

## Compliance Assessment Report CAR\_NRW0051913

**Permit being assessed:** EP3698FL.

**For:** Nantycaws H C I Transfer & Treatment Facility, **held by:** CWM Environmental Ltd

**At:** Nantycaws Landfill Site, Llanddarog Road, Nantycaws, Carmarthen, Carmarthenshire, SA32 8BG.

**Type of assessment:** Site Inspection,

**Reason:** Other.

**On:** 18/03/2026 between 11:00 and 15:15.

**Parts of permit assessed:** Composting facility.

**NRW Lead Officer:** Daniel Packer, accompanied by Lara Moggridge.

**Report sent to:** Paul Wakelin, Head of Operations, on 19/05/2026.

### 1. Summary of our findings (full details in section 4)

Part of permitted activity assessed (compliance criteria)	Assessment result	Permit condition
IR3I - Installations - Emissions and monitoring - Fire	C3 Minor	3.7.1
IR1A - Installations - Management - General Management	C3 Minor	1.1.1
IR3I - Installations - Emissions and monitoring - Fire	C3 Minor	3.7.1
IR2C - Installations - Operations - Operating techniques	Action only (X)	
IR2C - Installations - Operations - Operating techniques	Action only (X)	
IR1A - Installations - Management - General Management	Action only (X)	
IR2C - Installations - Operations - Operating techniques	Action only (X)	
IR2B - Installations - Operations - The site	Action only (X)	
IR2B - Installations - Operations - The site	Action only (X)	
IR3A(3) - Installations - Emissions and monitoring - Emissions to land	Action only (X)	

Result types are explained in more detail in the 'Important Information' section below.

Total non-compliances recorded	Total non-compliance score
3	12

How we use the non-compliance score to calculate your annual fee is explained in the 'Important Information' section below.

## 2. What action is required?

Criteria	Action needed	Complete by
IR3I	The operator is required to return the legacy green waste feedstock pile to compliance with the FPP.	12/06/2026
IR1A	Ensure green waste / legacy green waste feedstock is not stored longer than the maximum duration on the current approved SOP.	12/06/2026
IR3I	The operator must ensure that any legacy material used is suitable for the process. The operator must ensure that new green waste accepted at the site is kept separate from the legacy green waste feedstock.	12/06/2026
IR2C	The operator is to provide monitoring data to NRW, as required by permit condition 3.5 and Table S3.5 to demonstrate that the windrows are being managed to maintain aerobic conditions for the duration March, April and May 2026.	12/06/2026
IR2C	The operator is to confirm the suitability of this material for further re-composting and if not suitable, the material must be treated as a waste product and remove from site. In the event of disposal, the operator is to submit to NRW the relevant Waste Transfer Notes.	12/06/2026
IR1A	Operator is to ensure any waste produced is being is logged and disposed as per approved SOP.	12/06/2026
IR2C	The operator is to submit to NRW confirmation that these products have been re-tested and bagged with the required information prior to onward use.	12/06/2026
IR2B	Operator to submit to NRW the design and specification of the drainage ditch and bunding for approval.	12/06/2026
IR2B	Operator to submit to NRW updated complete site layout plans including drainage runs, falls, bunding, hard standings and infrastructure.	12/06/2026
IR3A(3)	The operator is to confirm the suitability of this alternative leachate removal area when compared to the purpose built leachate removal point, including measures in place to contain and manage any potential leachate spillages during transfer to the tanker. Containment system must be designed to prevent pollution during operations where hazardous liquids are handled as per CIRIA C736 guidance.	12/06/2026

Compliance criteria codes are listed in the 'Important information' section below.

### 3. What will happen next?

Any non-compliance we have identified and recorded on this form is an offence. It can result in criminal prosecution and/or suspension or revocation of your permit.

**You are non-compliant with your permit.**

**We are currently considering taking enforcement action against you for the non-compliance recorded above. We will contact you in due course.**

### 4. Details of our assessment

#### Compliance Assessment Report (CAR)

**Site:** Nantycaws Composting Facility

**Date of Inspection:** 18/03/2026

**Arrival:** 11:09 **Departure:** 15:15

**Weather:** Dry and sunny

#### Attendees

- Compost Site Manager – Cwm Environmental
- Senior Officer (Site Lead) – Natural Resources Wales
- Senior Specialist Advisor – Natural Resources Wales
- JCG Agri-Environmental Limited (Consultant for OF&G (Organic Farmers & Growers) on behalf of the certification body)

#### 1. Summary of Site Visit

An inspection of the Nantycaws composting facility, Environmental Permit EPR/EP3698FL operated by Cwm Environmental Ltd was undertaken on 18 March 2026. The inspection covered all operational areas including: incoming waste, windrows, screening, bagging operations, oversize storage, leachate lagoon, product storage areas and drainage works. A review of compost batches and visual inspection of specific stockpiles was also undertaken. Discussions were then held with the operator in the site office at the end of the visit to discuss findings and gather further information.

