

Permit with introductory note

The Environmental Permitting (England & Wales) Regulations 2010

All Waste Services Limited

Old Sawmills Waste Transfer Station
with Treatment and Recycling Facility
The Old Sawmills
Station Road
Llangadog
Carmarthenshire
SA19 9LS

Permit number
EPR/VP3798FJ/V006

Old Sawmills Waste Transfer Station with Treatment and Recycling Facility

Permit number EPR/VP3798FJ

Introductory note

This introductory note does not form a part of the permit

The main features of the permit are as follows.

The operator is permitted to carry out a hazardous and non-hazardous waste transfer station with treatment and civic amenity site, an anaerobic digestion plant and composting facility for the processing of organic waste fraction in open windrows located in a building. The total amount of waste that can be accepted at the site shall not exceed 7,500 tonnes per year.

The composting and anaerobic activities require point source emissions monitoring from the exhaust stack and vents and composting process monitoring. Both the anaerobic digestion plant and composting facility must comply with Animal By-Products Regulations¹.

The status log of the permit sets out the permitting history, including any changes to the permit reference number.

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
Waste Management Licence EAWML 34220	11/02/04	Issued to All Waste Services Limited
EAWML 34220 modified	09/05/06	Modification to condition 6.2: records
EPR/VP3798FJ/V003 Variation determined	15/01/10	Administrative variation to amend clerical errors in the permit, to add one waste code and to revise the registered office address.
EPR/VP3798FJ/V004 Variation determined	31/12/10	Update and consolidation of the previous permit and variation. An anaerobic digestion plant and composting facility for the processing of organic waste fraction were also added to the permit. The permitted area was also increased and additional waste types added.

¹ The Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (Wales) Regulations 2011 (SI 2011 No.600 W.88)

Status log of the permit		
Description	Date	Comments
EPR/VP3798FJ/V005 Variation determined	22/09/11	Inclusion of emission limits Table 4.1 for the anaerobic digestion process. An update to Table S1.3 Pre-operational measures for future development, reference 2. The site plan has been amended to include the agreed monitoring points and the Air Form 1 has been included.
Application EPR/VP3798FJ/V006	Duly made 09/11/12	Administrative variation to correct condition numbering and add waste code 17 08 02. Update and consolidation variation was also carried out.
Variation determined EPR/VP3798FJ	28/01/13	Varied permit issued.

End of introductory note

Permit

The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

Permit number

EPR/VP3798FJ

The Environment Agency hereby authorises, under regulation 13 of the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2010

All Waste Services Limited (“the operator”)

whose registered office is

C/O Bevan & Buckland

Langdon House

Langdon Road

Swansea Waterfront

Swansea

Wales

SA1 8QY

company registration number **04359925**

to operate waste operations at

Old Sawmills Waste Transfer Station with Treatment and Recycling Facility

The Old Sawmills

Station Road

Llangadog

Carmarthenshire

SA19 9LS

to the extent authorised by and subject to the conditions of this permit.

Name

Date

Louise Wild	28/01/13
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Authorised on behalf of the Environment Agency

Conditions

1 Management

1.1 General management

- 1.1.1 The operator shall manage and operate the activities:
- (a) in accordance with a written management system that identifies and minimises risks of pollution, including those arising from operations, maintenance, accidents, incidents, non-conformances, closure and those drawn to the attention of the operator as a result of complaints; and
 - (b) using sufficient competent persons and resources.
- 1.1.2 Records demonstrating compliance with condition 1.1.1 shall be maintained.
- 1.1.3 Any person having duties that are or may be affected by the matters set out in this permit shall have convenient access to a copy of it kept at or near the place where those duties are carried out.
- 1.1.4 The operator shall comply with the requirements of an approved competence scheme.

1.2 Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities

- 1.2.1 The operator shall take appropriate measures to ensure that:
- (a) the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive is applied to the generation of waste by the activities; and
 - (b) any waste generated by the activities is treated in accordance with the waste hierarchy referred to in Article 4 of the Waste Framework Directive; and
 - (c) where disposal is necessary, this is undertaken in a manner which minimises its impact on the environment.
- 1.2.2 The operator shall review and record at least every four years whether changes to those measures should be made and take any further appropriate measures identified by a review.

2 Operations

2.1 Permitted activities

- 2.1.1 The operator is only authorised to carry out the activities specified in schedule 1 table S1.1 (the “activities”).

2.2 The site

- 2.2.1 The activities shall not extend beyond the site, being the land shown edged in green on the site plan at schedule 7 to this permit.

2.3 Operating techniques

- 2.3.1 (a) The activities shall, subject to the conditions of this permit, be operated using the techniques and in the manner described in the documentation specified in schedule 1, table S1.2, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- (b) If notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a revision of any plan specified in schedule 1, table S1.2 or otherwise required under this permit which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution relevant to that plan, and shall implement the approved revised plan in place of the original from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 2.3.2 Waste shall only be accepted if:
- (a) it is of a type and quantity listed in schedule 2 table(s) S2.1, S2.2, S2.3; and
- (b) except for household waste accepted from householders, it conforms to the description in the documentation supplied by the producer and holder.

2.4 Technical requirements

WEEE treatment

- 2.4.1 The storage (including temporary storage) and treatment of WEEE shall be carried out in accordance with the technical requirements of Annex III of the WEEE Directive.
- 2.4.2 WEEE shall be treated using best available treatment, recovery and recycling techniques (BATRRT).
- 2.4.3 As a minimum, the substances, preparations and components specified in table 2.4 shall be removed from any separately collected WEEE.

