



**ENGINEERING
ENVIRONMENTAL
HEALTH & SAFETY**



Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

Docks Way Landfill Site

Retro Drilling of Gas Wells

Construction Quality Assurance Plan

November 2018



EEL.7302.R02.001

Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

Docks Way Landfill Site

Retro Drilling of Gas Wells

Construction Quality Assurance Plan

November 2018

Prepared for
Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

Prepared by
Egniol Environmental Ltd.
Llys Onnen,
Ffordd y Llyn,
Parc Menai,
Bangor
LL57 4DF

Document Review

Revision	Date of Review	Prepared By	Reviewed By	Approved By
-	30/11/2018	Richard Furniss	Tim Christensen	Richard Furniss

Contents

Definition of Terms

Parties and Responsibilities

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Description of Works
- 1.2 Supervision
- 1.3 Surveying
- 1.4 Validation Report

2.0 RETRO-DRILLING

- 2.1 Preparation of Working Area
- 2.2 Drilling Works
- 2.3 Overdrill Remediation Procedure

3.0 GAS WELL INSTALLATION

- 3.1 Specification
- 3.2 Well Installation

APPENDICES

Appendix 1 – Drawings

- 6372_PW08 - Docks Way– Proposed Well Plan – November 2018
- SD.INF.002 - Gas Extraction Well Detail for Waste Profile

Appendix 2 – Proposed Site Record Forms

- Daily Record
- Drilling Record Sheet
- Butt Fusion Welding Logs
- Electro Fusion Welding Logs

Appendix 3 – Overdrill Remediation Procedure

DEFINITION OF TERMS

'Directed'	means an oral or written confirmation that an action by the Contractor under the Specification is to be carried out
'CQA'	Construction Quality Assurance
'NRW'	Natural Resources Wales/Cyfoeth Naturiol Cymru
'Verify'	confirm orally or in writing that an action has been performed in accordance with the CQA Plan
'Record'	writing/drawing in an approved format as evidence of work carried out
'Works'	the permanent works as shown on the contract drawings
'Agree'	agree details orally or in writing before an action is carried out

PARTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

There are five parties involved in the development works outlined in this document, and these are:

The Permit Holder – Newport City Council.

This is the person or company for whom the Works are constructed.

The Main Contractor – Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

This is the person or company appointed by the Permit Holder to execute the construction of the Works. He will be responsible for all matters relating to the site including temporary works, working areas and site safety. The Main Contractor will appoint an Agent who will be responsible for the site and will receive instructions from the Permit Holder and liaise with the CQA Inspector in so far as this is required under the CQA Plan.

The Sub Contractors –

Drilling Works – Dragon Drilling (Landfill) Ltd.

This is the persons or companies appointed by the Main Contractor to execute the construction of the Works. He will be responsible for the Retro Drilling and subsequent installation works. All drilling operatives shall hold the relevant British Drilling Association (BDA) accreditation. Copies of this certification shall be made available by the Drilling Contractors on request.

Pipework Welding Works – TBC

This is the persons or companies appointed by the Main Contractor to execute the butt fusion welding portion of the Works. He will be responsible for the butt fusion welding of the HDPE well casing. All welding operatives shall hold the relevant certification for butt fusion welding. Copies of this certification shall be made available by the Welding Contractors on request.

The Designer – Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

This is the person or Company appointed by the Permit Holder to undertake the design of the works, specifically the drilling depths.

The CQA Inspector – Egniol Environmental Ltd.

This is the independent person or company appointed by the Main Contractor to confirm the work carried out by the Main Contractor is in accordance with the CQA Plan. The CQA Inspector will be responsible for keeping site records of the Works, verifying the methods of construction used. He shall liaise closely with NRW, the Permit Holder and the Main Contractor and take a proactive approach to matters that may affect the construction and performance of the Works. The CQA Inspector may delegate his duties and responsibilities to representatives on site. The CQA Inspector or any delegated representative shall be approved by NRW prior to their supervising of any works.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Description of Works

This CQA Plan appertains to works at Docks Way Landfill Site to install 9no. Landfill Gas Extraction wells by means of Retro Drilling in accordance with Tables 1 and 2.

All 9no. wells are to be drilled in areas of uncapped waste. All works are to be carried out in accordance with this CQA Plan.

1.2 Supervision

The Sub Contractor is required to have full-time supervision on site whilst any activities are being undertaken. Third party independent experienced CQA personnel will be present on site for all the drilling works to verify the Works are constructed in accordance with this CQA Plan. NRW will be informed 48 hours prior to Works commencing.

The CQA Inspector will compile a daily log of site activities. The log will be kept on site in a notebook and on record sheets during the Contract and will be incorporated into the Validation Report upon completion of the Works. This log will include:

- i Weather conditions;
- ii Site Hours (Time on/off site);
- iii Ground level to top of drill location;
- iv Depth of Drill (Record Sheet);
- v Type and depths of waste;
- vi Drilling machinery employed inside hole;
- vii Lengths of individual pipework installed;
- viii Depth of stone installed;
- ix Depth of bentonite seal installed.

1.3 Surveying

The proposed locations and details of each well to be installed shall be supplied by the Main Contractor to the CQA Consultant and Permit Holder prior to the commencement of the Works. These shall also be forwarded to NRW for approval along with a plan drawing showing the locations of the proposed wells.

After the project, as-built drawings detailing the location and ground levels at each newly installed gas well will be forwarded to the CQA Consultant. These drawings will be included within the Validation Report for the Works.

Table 1 - Proposed locations and drill depths.