Compliance assessment in this report considers conditions in the permit and aspects of the SOP (v9.2) and FPP (v1.7), the latter two documents which were both approved by NRW on 5 March 2026. Further document versions were submitted to NRW on 27 March 2026 – after the date of the inspection.

Elements of onsite operations are not in compliance with the permit and supporting documents. These non-compliances relate to the legacy green waste feedstock pile; its management and use in the composting process.

## 2. Detailed Observations

### 1. Green Waste

One articulated lorry delivering fresh green waste was observed unloading during the inspection. The operator informed NRW that this was from Swansea Council and confirmed site receives approximately two articulated loads per week.

NRW inspected the load at time of unloading which contained a minor amount of contaminants including wood, a glove and bags.

Operator noted that any bags including compostable bags are not accepted on site and contaminants will be picked out by hand as being loaded into the shredder.

Operator stated at time of inspection that only Swansea Council has started green seasonal waste delivery for 2026.



*Figure 1 Photo showing fresh green waste delivery from Swansea Council.*

### 2. Legacy green waste feedstock

The inspection identified that excessive volumes of legacy green waste feedstock remain onsite. Previously issued Compliance Assessment Reports and a Regulation 36 Notice required the legacy green waste feedstock pile to be reduced in size and volume in order to return to regulatory compliance.

The operator has installed fire breaks which have broken the legacy green waste feedstock pile into blocks, however the block dimensions and size of the separation gaps do not comply with the

approved FPP or FPMP guidance, as referenced by the FPP. Estimated distances between the blocks range from approx. 1m-2m (compared to the minimum of 6m), and in some cases waste has collapsed into the spaces between.

This is a breach of permit condition 3.7.1 which states:

*“The operator shall manage and operate the activities in accordance with a written fire prevention plan using the current, relevant fire prevention and mitigation plan guidance.”*

This breach has been assigned a non-compliance category of C3 under compliance criteria IR3IC Fire.

During the site inspection the operator produced a current site layout plan depicting the division of the legacy green waste feedstock into four blocks and stated that they are processing one block at a time and are currently halfway through a block, with an estimated three and a half blocks remaining.

The operator estimated that it would take three to four months to finish processing all of the old waste, subject to weather conditions. NRW hold concerns over this timescale, and the fact that previously provided timescales for returning to compliance have failed to be achieved.



Figure 2 Photo showing large volume of old green waste stockpile.

**Action:** The operator is required to return the legacy green waste feedstock pile to compliance with the FPP.

The approved version of the SOP states that green waste for composting will have a maximum duration of 95 days onsite before being processed. The legacy green waste feedstock pile has been present onsite for a period exceeding this timeframe.

This is a breach of permit condition 1.1.1 due to being a failure to operate activities in accordance with a document mentioned in the EMS.

This breach has been assigned a non-compliance category of C3 under compliance criteria IR1A General management.

Similarly, the FPP states under section 5.18 in relation to green waste and stockpiles that no combustible wastes are stored for more than 6 months and ordinarily no more than 3 months, amount to another breach of permit condition 3.7.1 for failing to comply with the FPP.

This breach has been assigned a non-compliance category of C3 under compliance criteria IR3I Fire.

As a result of the duration the legacy green waste feedstock pile has been onsite, NRW has concerns about the condition of the waste and its suitability as a compost feedstock. The prolonged period of storage without appropriate management we believe may have led to active decomposition which is likely to be anaerobic due to compaction, limited oxygen availability and the accumulation of moisture. As a result of this anaerobic process, the physical and biological characteristics of the material are likely to have changed, potentially inhibiting aerobic microbial activity. Consequently, NRW believe this material may not be suitable for direct use in open windrow formation intended to operate under an aerobic composting process without prior remediation or reconditioning.

Enabling anaerobic conditions to develop during any stage of the permitted operation would be a breach of condition 2.1.1 and Table S1.1 which specifically states that *the storage, physical treatment and composting of wastes under anaerobic conditions shall be prevented.*

**Action:** The operator must ensure that any legacy material used is suitable for the process.

**Action:** The operator must ensure that new green waste accepted at the site is kept separate from the legacy green waste feedstock.