Table 2.4 Substances, preparations and components to be removed from separately collected WEEE

- Capacitors containing Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB)
- Mercury-containing components, such as switches or backlighting lamps
- Batteries
- Printed circuit boards of mobile phones generally, and of other devices if the surface of the printed circuit board is greater than 10 square centimetres
- Toner cartridges, liquid and pasty, as well as colour toner
- Plastic containing brominated flame retardants
- Asbestos waste and components which contain asbestos
- Cathode ray tubes
- Chlorofluorocarbons (CFC), hydrochlorofluorocarbons (HCFC), hydrofluorocarbons (HFC), or hydrocarbons (HC)
- Gas discharge lamps
- Liquid crystal displays (together with their casing where appropriate) of a surface greater than 100 square centimetres and all those back-lighted with gas discharge lamps
- External electric cables
- Components containing refractory ceramic fibres
- Components containing radioactive substances with the exception of components that are below the exemption thresholds set in Article 3 of and the Annex I to Council Directive 96/29/Euratom of 13 May 1996 laying down basic safety standards for the protection of the health of workers and the general public against the dangers arising from ionising radiation
- Electrolytic capacitors containing “substances of concern” (height > 25mm, diameter > 25 mm or proportionately similar volume)

2.4.4 All fluids contained within any WEEE shall be removed prior to further treatment.

2.4.5 Separately collected components of WEEE specified in table 2.5 shall be treated in accordance with the methods specified in that table.

Table 2.5 Specified Treatment Methods for separately collected components of WEEE

Component	Specified Treatment
Cathode ray tubes	The fluorescent coating shall be removed.
Gas discharge lamps	The mercury shall be removed.

2.4.6 Equipment shall be provided to record the weight of untreated WEEE accepted at, and components and materials leaving the site.

Waste battery and accumulator treatment

2.4.7 Treatment of waste batteries and accumulators must meet the minimum requirements set out in Annex III, Part A of Directive 2006/66/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on batteries and accumulators and waste batteries and accumulators and repealing Directive 91/157/EEC.

Hazardous waste storage and treatment

2.4.8 Hazardous waste shall not be mixed, either with a different category of hazardous waste or with other waste, substances or materials, unless it is authorised by schedule 1 table S1.1 and appropriate measures are taken.

2.5 Pre-operational conditions

- 2.5.1 The operations specified in schedule 1 table S1.3 shall not commence until the measures specified in that table have been completed.

3 Emissions and monitoring

3.1 Emissions to water, air or land

- 3.1.1 There shall be no point source emissions to water, air or land except from the sources and emission points listed in schedule 3 table S3.1.
- 3.1.2 The limits given in schedule 3 shall not be exceeded.

3.2 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits

- 3.2.1 Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits (excluding odour) shall not cause pollution. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved emissions management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, those emissions.
- 3.2.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an emissions management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits;
 - (b) implement the approved emissions management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 3.2.3 All liquids in containers, whose emission to water or land could cause pollution, shall be provided with secondary containment, unless the operator has used other appropriate measures to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise, leakage and spillage from the primary container.

3.3 Odour

- 3.3.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from odour at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved odour management plan, to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the odour.
- 3.3.2 The operator shall:
- (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to odour, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, an odour management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from odour;

- (b) implement the approved odour management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.4 Noise and vibration

- 3.4.1 Emissions from the activities shall be free from noise and vibration at levels likely to cause pollution outside the site, as perceived by an authorised officer of the Environment Agency, unless the operator has used appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved noise and vibration management plan to prevent or where that is not practicable to minimise the noise and vibration.
- 3.4.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency that the activities are giving rise to pollution outside the site due to noise and vibration, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a noise and vibration management plan which identifies and minimises the risks of pollution from noise and vibration;
 - (b) implement the approved noise and vibration management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.5 Pests

- 3.5.1 The activities shall not give rise to the presence of pests which are likely to cause pollution, hazard or annoyance outside the boundary of the site. The operator shall not be taken to have breached this condition if appropriate measures, including, but not limited to, those specified in any approved pests management plan, have been taken to prevent or where that is not practicable, to minimise the presence of pests on the site.
- 3.5.2 The operator shall:
 - (a) if notified by the Environment Agency, submit to the Environment Agency for approval within the period specified, a pests management plan which identifies and minimises risks of pollution from pests;
 - (b) implement the pests management plan, from the date of approval, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

3.6 Monitoring

- 3.6.1 The operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, undertake the monitoring specified in the following tables in schedule 3 to this permit:
 - (a) point source emissions specified in tables S3.1;
 - (b) process monitoring specified in table S3.2;
- 3.6.2 The operator shall maintain records of all monitoring required by this permit including records of the taking and analysis of samples, instrument measurements (periodic and continual), calibrations, examinations, tests and surveys and any assessment or evaluation made on the basis of such data.
- 3.6.3 Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring programme and the environmental or other monitoring specified in condition 3.3.1 shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), where available, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

- 3.6.4 Permanent means of access shall be provided to enable sampling/monitoring to be carried out in relation to the emission points specified in schedule 3 tables S3.1 & S3.2 unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4 Information