Well ID	Easting	Northing	Ground Level (mAOD)	Pit Base Level (mAOD)	Level Difference (m)	Stand Off (m)	Proposed Drill Depth (m)	Date of Information Provided	Well Base Zone*
DWMP1901	331015.869	184890.136	22.285	5.428	16.857	3.357	13.5	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1902	331040.349	184912.173	20.090	7.000	13.090	3.090	10.0	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1903	331073.221	184926.530	17.217	5.500	11.717	3.217	8.5	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1904	331040.032	184941.610	19.837	5.500	14.337	3.337	11.0	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1905	331009.642	184921.605	21.841	12.100	9.741	0.241	9.5	22/11/2018	Zone 3 – High Risk Zone**
DWMP1906	330977.142	184912.904	21.549	5.650	15.899	3.399	12.5	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1907	330973.883	184943.904	18.026	8.200	9.826	3.326	6.5	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1908	331001.780	184953.580	16.776	6.500	10.276	3.276	7.0	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone
DWMP1909	331026.847	184966.436	13.430	5.900	7.530	3.030	4.5	22/11/2018	Zone 1 – Low Risk Zone

All information supplied by Infinis Energy Services Ltd. via email 22.11.2018.

*As defined by Environment Agency Guidance document "Drilling in waste on Landfill Sites".

**Well DWMP1905 will require incremental drilling methods due to the reduced stand off applied.

Table 2 – Well Casing Installation Details

Well ID	Pipework Diameter (mm)	Plain Casing Below Ground Level (m)	Plain Casing Above Ground Level (m)	Perforated Casing (m)	Depth of Stone (m)	Stone Volume (m ³) (Approx.)	Depth of Bentonite Seal (m)	Volume of Bentonite (m ³) (Approx.)	Capped / Uncapped Surface
DWMP1901	160	4.0	1.0	9.5	10.0	1.389	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1902	160	4.0	1.0	6.0	6.5	0.903	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1903	160	4.0	1.0	4.5	5.0	0.695	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1904	160	4.0	1.0	7.0	7.5	1.042	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1905	160	4.0	1.0	5.5	6.0	0.834	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1906	160	4.0	1.0	8.5	9.0	1.250	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1907	160	4.0	1.0	2.5	3.0	0.417	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1908	160	4.0	1.0	3.0	3.5	0.486	3.5	0.486	Uncapped
DWMP1909	160	3.0	1.0	1.5	2.0	0.278	2.5	0.347	Uncapped

Note: Drilling location information supplied by Infinis Energy Services Ltd. via email 22.11.2018.

The proposed locations are subject to change prior to the start of the works. All location and drill depth information shall be forwarded to NRW for approval prior to the commencement of the works. Where amendments are made to the proposed locations and/or proposed depths, the revised, approved, data shall be provided to all parties prior to the commencement of the works.

1.4 Validation Report

Upon completion of the Works a Validation Report will be forwarded to NRW, The Permit Holder and the Main Contractor.

The Report will verify methods implemented during construction together with any additional site-specific data, including the following, where relevant:

- CQA Report text detailing all aspects of the installation and methodology and validation of compliance with this CQA Plan (unless otherwise specified);
- Details and discussion of any deviations from this CQA Plan;
- CQA Inspectors Daily Reports;
- CQA Inspectors Drilling Log Reports;
- Photographic Log of the installation works;
- Updated Site Layout Plan (unless otherwise to be provided by the Main Contractor at a later date).

Record sheets shall be compiled for inclusion within the validation report and include the following (or similar), where relevant to the wells being installed:

- Borehole Reference Number;
- Plant in use;
- Details of temporary casing used (where used);
- Records of verticality of boreholes;
- Depths to each change of stratum;
- Records of leachate encountered;
- Brief descriptions of each stratum;
- Details of installation;
- Details of stability of the hole;
- Details of backfilling.

2.0 RETRO DRILLING

2.1 Preparation of Working Area

The proposed drilling area shall be trimmed or filled to provide a firm base for the drilling rig where required. The Main Contractor shall set out the position of the proposed gas wells by placing a peg, marked with the well reference number, at each of the locations, with the ground level of each peg to be established by way of surveying prior to the commencement of the works. The Main Contractor shall also advise all relevant parties of the depth, which the Sub Contractor is to drill to following the agreement of existing ground levels. The proposed depth information shall be given in mAOD (Metres Above Ordnance Datum) and mBGL (Metres Below Ground Level).

Prior to the undertaking of any drilling works, the ground levels at the proposed locations shall be surveyed and checked. This information is to be recorded on the daily report sheet enclosed in Appendix 2.

The Main Contractor shall liaise with NRW should there be any anticipated disruption, or unplanned disruption, to the gas extraction system during the period of the works. The CQA Inspector shall liaise with the Main Contractor to ensure the gas extraction system within the region of the drilling works is reduced accordingly, to reduce the risk of oxygen ingress into the waste mass.

2.2 Drilling Works

The Drilling Sub Contractor shall set up the drilling rig at the location identified by the Main Contractor and the CQA Inspector (or the Main Contractor's representative and the CQA Inspector), and shall drill a hole through the waste using a 450mm diameter barrel auger, sufficient to install a 160mm diameter SDR11 HDPE pipe (as specified in Table 2 or as instructed by the Main Contractor where different) to the proposed drilled depth. The Drilling Sub Contractor shall check the verticality of the borehole during the drilling operations on a regular basis, but at least every 5m depth, by using a spirit level on the rig mast. If the borehole goes off line by more than 5° from vertical then the hole will be aborted and re-drilled. All verticality checks will be recorded.