### 2.3 Windrows – Shape, Height, Separation and Turning

Windrows were not observed to be consistent with the dimensions and shape as set out in the approved SOP. The square, opposed to trapezoid shape of some windrows had led in several cases to collapsed windrow sides which reduced access and fire breaks and caused cross-contamination between batches, with Batch 370 and Batch 371 visibly mixed in some areas.

The CB highlighted to the operator that the windrow size and shape appeared to be larger than the approved SOP.

Some windrows appeared green in colour, including Batch 368, which suggested insufficient turning. During further discussion in the site office, the operator provided documentation showing that turning had occurred three times in total. NRW notes that the approved SOP states turning should occur three times during stabilisation and two times during sanitation.

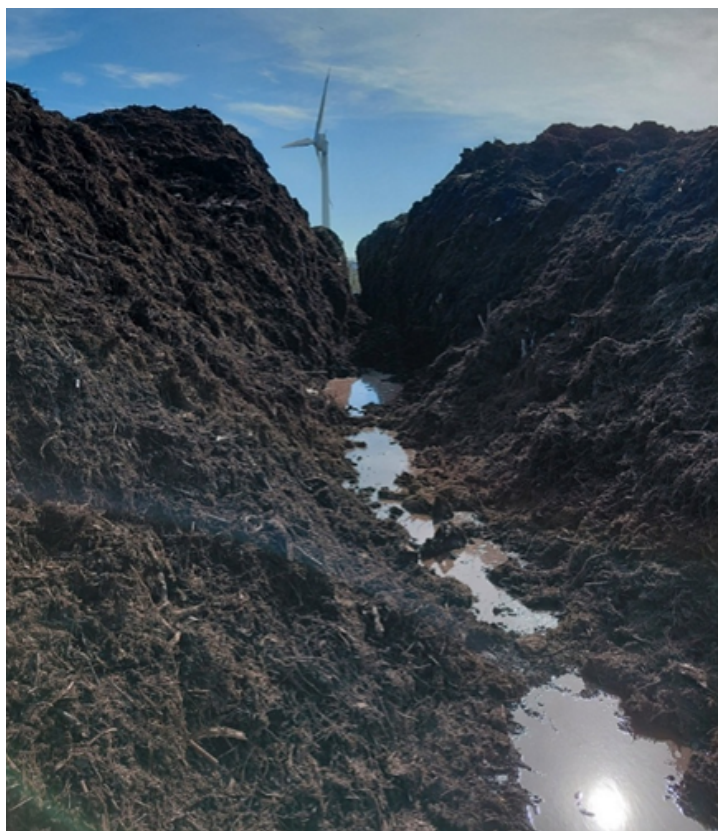
NRW also notes that the sizing of the windrows and layout currently on site may hinder access for machinery to sufficiently turn the windrow due to the limited space. The limited gaps between windrows, which are required for passive venting and reduced turning frequency may also be leading to the creation of anaerobic conditions developing within windrows.

**Action:** The operator is to provide monitoring data to NRW, as required by permit condition 3.5 and Table S3.5 to demonstrate that the windrows are being managed to maintain aerobic conditions for

the duration March, April and May 2026.



*Figure 3 Photo showing mixed batches and green algae growth on windrows suggesting insufficient turning.*



*Figure 4 Photo showing poor fire breaks between windrows, collapsed sides, rectangular shape and mixed batches.*

In the event that the windrows are not being actively managed to ensure aerobic conditions,

difficulties may be created in being able to confirm that Compost Certification Scheme rules can be met, the PAS 100 specification can be maintained, and the relevant end of waste requirements achieved. NRW has shared these concerns with the CB and is engaged in ongoing dialogue.

A failure to actively manage and appropriately monitor waste during the composting process may result in the waste involved in this process being subject to maximum pile sizes and minimum separation distances under FPMP guidance.

Additional note, currently green waste stock piles and legacy feed stock is located to the north of the concrete pad. NRW have concerns regarding the legacy feedstock and green waste stock piles potentially contaminating the active windrows and finished product located at the south of the pad. At the time of inspection, the operator confirm drainage falls of the pad run north to south. Therefore we believe that there is the potential for contamination.

