller plant uses ammonia as refrigerant – potential for worker / neighbours to be exposed to toxic release in an emergency scenario of a major leak. Refrigerants used in other chilling units have zero ozone depleting potential (outside scope of Ozone Depleting Substances Regulations) but come under F Gas Regs due to high GWP so fugitive releases must be prevented / minimised.	
2b. Could there be a release to water or land? – via the site drains, yard or floor, e.g. spill of liquid, blood - Refer to the Site Drainage Plan.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, give details:	Wastewater from process and cleaning stages directed to WWTP for treatment and discharge to watercourse. Increase in discharge volume from WWTP to river - assessed as no impact by WQ modelling. Site drainage unchanged. Bunding and spill containment in place at WWTP. Improved spill control / containment around chemical scrubbers area to prevent leaks entering surface drains, double skinned chemical tanks. STP has capacity to handle higher sewage volume but outlet to be diverted to WWTP as precaution.	
2c. Could a waste be created by the activity? e.g. spoiled product, damaged packaging, spill clean up	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No

If yes, give details:	<p>Primary waste stream is WWTP sludge. Sludge thickening unit installed under Phase 2 to reduce volumes for landspreading.</p> <p>Packaging waste amounts will double – contaminated packaging must be landfilled. Non contaminated packaging recycled.</p> <p>No extra waste storage facilities – more frequent collections.</p> <p>Spillages on production line sent to ABP area or washed into wastewater drains if liquid.</p>
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3. Identify receptors or anything else that could be affected if the hazard is released / occurs.

Refer to Appendices 1 – 4 of our Emergency Response Plan

App 1: Site plan showing permit - installation boundary & emissions points

App 2: Figure 1: Installation location map & environmental receptors

Figure 2: Residential receptors and prevailing wind

Figure 3: Residential receptors key

App 3: Figure 1: Habitats sites within 1km map

Figure 2: Habitats sites within 1km details

App 4: Site drainage plan

3a. Air (people, farm animals, wildlife, property)☒ Yes☐ No

If yes, give details:

Closest residential properties near site entrance on Pickhill Lane

3b. Water (rivers, streams, ditches)☒ Yes☐ No

If yes, give details:

River Dee

3c. Land (soil, groundwater / water supply borehole)☒ Yes☒ No

If yes, give details:

Aquifer - Maelor have water supply borehole(s). Groundwater source protection zone aquifer (Zone III, total catchment). 'Middle Dee Groundwater Management Unit' of the Dee Catchment Abstraction Management Strategy (CAMS).

3d. Habitats or conservation sites / flora or fauna)☒ Yes☐ No

If yes, give details:

River Dee is SAC - SAC Management Plan Phosphorous standard

4. What control measures are to be used to prevent an impact?

How will a release be prevented or contained so it does not reach a receptor?

Give details:


Odour - odour management plan - no additional controls needed.
Odour – olfactometry survey undertaken to obtain odour concentrations for impact assessment based on dispersion modelling and additional & replacement chemical scrubbers. Odour management plan updated. Chemical scrubber operational parameters monitored, odour surveys in daily site checks.
Noise – noise impact assessment undertaken for Phase 2 noise sources and increased HGV movements and mitigation measures proposed/implemented. Noise management plan updated. Highest noise sources attenuated.
Water pollution – WWTP extended to treat Phase 2 volume of wastewater. Impact on river quality assessed by WQ modelling. In house monitoring of WWTP parameters and discharge quality. SAC management plan P target met in downstream stretch of river and assessments of W1 discharge P impact satisfactory. Operating procedures for storage and handling of chemicals / spill procedures to prevent / minimise spillages causing pollution. STP outlet to be connected into WWTP for optimum P & N treatment.
Air emissions from boiler exhausts – air dispersion modelling undertaken – no impact on Air Quality. Boilers maintained and serviced by boiler supplier.
Fugitive releases from refrigeration plant – prevented by planned preventative maintenance. Waste arisings to reduce with WWTP sludge dewatering.

5. Aspect impact summary: What are the potential consequences or impacts (tick all appropriate boxes)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Air pollution	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Noise
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Borehole contamination	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Odour
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Emission limit breach	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other licence breach
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EMS non-conformance	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pests
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fire	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Resource consumption
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Flood	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spill
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fugitive release	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Waste
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Land pollution	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Water pollution
6. Assess risks relevant to the specific activity and check if they're acceptable and can be screened out. How likely is it to happen and how severe would the impact be? Refer to Risk Matrix & impact severity guide in EIA procedure		
6a. Likelihood of occurrence (L) (1 – 5) (select score from drop down list)		2
6b. Impact Severity (I) (1 – 5) (select score from drop down list)		5
6c. Overall Risk Score (R) = L x I (score self populates)		10
6d. Is the risk acceptable and as low as reasonably practicable? If No, continue to 5e		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No
Low risk	1 – 4	Broadly acceptable level of Risk
Low - medium risk	5 – 9	ALARP Risk is tolerable if risk reduction is impractical disproportionate to cost
Medium - high risk	10 – 14	ALARP Risk is tolerable if is disproportionate to cost
High risk	15 – 19	Unacceptable risk, cannot be justified except in extreme circumstances
Extreme risk	20 - 25	Risk cannot be justified
6e. Are additional controls measures required? State what you'll do to control risks if they're too high		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
If yes, give details:		
6f. Repeat the impact assessment based on the additional controls you have identified. Is the overall risk now acceptable?		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No

Approval / Person(s) completing document

Risk assessor(s)

In signing this risk assessment, risk assessors are confirming that they have taken reasonable care in producing this document.

Assessor(s) details	Name (print)	Signature	Job title	Date
	A Kesterson		Consultant	05.09.2022

Manager

In signing for acceptance of this risk assessment, managers are confirming that they have reviewed the content, are satisfied that it is representative of the activities or area assessed and that they will implement any new risk control measures identified.

Manager's details	Name (print)	Signature	Job title	Date
	J Colley		Gen'l Manager	06.09.2022