4.1 Records

- 4.1.1 All records required to be made by this permit shall:
- (a) be legible;
 - (b) be made as soon as reasonably practicable;
 - (c) if amended, be amended in such a way that the original and any subsequent amendments remain legible, or are capable of retrieval; and
 - (d) be retained, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, for at least 6 years from the date when the records were made, or in the case of the following records until permit surrender:
 - (i) off-site environmental effects; and
 - (ii) matters which affect the condition of the land and groundwater.
- 4.1.2 The operator shall keep on site all records, plans and the management system required to be maintained by this permit, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.2 Reporting

- 4.2.1 The operator shall send all reports and notifications required by the permit to the Environment Agency using the contact details supplied in writing by the Environment Agency.
- 4.2.2 Within one month of the end of each quarter, the operator shall submit to the Environment Agency using the form made available for the purpose, the information specified on the form relating to the site and the waste accepted and removed from it during the previous quarter.
- 4.2.3 Within 28 days of the end of the reporting period the operator shall, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency, submit reports of the monitoring and assessment carried out in accordance with the conditions of this permit, as follows:
- (a) in respect of the parameters and emission points specified in schedule 4 table S4.1;
 - (b) for the reporting periods specified in schedule 4 table S4.1 and using the forms specified in schedule 4 table S4.2 ; and
 - (c) giving the information from such results and assessments as may be required by the forms specified in those tables.

- 4.2.4 The operator shall submit to the Environment Agency a bi-annual report of the efficiency of the biofilter in the first year of compost operations. This shall include but not be limited to, the assessment of the efficiency to reduce odours, the summary of maintenance and any recommissioning planned or conducted, assessment of back pressure, venting and cracking. Thereafter the operator shall submit the report within one month of the end of each year, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

4.3 Notifications

- 4.3.1 The Environment Agency shall be notified without delay following the detection of:

- (a) any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution;
- (b) the breach of a limit specified in the permit; or
- (c) any significant adverse environmental effects.

- 4.3.2 Any information provided under condition 4.3.1 shall be confirmed by sending the information listed in schedule 5 to this permit within the time period specified in that schedule.

- 4.3.3 Where the Environment Agency has requested in writing that it shall be notified when the operator is to undertake monitoring and/or spot sampling, the operator shall inform the Environment Agency when the relevant monitoring and/or spot sampling is to take place. The operator shall provide this information to the Environment Agency at least 14 days before the date the monitoring is to be undertaken.

- 4.3.4 The Environment Agency shall be notified within 14 days of the occurrence of the following matters, except where such disclosure is prohibited by Stock Exchange rules:

Where the operator is a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's trading name, registered name or registered office address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the operator going into administration, entering into a company voluntary arrangement or being wound up.

Where the operator is a corporate body other than a registered company:

- (a) any change in the operator's name or address; and
- (b) any steps taken with a view to the dissolution of the operator.

In any other case:

- (a) the death of any of the named operators (where the operator consists of more than one named individual);
- (b) any change in the operator's name(s) or address(es); and
- (c) any steps taken with a view to the operator, or any one of them, going into bankruptcy, entering into a composition or arrangement with creditors, or, in the case of them being in a partnership, dissolving the partnership.

- 4.3.5 Where the operator proposes to make a change in the nature or functioning, or an extension of the activities, which may have consequences for the environment and the change is not otherwise the subject of an application for approval under the Regulations or this permit:

- (a) the Environment Agency shall be notified at least 14 days before making the change; and
- (b) the notification shall contain a description of the proposed change in operation.

4.4 Interpretation

- 4.4.1 In this permit the expressions listed in schedule 6 shall have the meaning given in that schedule.
- 4.4.2 In this permit references to reports and notifications mean written reports and notifications, except where reference is made to notification being made “without delay”, in which case it may be provided by telephone.

Schedule 1 - Operations

Table S1.1 activities

	Description of activities for waste operations	Limits of activities
A1- Waste transfer station and civic amenity site	R3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents (including composting and other biological transformation processes)	Treatment shall be limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - sorting - shredding - separation - screening - repackaging
	R4 Recycling/reclamation of metals and metal compounds	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - cutting - heating - mixing - maceration.
	R5 Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials	Maximum storage capacity shall not exceed 200 tonnes at any one time.
	R13 Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R 1 to R 12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)	Secure storage of wastes listed in table S2.1.
	D15 Storage pending any of the operations numbered D 1 to D 14 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)	<p>The capacity of the site for hazardous waste subject to a R5 activity shall not exceed 10 tonnes per day.</p> <p>Storage and treatment of wastes listed in Table S2.1.</p>

Table S1.1 activities

	Description of activities for waste operations	Limits of activities
A2-AD Plant	<p>R1 Use principally as a fuel or other means to generate energy</p> <p>R3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents (including composting and other biological transformation processes)</p> <p>R13 Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R 1 to R 12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced)</p> <p>D10 Incineration on land</p>	<p>All wastes shall be stored and treated on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage, surrounded by a bund capable of holding 110% of the total leakage volume.</p> <p>Digestate shall be stored within covered containers or covered lagoons and should be of a design and capacity fit for purpose.</p> <p>Treatment of waste including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shredding; - Sorting; - Screening; - Compacting; - Bailing; - Mixing; - Hydrolysis and; - Maceration. <p>Digestion of waste including pasteurisation and chemical addition.</p> <p>Treatment of digestate including screening to remove plastic residues, centrifuge or pressing, addition of thickening agents (polymers) or drying.</p> <p>The following wastes shall not be subject to the Anaerobic Digestion process unless they conform to BS EN 13432:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 07 02 13- waste plastic; - 15 01 01- paper and cardboard packaging; - 15 01 02- plastic packaging and; - 15 01 05- composite packaging. <p>The maximum throughput of animal waste shall be less than 10 tonnes per day.</p> <p>Storage and treatment of wastes listed in Table S2.2.</p> <p>Gas storage and drying prior to combustion in a spark ignition gas engine.</p> <p>The use of combustible gases produced as a by-product of the anaerobic digestion process as fuel.</p> <p>Gas cleaning by biological or chemical scrubbing.</p> <p>Use of an auxiliary flare required only for short periods of breakdown or maintenance of facility.</p> <p>The aggregate rated thermal input of all appliances used to burn biogas shall be less than 3 megawatts.</p> <p>All biogas condensate shall be discharged into a sealed drainage system.</p> <p>Gas engine stack height shall be no less than 3 meters.</p>