#### **2.4 Screening Operations and Product Quality**

During the inspection, Batch 368 was observed being screened through two red fixed screeners. A large stockpile of oversize material was present adjacent to the fixed screeners. The operator stated this oversize material stockpile is stored on clay lined ground.

The oversize stockpile contained very high levels of plastic contamination and appeared to have been stored for a substantial period of time, as evidenced by degraded plastic and vegetation growing out of the stockpile. No traceability records were available to identify which compost batches this oversize material originated from, which the operator confirmed during discussions in the site office. As outlined during discussions with the CB representative on site, as part of requirements to meet end of waste certification there must be traceability for the oversize material as well as the other inputs.



Figure 5 Photo showing large red screener

Natural Resources Wales considers this storage arrangement to be contrary to the approved SOP, which states under section 8.1 that “*oversize material coming off the screen shall only be re-composted if visual assessment confirms that physical contaminants will not adversely affect the composting process or prevent effective control of compost quality (as stated in the quality policy). Addition of oversize material to a batch of composting material shall only be carried out when it is being formed (see SOPs section 3.4), and this shall be recorded on the 'Batch Record Sheet' for the new batch.*

*If the oversize material is too heavily contaminated for re-composting, it shall be disposed of. Its destiny shall be recorded in the Batch Appraisal record sheet.*

**Action:** The operator is to confirm the suitability of this material for further re-composting and if not suitable, the material must be treated as a waste product and remove from site. In the event of disposal, the operator is to submit to NRW the relevant Waste Transfer Notes.



*Figure 6 Photo showing large volume of plastic in oversize stockpile.*



*Figure 7 Photo showing degraded quality of plastic and growth coming out of plastics, suggesting has been stockpiled for a substantial period of time.*



*Figure 8 Further photo showing plastic and oversize stockpile.*



*Figure 9 Further photo of oversize stockpile.*

During the inspection the operator stated that plastic is being removed by hand during windrow formation and placed into hand buckets, which are then taken to the MRF (Materials Recovery Facility) for recycling, but the small quantities removed by hand are not being weighed or recorded.

**Action:** Operator is to ensure any waste produced is being is logged and disposed as per approved SOP.

Note - Operator explained there are ongoing issues with contractor producing screened material that is not to specification. Operator produced training logs for all staff operating the equipment and confirmed will arrange a further “tool box talk” with staff to ensure competency.

### 2.5 Storage Shed – Screened Compost Inspection

Two screened 10 mm compost batches were inspected:

**Batch 358-10** – observed in the storage shed, appeared acceptable on visual inspection.



*Figure 10 photo showing Batch 358-10, 10mm product in storage shed.*



*Figure 11 Photo showing shredding size of Batch 358-10, 10mm product in storage shed*

**Batch 368-10** – also observed in storage shed, did not appear to meet specification, due to the presence of large pieces of soil, branches, roots and contaminants. Material appeared visually inconsistent, suggesting it was blended from multiple batches with one side of the pile differing from the other, in size, appearance and texture.



Figure 12 Photo showing shredding side of Batch 368-10, 10mm product in storage shed.



Figure 13 Photo showing contaminants in Batch 358-10 in storage shed.



*Figure 14 Further photo showing batch 358-10.*

## **2.6 Bagged Compost Products**

In the compost storage shed, bagged compost products were presented ready for inspection. Four bags of finished product had been opened prior to the visit for the CB and NRW to inspect.

To the side and rear of the shed were large numbers of palletised and shrink-wrapped bagged compost which appeared ready for shipment off site. These pallets had no batch numbers and no guidance stickers.

The operator explained these were produced by a contractor and that all bags would need to be opened, re-tested, assigned new batch numbers and re-bagged with correct labels to comply with the Compost Certification Scheme.

**Action:** The operator is to submit to NRW confirmation that these products have been re-tested and bagged with the required information prior to onward use.



Figure 15 Photo showing shrink wrapped, palletted bagged compost being stored to rear and side of shed. No batch numbers and guidance stickers.

## 2.7 Infrastructure – New Hardstanding, Path, Drainage and Bunding

A new hardcore access path and hardstanding area have been installed to the side and rear of the shed. The operator explained the stone material used came from the stone processing area on site, and imported material from “*BT Jones and Son Quarry*”.

### Drainage Works

To the north of the compost pad, the operator has begun digging a perimeter drainage ditch, flowing to the east of the site.

Operator has also installed additional bunding at the base of the rear old feedstock pile to divert runoff.