Based upon the survey data provided within Section 1.3, along with the checks carried out on this, all wells to be drilled and installed during these works are designated as terminating within a Low Risk Zone (as defined by the Environment Agency's draft guidance document "*Drilling in waste on landfill sites*", with the exception of well DWMP1905 which terminates within the High Risk Zone. It is anticipated that, based upon the survey data provided and the checks undertaken on this, incremental drilling will be required on DWMP1905 only.

Initially the hole will be formed by augering in order to advance the hole quickly. If wet unconsolidated waste is encountered then bailing tools will be used. The actual selection of tool will be made once the condition and moisture level of the waste has been assessed from the drilling arisings.

In the event that the liquid levels encountered prevent the advancement of the borehole to the target depth, the Main Contractor will be informed by the CQA Inspector and a decision taken by the Main Contractor as to what depth the well shall be installed to, in line with the methodology described in Section 3 below; the outcome of this will be recorded by the CQA Inspector.

The Drilling Sub Contractor and CQA Inspector shall keep an up to date record of the length of drilling equipment in the borehole.

The borehole depth shall be checked with a weighted, graduated tape from 3m above the target depth whereupon the reduced level of the base of the borehole shall be calculated and compared to the target drill depth to allow for confirmation of the depth achieved to this point.

Only when the Drilling Sub Contractor has agreed the current drill depth and remaining drill distance with the CQA Inspector shall drilling re-commence.

When the target drill depth has been reached, the base of the borehole shall be cleaned out. The CQA Inspector shall observe the cleaning out operation and record the actual depth prior to giving approval for the installation of the new well casing.

If an obstruction is encountered during the drilling operation, the Main Contractor will be notified and a decision taken, dependant on the depth reached, if installation is to proceed at the depth attained or the borehole shall be backfilled with the arisings and sealed at the surface. In the event of this, a new location shall be identified by the Main Contractor and relevant ground levels/drill depth established prior to the re-commencement of drilling at the new location with the relevant information being supplied in writing to all parties.

Odour management shall be controlled in accordance with the Permit requirements and in close liaison with the Site Operators representatives; this may include, but not be limited to, the use of a de-odorising unit.

All arisings from the drilling operation will be placed in the active tip area by means of a 5T dumper or similar and be removed from the works area prior to the commencement of any subsequent borehole, or prior to the end of each day should the borehole in question be the final one to be completed on a given day.

When drilling operations are completed at the end of each drilled well, the Drilling Sub Contractor shall seal the borehole with a bentonite seal to prevent gas emissions. No holes will be left open overnight or over the weekend period.

The temporary seal will be formed by first lowering the barrel auger into the borehole to around 1.0m below ground level and holding the auger in place using a lifting plug and the rig's service winch. Hydrated bentonite (formed using the same method used for sealing completed wells) will be added to the annulus above the barrel auger to the level of the surrounding ground.

The installation of the new HDPE gas well casing will proceed as detailed in Section 3.

Incremental Drilling on Well DWMP1905

For Well DWMP1905, drilling shall proceed to a depth of 1.0m above the proposed target depth whereupon the waste arisings shall be checked for the presence of any engineered lining material. Should no such material be identified, drilling will recommence and proceed in 300mm increments to the target depth, with the waste arisings being checked following each increment. In the event that any engineered lining material is identified, the CQA Inspector shall inform the Main Contractor and request confirmation on how to proceed with the well installation.

2.3 Over-Drill Remediation Procedure

In the unlikely event of a borehole being drilled through the entire depth of waste and into the underlying basal liner, the liner shall be resealed in accordance with the procedure enclosed in Appendix 3 of this document, as supplied by the Drilling Sub Contractor.

In the event of such an incident occurring, the Main Contractor shall inform the Permit Holder immediately who will then inform the Agency. The Main Contractor, in conjunction with the CQA Inspector, shall also compile an incident report identifying the cause of the over drill.

2.4 Abandoning Boreholes

If a well being drilled to uncapped waste is abandoned for any reason, to prevent oxygen ingress into the site the well will be backfilled with gravel or other loose material and a 3.0m fully hydrated bentonite seal to ground level. The Main Contractor will be informed of any wells which are to be abandoned and shall liaise with the Site Permit Holder to establish a new location for the well(s). The Site Permit Holder shall then undertake the required review and checks of the proposed well location and depth data to establish the revised proposed drill depth. The data approved by the Site Permit Holder will then be passed on to the Agency for their review and approval.

Following approval of the revised drill location and depth data by both the Site Permit Holder and the Agency, the information is to be supplied to the Main Contractor for passing on to the Drilling Contractor and CQA Inspector. The new location is to be surveyed in line with Section 1.3 prior to drilling being undertaken.

Where the well is drilled to an area of capped waste, the capping system will be repaired to prevent ingress of oxygen/water into the waste mass and egress of pollutants from the waste mass. Repairs shall be undertaken in accordance with the CQA Plan for the original Capping Works. Details of any repairs shall be included within the CQA Report, or within a subsequent CQA Report where conditions do not allow repairs to be undertaken prior to the submission of the Drilling CQA Report, as to be instructed by the Main Contractor.

3.0 GAS WELL INSTALLATION

3.1 Pipework Specification

The gas well shall consist of a Butt Fused SDR 11 HDPE pipe. The diameter of the HDPE pipe shall be 160mm (as detailed in Table 2 above), solid for the upper section; the remainder of the pipework length shall be perforated.