Table S1.1 activities

	Description of activities for waste operations	Limits of activities
A3-Composting Facility	R5 Recycling/reclamation of other inorganic materials	Treatment shall consist of composting and maturation of biodegradable wastes in open windrows.
	R3 Recycling/reclamation of organic substances which are not used as solvents (including composting and other biological transformation processes)	The storage, physical treatment and composting of wastes shall take place on an impermeable surface with sealed drainage system. The storage, physical treatment and composting of wastes shall take place in a building connected to a bio-filter and/or scrubbing system.
	R13 Storage of waste pending any of the operations numbered R 1 to R 12 (excluding temporary storage, pending collection, on the site where the waste is produced).	The maturation of wastes shall take place in a building connected to a bio-filter and/or scrubbing system, or in windrows located either indoors or outdoors. The storage, physical treatment, composting and maturation of wastes under anaerobic conditions shall be prevented, or where that is not practicable, minimised. Physical treatment, composting and maturation of the types of waste listed in Table S2.3.

Table S1.2 Operating techniques

Description	Parts	Date Received
Guidance Note EPR 1 How to Comply With Your Environmental Permit	All	n/a
Hybrid anaerobic Digestion Facility Management Plan	All	19/08/10
Site layout plan- showing AD plant and composting activities	All	19/08/10
H1 Environment Risk Assessment	All	01/09/10
Odour and Bioaerosols Management Plan	All	11/10/10

Table S1.3 Pre-operational measures for future development

	Operation	Pre-operational measures
1	Composting	<p>The operator shall:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ensure that a sealed drainage system is in place; • submit proposed emission limit values; • Details of the type and frequency of the monitoring to be undertaken. • Revised animal waste procedures are to be agreed in advance of operation with the Animal Health Authorities to ensure that any waste controlled by The Animal By-Products (Enforcement) (Wales) Regulations 2011 (SI 2011 No.600 W.88) be treated and handled in accordance with any requirements imposed by those regulations. <p>This shall be agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.</p>

Schedule 2 - Waste types, raw materials and fuels

Table S2.1 Waste types and quantities - waste transfer station and civic amenity site

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year

EWC	Description
01	WASTES RESULTING FROM EXPLORATION, MINING, QUARRYING, AND PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL TREATMENT OF MINERALS
01 01	wastes from mineral excavation
01 01 02	wastes from mineral non-metalliferous excavation
01 04	wastes from physical and chemical processing of non-metalliferous minerals
01 04 08	waste gravel and crushed rocks other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
01 04 09	waste sand and clays
01 04 10	dusty and powdery wastes other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
01 04 11	wastes from potash and rock salt processing other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
01 04 12	tailings and other wastes from washing and cleaning of minerals other than those mentioned in 01 04 07 and 01 04 11
01 04 13	wastes from stone cutting and sawing other than those mentioned in 01 04 07
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 04	waste plastics (except packaging)
02 01 10	waste metal
03	WASTES FROM WOOD PROCESSING AND THE PRODUCTION OF PANELS AND FURNITURE, PULP, PAPER AND CARDBOARD
03 01	wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture
03 01 01	waste bark and cork
03 01 05	sawdust, shavings, cuttings, wood, particle board and veneer other than those mentioned in 03 01 04
03 03	wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing
03 03 01	waste bark and wood
03 03 08	wastes from sorting of paper and cardboard destined for recycling
03 03 10	fibre rejects, fibre-, filler- and coating-sludges from mechanical separation
04	WASTES FROM THE LEATHER, FUR AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES
04 01	wastes from the leather and fur industry
04 01 08	waste tanned leather (blue sheetings, shavings, cuttings, buffing dust) containing chromium
04 01 09	wastes from dressing and finishing
04 02	wastes from the textile industry
04 02 21	wastes from unprocessed textile fibres
04 02 22	wastes from processed textile fibres
07	WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES
07 02	wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres
07 02 13	waste plastic
07 02 17	wastes containing silicones other than those mentioned in 07 02 16
09	WASTES FROM THE PHOTOGRAPHIC INDUSTRY
09 01	wastes from the photographic industry
09 01 07	photographic film and paper containing silver or silver compounds
09 01 08	photographic film and paper free of silver or silver compounds
09 01 10	single-use cameras without batteries
09 01 12	single-use cameras containing batteries other than those mentioned in 09 01 11

Table S2.1 Waste types and quantities - waste transfer station and civic amenity site