The welding shall be carried out by suitably qualified personnel from the Welding Sub Contractor, as appointed by the Main Contractor. Copies of the personnel's training certification shall be provided to the Main Contractor prior to the works for their review, with copies forwarded to the CQA Inspector for inclusion within the CQA Report.

The Welding Sub Contractor shall provide certification detailing the following:

- The Welding Training provider;
- Confirmation that the training provider is independent from the welding equipment supplier;
- Evidence of attendance on the training course and provision of the tests undertaken;
- Expiry date of training/evidence that the individual(s) have undergone training within 4 years of the start of the works to ensure awareness of any changes to developments within the field.

A fully automatic butt fusion welding machine shall be used which shall:

- automate trimming of pipe faces;
- automate determination of drag forces during all stages of jointing process;
- automate incorrect heater temperature lock out;
- automate heater plate ejection;
- automate bead formation control;
- warn of and record incomplete cooling times.

In addition, the machine shall be capable of recording and storing weld specific parameters such as heater temperature, bead pressure, heat soak time, fusion pressure and actual and target cooling times. It shall also record the date, time, operator and joint number. This data shall be retrievable by a data capture unit and a digital copy supplied to the CQA Inspector; where a digital copy cannot be provided, a hard copy shall be supplied.

Records of any butt fusion welding carried out (or electro fusion welding, where this is carried out) shall be included within the CQA Report along with the welding equipment details.

The lower section of the HDPE gas well pipework shall be perforated and fitted with a securely fastened push fit end cap.

Gravel Pack

The annulus between the HDPE pipe and waste will be filled with clean 20–40 mm non-calcareous stone to a minimum depth below ground level as listed in Table 2; the remaining length of the annulus will be grouted using hydrated bentonite.

The gas well installation shall also be carried out in accordance with drawing reference SD.INF.002, as enclosed within Appendix 1 of this CQA Plan.

3.2 HDPE Pipe Installation

If the HDPE pipe does not achieve the target level, it shall be removed, the hole bailed and dipped by the Drilling Sub Contractor and the depths confirmed by the CQA Inspector. The casing will be re-inserted to the required depth as detailed in Section 2.2 above.

Gravel Pack

The well casing shall be centred within the borehole and clean 20–40 mm non-calcareous stone shall be slowly introduced into the annulus between the well casing and borehole sides. The Drilling Sub Contractor shall place the gravel pack (consisting of only clean material) to a sufficient depth below ground level to allow for the installation of the hydrated bentonite seal to a depth as listed in Table 2 above or as otherwise amended by the Main Contractor. Only clean stone is to be used in the installation works.

An assessment of the theoretical volume of stone to be placed to well installations is shown in Table 2 and is equivalent to the volume of the annulus between the pipework and the borehole side. The CQA Inspector shall record the amount of stone installed to each well on his daily report sheets to allow for comparison to the theoretical installation volume, based on the achieved drill depth.

The CQA Inspector shall monitor the stone installation at each well to ensure that bridging has not occurred; as part of this process, rods shall be placed into the annulus during stone placement to agitate the gravel to reduce the risk of bridging.

Bentonite Seal

Prior to the installation of the bentonite seal, two bags of dry bentonite shall be inserted into the annulus by the Drilling Sub Contractor to provide a blinding layer and reduce the risk of downward movement of the hydrated bentonite.

A bentonite seal shall be formed above the stone placed (i.e. above the clean 20-40mm stone) by installation of a fully hydrated bentonite slurry to the annulus; the bentonite slurry shall be prepared using bentonite powder outside of the annulus. The hydrated mixture shall generally consist of 2-3 bags of bentonite powder mixed with approximately 150 litres of clean water prior to installation within the annulus. The process will be repeated as required to provide the required depth of seal to each well. Only clean water is to be used in the preparation of the hydrated slurry.

The bentonite slurry will be carefully poured into the annulus in accordance with the manufacturers or suppliers recommendation.

The CQA Inspector shall monitor the installation of the bentonite slurry at each well to ensure that bridging of the seal does not occur; as part of this process, rods shall be placed into the annulus during placement to agitate the bentonite (as required) to reduce the risk of bridging.

Prior to the installation of the hydrated Bentonite, at least two bags of dry bentonite shall be inserted into the borehole to form a blinding layer on top of the gravel pack to prevent downward movement of the hydrated Bentonite.

The CQA Inspector shall verify that the bentonite seal is installed as per the prescribed methods above and that it forms a suitable seal with the surrounding strata.

No borehole shall be left open over the weekend period or overnight as stated in Section 2.2 above.

Additional Items

On completion of the installation, headworks will be installed in accordance with accepted site procedures.

Datum levels and co-ordinate location is to be taken on top of each of the HDPE pipes upon completion.

Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

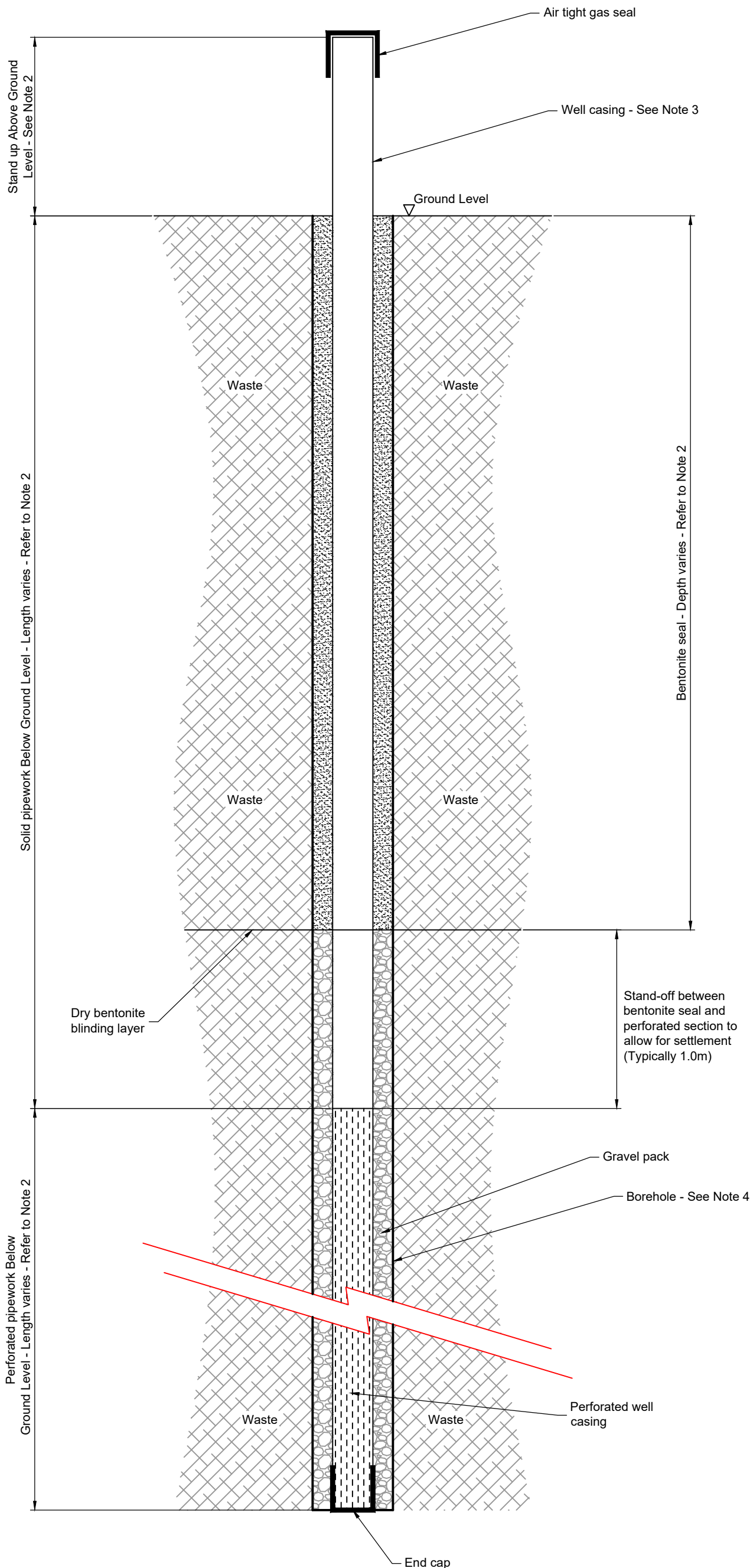
Docks Way Landfill Site

Retro Drilling of Gas Wells

Construction Quality Assurance Plan

Appendix 1 – Drawings

Detail B: Gas Extraction Well for Waste Profile



Notes

1. Do not scale from this drawing.
2. For details of pipework installation lengths etc. Refer to Tables 1 and 2 of the approved CQA Plan.
3. Well casing diameter to be confirmed prior to start of works (Refer to the latest approved CQA Plan).
4. Borehole to be constructed in accordance with the latest approved CQA Plan requirements.

Rev	Modifications	By	Chk	App	Date
-----	---------------	----	-----	-----	------

Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

Gas Well Standard Detail

Gas Extraction Well Detail for
Waste Profile

Drawn by DMD	Checked by RF	Approved by RF
-----------------	------------------	-------------------

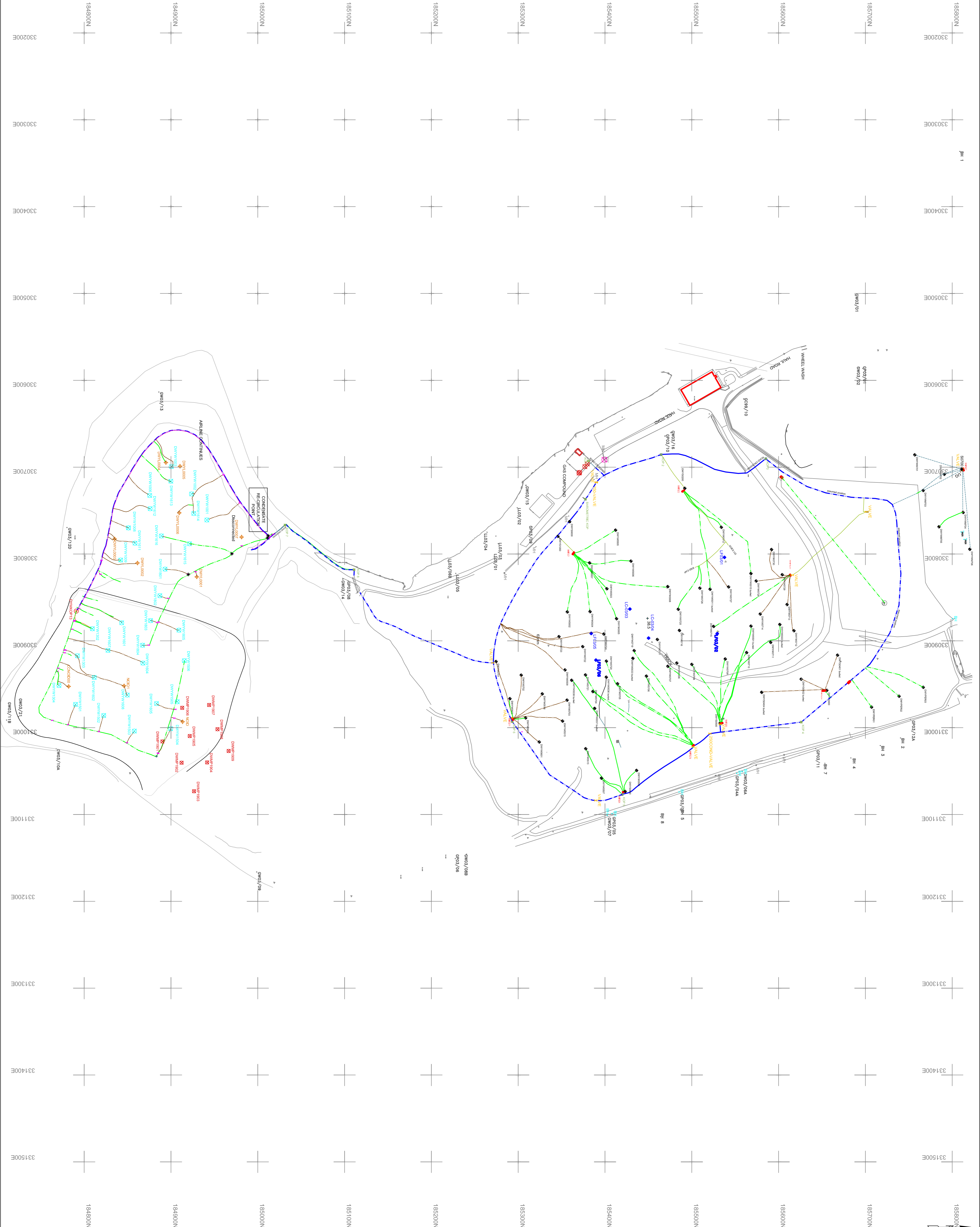
Date 23.02.2015	Scale @ A3 Not To Scale	Revision F
--------------------	----------------------------	---------------

Issue	Information
-------	--------------------

Drawing Number	SD.INF.002
----------------	------------

**ENGINEERING
ENVIRONMENTAL
HEALTH & SAFETY**





LEGEND

- Monitoring Points**
- Landfill Gas Monitoring Borehole
 - ⊙ Landfill Gas Surface Monitoring Point
 - ⊞ Combined Gas Counterflow Monitoring Point
 - ⊞ Gas Flare Stack
 - ⊞ Landfill Gas Extensoid/ Leachate Monitoring Point
 - ⊞ Condensate Unit (Knock-out Pot)
 - ⊞ Groundwater Monitoring Borehole
 - ⊞ Groundwater Pumping Point
 - ⊞ Surface Water Monitoring Point
 - ⊞ Leachate Collection Point
 - ⊞ Leachate Monitoring Point
 - ⊞ Leachate Recirculation Point
 - ⊞ Valve
 - ⊞ Strategic Monitoring Point
- Gas Wells**
- Gas Well 630
 - Gas Well 600
 - Gas Well 1105
 - Gas Well 1200
 - Gas Well 1600
 - Gas Well 1800
 - Gas Well 2250
 - Gas Well 2500 >
 - Proposed Gas Well
 - ⊞ Underground / Assumed Gas Well
- Infrastructure Pipework**
- Above ground Pipe**
 - 32mm Gas Pipe
 - 50mm Gas Pipe
 - 63mm Gas Pipe
 - 90mm Gas Pipe
 - 110mm Gas Pipe
 - 125mm Gas Pipe
 - 150mm Gas Pipe
 - 180mm Gas Pipe
 - 200mm Gas Pipe
 - 250mm Gas Pipe
 - 280mm Gas Pipe
 - 315mm Gas Pipe
 - 350mm Gas Pipe
 - 400mm Gas Pipe
 - 450mm Gas Pipe
 - 500mm Gas Pipe
 - 650mm Gas Pipe
 - Underground Pipe**
 - 32mm Gas Pipe
 - 50mm Gas Pipe
 - 63mm Gas Pipe
 - 90mm Gas Pipe
 - 110mm Gas Pipe
 - 125mm Gas Pipe
 - 150mm Gas Pipe
 - 180mm Gas Pipe
 - 200mm Gas Pipe
 - 250mm Gas Pipe
 - 280mm Gas Pipe
 - 315mm Gas Pipe
 - 350mm Gas Pipe
 - 400mm Gas Pipe
 - 450mm Gas Pipe
 - 500mm Gas Pipe
 - 650mm Gas Pipe
 - Air and Discharge Pipe
 - Discharge Pipe
 - Condensate Pipe
 - Leachate Recirculation Pipe
 - Assumed Pipe

NOTES:

- All dimensions are in metres unless otherwise stated.
- All survey coordinates related to this plan are coordinate system - positions and heights.
- For construction and ground levels of proposed and existing features refer to:
 1. Proposed and existing site plans.
 2. Proposed and existing site levels.
 3. For ground levels and top of pipe at all levels please refer to the appropriate:
 4. Background mapping (aerial photography - 1:25000).
 5. Background mapping (aerial photography - 1:50000).
 6. Background mapping (aerial photography - 1:100000).
- Background mapping (aerial photography - 1:25000).
- Background mapping (aerial photography - 1:50000).
- Background mapping (aerial photography - 1:100000).