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year quantity

10	WASTES FROM THERMAL PROCESSES
10 11	wastes from manufacture of glass and glass products
10 11 03	waste glass-based fibrous materials
10 11 12	waste glass other than those mentioned in 10 11 11
10 12	wastes from manufacture of ceramic goods, bricks, tiles and construction products
10 12 08	waste ceramics, bricks, tiles and construction products (after thermal processing)
10 12 12	wastes from glazing other than those mentioned in 10 12 11
10 13	wastes from manufacture of cement, lime and plaster and articles and products made from them
10 13 01	waste preparation mixture before thermal processing
10 13 04	wastes from calcination and hydration of lime
10 13 10	wastes from asbestos-cement manufacture other than those mentioned in 10 13 09
10 13 11	wastes from cement-based composite materials other than those mentioned in 10 13 09 and 10 13 10
12	WASTES FROM SHAPING AND PHYSICAL AND MECHANICAL SURFACE TREATMENT OF METALS AND PLASTICS
12 01	wastes from shaping and physical and mechanical surface treatment of metals and plastics
12 01 01	ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 03	non-ferrous metal filings and turnings
12 01 05	plastics shavings and turnings
12 01 13	welding wastes
12 01 17	waste blasting material other than those mentioned in 12 01 16
12 01 21	spent grinding bodies and grinding materials other than those mentioned in 12 01 20
13	OIL WASTES AND WASTES OF LIQUID FUELS (except edible oils, and those in chapters 05, 12 and 19)
13 01	waste hydraulic oils
13 01 05*	non-chlorinated emulsions
13 01 10*	mineral based non-chlorinated hydraulic oils
13 01 11*	synthetic hydraulic oils
13 01 12*	readily biodegradable hydraulic oils
13 01 13*	other hydraulic oils
13 02	waste engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 04*	mineral-based chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 05*	mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 06*	synthetic engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 07*	readily biodegradable engine, gear and lubricating oils
13 02 08*	other engine, gear and lubricating oils
15	WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
15 01	packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)
15 01 01	paper and cardboard packaging
15 01 02	plastic packaging
15 01 03	wooden packaging
15 01 04	metallic packaging
15 01 05	composite packaging
15 01 06	mixed packaging
15 01 07	glass packaging
15 01 09	textile packaging
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Table S2.1 Waste types and quantities - waste transfer station and civic amenity site

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year

15 02	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing
15 02 03	absorbents, filter materials, wiping cloths and protective clothing other than those mentioned in 15 02 02
16	WASTES NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED IN THE LIST
16 01	end-of-life vehicles from different means of transport (including off-road machinery) and wastes from dismantling of end-of-life vehicles and vehicle maintenance (except 13, 14, 16 06 and 16 08)
16 01 03	end-of-life tyres
16 01 12	brake pads other than those mentioned in 16 01 11
16 01 17	ferrous metal
16 01 18	non-ferrous metal
16 01 19	plastic
16 01 20	glass
16 06	batteries and accumulators
16 06 01*	lead batteries
16 06 02*	Ni-Cd batteries
16 06 03*	mercury-containing batteries
16 06 04	alkaline batteries (except 16 06 03)
16 06 05	other batteries and accumulators
17	CONSTRUCTION AND DEMOLITION WASTES (INCLUDING EXCAVATED SOIL FROM CONTAMINATED SITES)
17 01	concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics
17 01 01	concrete
17 01 02	bricks
17 01 03	tiles and ceramics
17 01 06*	mixtures of, or separate fractions of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics containing dangerous substances
17 01 07	mixtures of concrete, bricks, tiles and ceramics other than those mentioned in 17 01 06
17 02	wood, glass and plastic
17 02 01	wood
17 02 02	glass
17 02 03	plastic
17 02 04*	glass, plastic and wood containing or contaminated with dangerous substances
17 04	metals (including their alloys)
17 04 01	copper, bronze, brass
17 04 02	aluminium
17 04 03	lead
17 04 04	zinc
17 04 05	iron and steel
17 04 06	tin
17 04 07	mixed metals
17 04 11	cables other than those mentioned in 17 04 10
17 05	soil (including excavated soil from contaminated sites), stones and dredging spoil
17 05 04	soil and stones other than those mentioned in 17 05 03
17 05 08	track ballast other than those mentioned in 17 05 07
17 06	insulation materials and asbestos-containing construction materials
17 06 01*	insulation materials containing asbestos
17 06 05*	construction materials containing asbestos
17 08	gypsum-based construction material
17 08 02	gypsum-based construction materials other than those mentioned in 17 08 01

Table S2.1 Waste types and quantities - waste transfer station and civic amenity site

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year

17 09 other construction and demolition wastes

17 09 04 mixed construction and demolition wastes other than those mentioned in 17 09 01, 17 09 02 and 17 09 03

19 WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE

19 12 wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified

19 12 01 paper and cardboard

19 12 02 ferrous metal

19 12 03 non-ferrous metal

19 12 04 plastic and rubber

19 12 05 glass

19 12 06* wood containing dangerous substances

19 12 08 textiles

19 12 09 minerals (for example sand, stones)

19 12 10 combustible waste (refuse derived fuel)

19 12 12 other wastes (including mixtures of materials) from mechanical treatment of wastes other than those mentioned in 19 12 11

20 MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS

20 01 separately collected fractions (except 15 01)

20 01 01 paper and cardboard

20 01 02 glass

20 01 10 clothes

20 01 11 textiles

20 01 13* solvents

20 01 14* acids

20 01 15* alkalines

20 01 17* photochemicals

20 01 19* pesticides

20 01 21* fluorescent tubes and other mercury-containing waste

20 01 23* discarded equipment containing chlorofluorocarbons

20 01 26* oil and fat other than those mentioned in 20 01 25

20 01 27* paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing dangerous substances