THIS INFORMATION SHOULD BE RECORDED AS ACCURATE AND SHOULD BE USED FOR QUANTITY PURPOSES ONLY.

Client: **UTEC**
 Project: **INF-DOCKSWAY-GS-Q2B**
 Drawing No: **GS-Q2B-001**
 Drawing Title: **Proposed Wells Plan**

No.	Description	By	CHKD	Date

Drawn By: A.K. Date: 19/12/2018
 Check By: T.R. Date: 19/12/2018
 Scale: 1:2000 Sheet Size: A1

infinitis
 400 Pavilion Drive
 Northampton Business Park
 NN4 7YJ

Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

Docks Way Landfill Site

Retro Drilling of Gas Wells

Construction Quality Assurance Plan

Appendix 2 – Proposed Site Record Forms



CQA Inspector's Daily Report

Site Name:

Project:

Date	
Weather (include Wind Direction & Strength during Drilling Works)	Previous Night a.m p.m
Site Hours: Contractors Arrival Time: CQA Arrival Time: Contractors Departure Time: CQA Departure Time:	
Contractors Plant / Resources Utilised	
Contract Works Undertaken	
Testing Undertaken	
Meetings/ Correspondence	
Health and Safety	
Visitors to Site	
Issues Encountered (and Remedial Actions Taken)	
Comments	

For Egniol Environmental Ltd: _____

DRILLING REPORT					Well Number:	
CQA INSPECTOR:-					Site:	
CLIENT:					Peg Level (mAOD):	
Date:			Installation Details		Target Depth (m):	
Drilling Rig type:			Solid AGL (m):		Actual Depth (m):	
Extruder Dimensions:			Solid BGL (m):		Dip Level (mBGL):	
Auger Dimensions:			Perforated BGL (m):		Dip Level (mBGL) after 24hrs:	
Casing Dimensions:			Bentonite (m):		HDPE Casing Dimensions:	
			Gravel (m):			
Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Interval (m)	DESCRIPTION		STRATA	
			m		m	
Peg Level (mAOD)	+1.0	1	+1			
					+0.5	
	0.0	0	0			GL
0.0			0			
	1.0				0.5	
1.0		1	1			
	2.0				1.5	
2.0		1	2			
	3.0				2.5	
3.0		1	3			
	4.0				3.5	
4.0		1	4			
	5.0				4.5	
5.0		1	5			
	6.0				5.5	
6.0		1	6			
	7.0				6.5	
7.0		1	7			
	8.0				7.5	
8.0		1	8			
	9.0				8.5	
9.0		1	9			
	10.0				9.5	
10.0		1	10			
	11.0				10.5	
11.0		1	11			
	12.0				11.5	
12.0		1	12			
	13.0				12.5	
13.0		1	13			
	14.0				13.5	
14.0		1	14			
	15.0				14.5	
15.0		1	15			
	16.0				15.5	
16.0		1	16			
	17.0				16.5	
17.0		1	17			
	18.0				17.5	
18.0		1	18			
	19.0				18.5	
19.0		1	19			
	20.0				19.5	
20.0		1	20			
	21.0				20.5	
21.0		1	21			
	22.0				21.5	
22.0		1	22			
	23.0				22.5	
23.0		1	23			
	24.0				23.5	
24.0		1	24			
	25.0				24.5	
25.0		1	25			
	26.0				25.5	
26.0		1	26			
	27.0				26.5	
27.0		1	27			
	28.0				27.5	
28.0		1	28			
	29.0				28.5	
29.0		1	29			
	30.0				29.5	
30.0		1	30			
	31.0				30.5	
31.0		1	31			
	32↓				31.5	

DRILLING REPORT				Well Number:	
CQA INSPECTOR:-				Site:	
CLIENT:				Peg Level (mAOD):	
Date:		Installation Details		Target Depth (m):	
Drilling Rig type:		Solid AGL (m):		Actual Depth (m):	
Extruder Dimensions:		Solid BGL (m):		Dip Level (mBGL):	
Auger Dimensions:		Perforated BGL (m):		Dip Level (mBGL) after 24hrs:	
Casing Dimensions:		Bentonite (m):		HDPE Casing Dimensions:	
		Gravel (m):			
Depth From (m)	Depth To (m)	Interval (m)	DESCRIPTION		STRATA
			m		m
32.0		1	32		
	33.0				32.5
33.0		1	33		
	34.0				33.5
34.0		1	34		
	35.0				34.5
35.0		1	35		
	36.0				35.5
36.0		1	36		
	37.0				36.5
37.0		1	37		
	38.0				37.5
38.0		1	38		
	39.0				38.5
39.0		1	39		
	40.0				39.5
40.0		1	40		
	41.0				40.5
41.0		1	41		
	42.0				41.5
42.0		1	42		
	43.0				42.5
43.0		1	43		
	44.0				43.5
44.0		1	44		
	45.0				44.5
45.0		1	45		
	46.0				45.5
46.0		1	46		
	47.0				46.5
47.0		1	47		
	48.0				47.5
48.0		1	48		
	49.0				48.5
49.0		1	49		
	50.0				49.5
50.0		1	50		
	51.0				50.5
51.0		1	51		
	52.0				51.5
52.0		1	52		
	53.0				52.5
53.0		1	53		
	54.0				53.5
54.0		1	54		
	55.0				54.5
55.0		1	55		
	56.0				55.5
56.0		1	56		
	57.0				56.5
57.0		1	57		
	58.0				57.5
58.0		1	58		
	59.0				58.5
59.0		1	59		
	60.0				59.5
60.0		1	60		
	61.0				60.5
61.0		1	61		
	62.0				61.5
62.0		1	62		
	63.0				62.5
63.0		1	63		
	64.0				63.5
64.0		1	64		
	65.0				64.5

Infinis Energy Services Ltd.

Docks Way Landfill Site

Retro Drilling of Gas Wells

Construction Quality Assurance Plan

Appendix 3 – Dragon Drilling Basal Liner Remediation Method Statement

**CONTINGENCY ARRANGEMENTS FOR SEALING OF
CONTAINMENT ENGINEERING IN THE EVENT OF
LINER PERFORATION DURING DRILLING OPERATIONS**

Introduction

The retrodrilling of leachate wells in a landfill site will inevitably pose some risk to the containment engineering, as it is imperative that the borehole is located within the drainage layer but does not penetrate the liner. The drainage layer would normally be 300mm thick and referral to as built drawings, and survey levels should be undertaken prior to drilling operations commencing.

The method statement and environmental risk assessment contain procedures which minimise the chance of liner perforation. This document is intended to be a written contingency plan for immediate implementation should liner perforation occur.

1. Mobilisation and Setup

1.1 Prior to the commencement of drilling the following, additional, items will be located in the immediate vicinity of the drilling rig:-

- i) Bentonite, at least 4 bags
- ii) 4 bags of Portland cement
- iii) Plunger tool

2. Liner Identification

2.1 Drilling operations in the vicinity of the liner would be carried out in accordance with zone 2 or zone 3 procedures, in the method statement, as

**CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR INSITU REPAIR OF LANDFILL LINER PERFORATED
DURING DRILLING OPERATION. VERSION 18
JANUARY 2018**

agreed with the Environment Agency (EA). Consequently the Flight auger will be advanced in 300mm or 150mm increments.

- 2.2 It is anticipated that, if a FML liner has been perforated, that a section of the liner will be recovered to the surface along with waste, conditioning agent if being used and possibly clay. The material will be inspected by the Lead Driller and CQA Engineer for confirmation that the material recovered is a section of the liner.
- 2.3 If the Lead Driller and CQA Engineer are of the opinion that the material is containment engineering then drilling operations will be immediately suspended.
- 2.4 The CQA Engineer will notify the client, Dragon Drilling and the EA that there is a possibility that liner has been perforated and that the repair contingency plan has been activated.

3. Repair Contingency Plan

- 3.1 The Ø406mm steel casing will have penetrated the FML and be embedded into the underlying strata, which may be clay. The steel will form a seal with the surrounding strata, which will limit leachate migration through the perforation.
- 3.2 A bentonite/cement mix will be prepared in the bentonite mixer, comprising two bags of bentonite and two of Portland cement.
- 3.3 On completion of hydration and thorough mixing, a procedure that would normally take less than 5 minutes, the mix will be poured into the steel casing.
- 3.4 The plunger tool will be attached to the drill head using drilling rods. The plunger tool is a circular steel plate with a rubber edge seal which ensures intimate contact between the plunger tool and the wall of the steel casing. The tool has a flap valve which is closed when the tool is lowered into a liquid and opens when the tool is withdrawn.
- 3.5 By lowering the plunger tool into the steel casing, using the drill head, the bentonite/cement will be delivered directly to the perforation under pressure. This will displace any leachate contained in void spaces and enable the bentonite/cement to permeate into voids that may be present.
- 3.6 The volume of bentonite/cement added will be approximately 200ltres. The ID of the steel casing will be Ø380mm and the theoretical depth of the plug will be approximately 1.8m.

**CONTINGENCY PLAN FOR INSITU REPAIR OF LANDFILL LINER PERFORATED
DURING DRILLING OPERATION. VERSION 18
JANUARY 2018**

- 3.7 The plunger tool will then be disconnected from the drill head and the weight of the plunger tool and drilling rods will maintain pressure on the bentonite.
- 3.8 The casing connector will then be used to connect the drill head to the top of the Ø406mm steel casing. The steel casing will be withdrawn by 150mm and the bentonite will enter any voids due to pressure caused by the weight of the plunger tool.
- 3.9 After a period of 30 minutes the steel casing will be withdrawn by a further 300mm allowing the bentonite/cement plug to be in contact with the surrounding waste.
- 3.10 Depending on the amount of bentonite that has been injected into the perforation, and surrounding waste, further bentonite/cement may be added to the borehole after the plunger tool has been fully removed. The flap valve on the tool will open on the upward movement of the tool preventing a vacuum condition.
- 3.11 The steel casing will continue to be removed, in 300mm increments every 30 minutes, with the addition of further bentonite if necessary until the casing has been retracted by at least 1000mm.
- 3.12 Review of the situation will be undertaken by the client, Dragon Drilling, the CQA Engineer and the EA regarding the removal of the steel casing and addition of further bentonite and cement.

**G.K. Ellison
Dragon Drilling (Landfill) Limited
01/01/2018**

**ENGINEERING
ENVIRONMENTAL
HEALTH & SAFETY**

egniol

North Wales Office:

Llys Onnen, Ffordd y Llyn,
Parc Menai
Bangor, Gwynedd
LL57 4DF

Cheshire Office:

Suite E, West Barn
Rouge Farm, Bentley's Farm Lane
Higher Whitley, Cheshire
WA4 4QW

Southern Office:

6 Canon Harnett Court
Warren Park
Wolverton, Milton Keynes,
MK12 5NW

T: 01248 355 996

www.egniol.com