20 01 28 paint, inks, adhesives and resins other than those mentioned in 20 01 27

20 01 29* detergents containing dangerous substances

20 01 30 detergents other than those mentioned in 20 01 29

20 01 31* cytotoxic and cytostatic medicines

20 01 32 medicines other than those mentioned in 20 01 31

20 01 33* batteries and accumulators included in 16 06 01, 16 06 02 or 16 06 03 and unsorted batteries and accumulators containing these batteries

20 01 34 batteries and accumulators other than those mentioned in 20 01 33

20 01 35* discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21 and 20 01 23 containing hazardous components (6)

20 01 36 discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than those mentioned in 20 01 21, 20 01 23 and 20 01 35

20 01 37* wood containing dangerous substances

20 01 38 wood other than that mentioned in 20 01 37

20 01 39 plastics

20 01 40 metals

Table S2.1 Waste types and quantities - waste transfer station and civic amenity site

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year

20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)
20 02 02	soil and stones
20 02 03	other non-biodegradable wastes
20 03	other municipal wastes
20 03 03	street-cleaning residues
20 03 07	bulky waste

Table S2.2 Waste types and quantities- anaerobic digestion plant

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year

EWC	Description
02	WASTES FROM AGRICULTURE, HORTICULTURE, AQUACULTURE, FORESTRY, HUNTING AND FISHING, FOOD PREPARATION AND PROCESSING
02 01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
02 01 01	sludges from washing and cleaning
02 01 02	animal-tissue waste
02 01 03	plant-tissue waste
02 01 06	animal faeces, urine and manure (including spoiled straw), effluent, collected separately and treated off-site
02 01 07	wastes from forestry
02 01 99	wastes not otherwise specified- residues from commercial mushroom cultivation
02 02	wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin
02 02 01	sludges from washing and cleaning
02 02 02	animal-tissue waste
02 02 03	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 02 04	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
02 02 99	wastes not otherwise specified- Sludges from gelatine production OR animal gut content
02 03	wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing; conserve production; yeast and yeast extract production, molasses preparation and fermentation
02 03 02	wastes from preserving agents
02 03 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 03 05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
02 03 99	wastes not otherwise specified- sludge from production of edible fats and oils OR seasoning residues, molasses residues OR residues from production of potato, corn or rice starch
02 04	wastes from sugar processing
02 04 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
02 04 99	wastes not otherwise specified- other biodegradable wastes
02 05	wastes from the dairy products industry
02 05 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 05 02	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
02 06	wastes from the baking and confectionery industry
02 06 01	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 06 03	sludges from on-site effluent treatment

Table S2.2 Waste types and quantities- anaerobic digestion plant

Maximum quantity	The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year
02 07	wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)
02 07 01	wastes from washing, cleaning and mechanical reduction of raw materials
02 07 02	wastes from spirits distillation
02 07 04	materials unsuitable for consumption or processing
02 07 99	wastes not otherwise specified- spent grains, hops and whisky filter sheets and cloths.
04	WASTES FROM THE LEATHER, FUR AND TEXTILE INDUSTRIES
04 02	wastes from the textile industry
04 02 10	organic matter from natural products (for example grease, wax)
19	WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE
19 02	wastes from physico/chemical treatments of waste (including dechromatation, decyanidation, neutralisation)
19 02 10	combustible wastes other than those mentioned in 19 02 08 and 19 02 09
19 05	wastes from aerobic treatment of solid wastes
19 05 01	non-composted fraction of municipal and similar wastes
19 05 02	non-composted fraction of animal and vegetable waste
19 05 03	off-specification compost
19 06	wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste
19 06 03	liquor from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
19 06 04	digestate from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
19 06 05	liquor from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste
19 06 99	wastes not otherwise specified- digestate from on-site AD plant only
19 08	wastes from wastewater treatment works
19 08 09	grease and oil mixture from oil/water separation containing only edible oil and fats
19 08 12	sludges from biological treatment of industrial waste water other than those mentioned in 19 08 11
19 12	wastes from the mechanical treatment of waste (for example sorting, crushing, compacting, pelletising) not otherwise specified
19 12 07	wood other than that mentioned in 19 12 06
20	MUNICIPAL WASTES (HOUSEHOLD WASTE AND SIMILAR COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL AND INSTITUTIONAL WASTES) INCLUDING SEPARATELY COLLECTED FRACTIONS
20 01	separately collected fractions (except 15 01)
20 01 08	biodegradable kitchen and canteen waste
20 01 25	edible oil and fat
20 02	garden and park wastes (including cemetery waste)
20 02 01	biodegradable waste
20 03	other municipal wastes
20 03 01	mixed municipal waste
20 03 02	waste from markets

Table S2.3 Waste types and quantities- composting facility

Maximum quantity The total quantity of waste accepted at the site shall be less than 7,500 tonnes a year

Exclusions

Wastes having any of the following characteristics shall not be accepted:

- Consisting solely or mainly of dusts, powders or loose fibres
- Catering waste and other wastes containing animal by-products covered by the Animal By-Products Regulations 2005 and The Animal By-Products (Wales) Regulations 2006.
- Wastes that are in a form which is liquid
- Hazardous wastes

EWC Description

19	WASTES FROM WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITIES, OFF-SITE WASTE WATER TREATMENT PLANTS AND THE PREPARATION OF WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION AND WATER FOR INDUSTRIAL USE
19 06	wastes from anaerobic treatment of waste
19 06 03	liquor from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
19 06 04	digestate from anaerobic treatment of municipal waste
19 06 05	liquor from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste
19 06 06	digestate from anaerobic treatment of animal and vegetable waste
19 06 99	wastes not otherwise specified- digestate from on-site AD plant only

Schedule 3 – Emissions and monitoring

Table S3.1 Point source emissions to air – emission limits and monitoring requirements for Anaerobic Digestion plant

Emission point ref. & location	Parameter	Source	Limit (including unit)	Reference period	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method
Monitoring Point A	Oxides of Nitrogen	CHP exhaust stack	500 mg/Nm ³	Hourly mean	Annual monitoring	BS ES 14792: 2005
	Carbon Monoxide		1400 mg/Nm ³			ISO 12039: 2001
	Sulphur Dioxide		350 mg/Nm ³			BS EN 14791: 2005
	Total VOCs including methane		1000 mg/Nm ³			BS EN 12619: 1999
						BS EN 13526: 2002
						Or as agreed in writing with the Environment Agency ¹
Monitoring Point B	Oxides of Nitrogen	Pressure relief valve	No set limit	None specified	None specified	None specified
	Carbon Monoxide					
	Total VOCs including methane					

Emission limits for the gas engines are based on normal (N) operating conditions and load (temperature: 0°C (273K); pressure: 101.3kPa and oxygen: 5% (dry gas)).

Monitoring equipment, techniques, personnel and organisations employed for the emissions monitoring program (including measurement of exhaust gas temperatures) shall have either MCERTS certification or MCERTS accreditation (as appropriate), unless otherwise agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

¹The Monitoring standard or method shall be carried out as detailed in TGN M2: Monitoring of stack emissions to air or as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency.

Table S3.2 Process monitoring requirements for composting facility

Emission point reference or source or description of point of measurement	Parameter	Monitoring frequency	Monitoring standard or method	Other specifications
Internal monitoring for each windrow and for any sample of waste or compost.	Temperature	None specified	Thermocouple probe	Monitoring equipment shall be available on-site and used as required to ensure compliance with this permit.
	Moisture	None specified	Moisture meter or moisture touch test	

Schedule 4 - Reporting

Parameters, for which reports shall be made, in accordance with conditions of this permit, are listed below.

Table S4.1 Reporting of monitoring data

Parameter	Emission or monitoring point/reference	Reporting period	Period begins
Emissions to air Parameters as required by condition 3.6.1 (a)	Stacks on engines	Every 12 months	22/09/11

Table S4.2 Reporting forms

Media/parameter	Reporting format	Date of form
Air	Form air 1 or other form as agreed in writing by the Environment Agency	22/09/11

Schedule 5 - Notification

These pages outline the information that the operator must provide.

Units of measurement used in information supplied under Part A and B requirements shall be appropriate to the circumstances of the emission. Where appropriate, a comparison should be made of actual emissions and authorised emission limits.

If any information is considered commercially confidential, it should be separated from non-confidential information, supplied on a separate sheet and accompanied by an application for commercial confidentiality under the provisions of the EP Regulations.

Part A

Permit Number	
Name of operator	
Location of Facility	
Time and date of the detection	

(a) Notification requirements for any malfunction, breakdown or failure of equipment or techniques, accident, or emission of a substance not controlled by an emission limit which has caused, is causing or may cause significant pollution

To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Date and time of the event	
Reference or description of the location of the event	
Description of where any release into the environment took place	
Substances(s) potentially released	
Best estimate of the quantity or rate of release of substances	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop any emission	
Description of the failure or accident.	

(b) Notification requirements for the breach of a limit

To be notified within 24 hours of detection unless otherwise specified below	
Emission point reference/ source	
Parameter(s)	
Limit	
Measured value and uncertainty	
Date and time of monitoring	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to stop the emission	

Time periods for notification following detection of a breach of a limit	
Parameter	Notification period

(c) Notification requirements for the detection of any significant adverse environmental effect	
To be notified within 24 hours of detection	
Description of where the effect on the environment was detected	
Substances(s) detected	
Concentrations of substances detected	
Date of monitoring/sampling	

Part B - to be submitted as soon as practicable

Any more accurate information on the matters for notification under Part A.	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to prevent a recurrence of the incident	
Measures taken, or intended to be taken, to rectify, limit or prevent any pollution of the environment which has been or may be caused by the emission	
The dates of any unauthorised emissions from the facility in the preceding 24 months.	

Name*	
Post	
Signature	
Date	

* authorised to sign on behalf of the operator

Schedule 6 - Interpretation

“Accident” means an accident that may result in pollution.

“Annex I” means Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Annex II” means Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Application” means the application for this permit, together with any additional information supplied by the operator as part of the application and any response to a notice served under Schedule 5 to the EP Regulations.

“Authorised officer” means any person authorised by the Environment Agency under section 108(1) of The Environment Act 1995 to exercise, in accordance with the terms of any such authorisation, any power specified in section 108(4) of that Act.

“best available treatment, recovery and recycling techniques” shall have the meaning given to it in the document published jointly by the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs, the Welsh Assembly Government and the Scottish Executive on 27th November 2006, entitled “Guidance on Best Available Treatment, Recovery and Recycling Techniques (BATRR) and Treatment of Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE);

“Building” means a construction that has the objective of providing sheltering cover and minimising emissions of noise, particulate matter, odour and litter.

“Compost” means solid particulate material that is the result of composting, which has been *sanitised* and *stabilised*, and which confers beneficial effects when added to soil, used as a component of growing media or used in another way in conjunction with plants.

“Composting” means the biological decomposition of organic materials, under conditions that are predominantly aerobic and that allow the development of thermophilic temperatures as a result of biologically produced heat.

“controlled substances” means chlorofluorocarbons, other fully halogenated chlorofluorocarbons, halons, carbon tetrachloride, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, methyl bromide, hydrobromofluorocarbons and hydrochlorofluorocarbons listed in Annex I of Regulation (EC) No 2037/2000 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 June 2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, including their isomers, whether alone or in a mixture, and whether they are virgin, recovered, recycled or reclaimed. This definition shall not cover any controlled substance which is in a manufactured product other than a container used for the transportation or storage of that substance, or insignificant quantities of any controlled substance, originating from inadvertent or coincidental production during a manufacturing process, from unreacted feedstock, or from use as a processing agent which is present in chemical substances as trace impurities, or that is emitted during product manufacture or handling.

“D” means a disposal operation provided for in Annex I to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits” means emissions of substances to air, water or land from the activities, either from the emission points specified in schedule 3 or from other localised or diffuse sources, which are not controlled by an emission or background concentration limit..

“Emissions to land” includes emissions to groundwater.

“EP Regulations” means The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations SI 2010 No.675 and words and expressions used in this permit which are also used in the Regulations have the same meanings as in those Regulations.

“Hazardous waste” has the meaning given in the Hazardous Waste (England and Wales) Regulations 2005 No.894, the Hazardous Waste (Wales) Regulations 2005 No. 1806 (W.138), the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005 No.895 and the List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005 No. 1820 (W.148).

“Industry Standard Protocol” means “A standardised protocol for the monitoring of bioaerosols at open composting facilities” published by the Association for Organics Recycling and developed in conjunction with the Environment Agency

“Maturation” means a stage when by agitating and turning the compost it no longer results in reheating and the monitored temperature falls to ambient without the compost being too dry or anaerobic. Phytotoxins that are formed during the 'active' composting phase are metabolised by micro-organisms, which will result in the final material not being harmful to plants. This usually coincides with drop in pH toward neutral, and the conversion of ammonia into nitrates and recolonisation of beneficial micro-organisms. The maturation phase may need active management by turning to prevent the material becoming anaerobic.

“MCERTS” means the Environment Agency’s Monitoring Certification Scheme.

“Nearest sensitive receptors” means the nearest place to the composting operations where people are likely to be for prolonged or frequent periods. This term would therefore apply to dwellings (including any associated gardens) and to workplaces where workers would frequently be present. It does not apply to the operators of composting facilities or their staff while carrying out the composting operation as their health is covered by Health and Safety legislation.

“ozone-depleting substances” *“ODS”* means “controlled substances” contained in refrigeration, air-conditioning and heat pump equipment, equipment containing solvents, fire protection systems and fire extinguishers.

“Quarter” means a calendar year quarter commencing on 1 January, 1 April, 1 July or 1 October.

“R” means a recovery operation provided for in Annex II to Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“Waste code” means the six digit code referable to a type of waste in accordance with the List of Wastes (England) Regulations 2005, or List of Wastes (Wales) Regulations 2005, as appropriate, and in relation to hazardous waste, includes the asterisk.

“Waste Framework Directive” or *“WFD”* means Waste Framework Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council on waste.

“WEEE” means waste electrical and electronic equipment.

“WEEE Directive” means Directive 2002/96/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27th January 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE) as amended by Directive 2003/108/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8th December 2003 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE).

“Year” means calendar year ending 31 December.

Schedule 7 - Site plan



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END OF PERMIT

Permit Number: VP3798FJ

Operator: All Waste Services Limited

Facility: Old Sawmills Waste Transfer Station with Treatment

Form Number: Air1 / 22/09/11

Reporting of emissions to air for the period from DD/MM/YYYY to DD/MM/YYYY

Emission Point	Substance / Parameter	Emission		Reference Period	Result ^[1]	Test Method ^[2]	Sample Date and Times ^[3]	Uncertainty ^[4]
		Limit Value						
Biogas engine exhaust. Monitoring point A	Oxides of Nitrogen	500 mg/m ³	Hour mean					
	Carbon monoxide	1400 mg/m ³	Hour mean					
	Sulphur dioxide	350 mg/m ³	Hour mean					
	Total volatile organic compounds including methane	1000 mg/m ³	Hour mean					
	Non methane volatile organic compounds	75 mg/m ³	Hour mean					
	Exhaust temperature at engine exit	Min of 200°C						
Biogas boiler exhaust. Monitoring point B	Oxides of nitrogen	No limit set	None set					

- [1] The result given is the maximum value (or the minimum value in the case of a limit that is expressed as a minimum) obtained during the reporting period, expressed in the same terms as the emission limit value. Where the emission limit value is expressed as a range, the result is given as the 'minimum – maximum' measured values.
- [2] Where an internationally recognised standard test method is used the reference number is given. Where another method that has been formally agreed with the Environment Agency is used, then the appropriate identifier is given. In other cases the principal technique is stated, for example gas chromatography.
- [3] For non-continuous measurements the date and time of the sample that produced the result is given. For continuous measurements the percentage of the process operating time covered by the result is given.
- [4] The uncertainty associated with the quoted result at the 95% confidence interval, unless otherwise stated.

Signed
(Authorised to sign as representative of Operator)

Date.....