**Action :** Operator to submit to NRW the design and specification of the drainage ditch and bunding for approval.



*Figure 16 Photo showing newly dug drainage ditch to north of compost pad.*



*Figure 17 Photo showing additional clay bunding installed to base of old green waste stockpile.*

A contractor was on site at the time of inspection installing a stone hardstanding access path to the east side of the compost pad, new drainage runs, Aco drains and kerbing.



*Figure 18 Photo showing newly installed hard standing access path to east of compost pad.*

**Action :** Operator to submit to NRW updated complete site layout plans including drainage runs, falls, bunding, hard standings and infrastructure.

## 2.8 Firewater Infrastructure

A soft firewater pipe was seen emerging from the newly compacted hardcore area adjacent to the storage shed. The pipe appeared crushed by the stone weight above it. NRW advised this was not suitable and must be replaced.

Operator stated they have a new double-skin rigid pipe ready to be installed as a replacement.



*Figure 19 Photo showing crushed fire water pipe emerging from newly installed hardstanding.*

## 2.9 Leachate Lagoon

At the time of inspection, the leachate lagoon was being emptied via tanker.

Tankering operations were taking place on the south side of the lagoon, which is not the designated, purpose-built leachate removal area.

The operator explained this was due to a levels issue within the lagoon and this location may be used in the future.

**Action :** The operator is to confirm the suitability of this alternative leachate removal area when

compared to the purpose built leachate removal point, including measures in place to contain and manage any potential leachate spillages during transfer to the tanker. Containment system must be designed to prevent pollution during operations where hazardous liquids are handled as per CIRIA C736 guidance.



*Figure 20 Photo showing southern location leachate removal being taking from.*



Figure 21 Photo showing leachate removal to tanker at southern side of leachate lagoon.

## 2.10 Equipment Status

The compost bagging machine was not operational. Operator explained the solenoid was broken and a replacement part is due to be installed tomorrow (19/03/2026).

## 2.11 Pest Activity

A large volume of flies were observed on the composting site. The flies were present only on the green waste stockpile and windrows.

## 2.12 Compost Contracts

Operator stated Swansea Council currently imports green waste to site and exports finished compost product off site for their own use and that Powys Council is in discussions with the operator for the same arrangement.

## 3. Compliance Summary

In addition to the non-compliances identified and set out in the section above a breach of permit condition 1.1 general management for failure to comply with the permit and supporting documents has been assigned a non-compliance category of C3 under compliance criteria IR1A General management.

#### 4. Summary of actions

- The operator is required to return the legacy green waste feedstock pile to compliance with the FPP.
- The operator must ensure that any legacy material used is suitable for the process.
- The operator must ensure that new green waste accepted at the site is kept separate from the legacy green waste feedstock.
- The operator is to provide monitoring data to NRW, as required by permit condition 3.5 and Table S3.5 to demonstrate that the windrows are being managed to maintain aerobic conditions for the duration March, April and May 2026.
- The operator is to confirm the suitability of the oversize stockpiled material for further re-composting and if not suitable, the material must be treated as a waste product and remove from site. In the event of disposal, the operator is to submit to NRW the relevant Waste Transfer Notes.
- Operator is to ensure any waste produced is being is logged and disposed as per approved SOP.
- The operator is to submit to NRW confirmation that bagged products above have been re-tested and bagged with the required information prior to onward use.
- Operator to submit to NRW the design and specification of the new drainage ditch and bunding installed for approval.
- Operator to submit to NRW a updated complete site layout plan including drainage runs, falls, bunding, hard standings and infrastructure.
- The operator is to confirm the suitability of the alternative leachate removal area when compared to the purpose built leachate removal point, including measures in place to contain and manage any potential leachate spillages during transfer to the tanker. Containment system must be designed to prevent pollution during operations where hazardous liquids are handled as per CIRIA C736 guidance.

If you have any queries about this report, or to discuss completion of any actions, please contact the NRW Officer named above.

## Important information

### Legal status of this report

Your permit is issued to you under the Environmental Permitting Regulations. You have a responsibility to comply with the conditions of your permit and prevent pollution/harm of the environment. You must also ensure that you comply with any other relevant legislation that may apply to your site's operations.

This report explains the findings of our assessment and any action you are required to take. We categorise non-compliance using our guidance for assessing non-compliance at regulated sites.

When we find potential non-compliance/s we will normally give you advice on how to maintain compliance.

To correct non-compliance, we may:

- require you to take specific actions
- issue a notice
- review the conditions of your permit.

Any advice and guidance we give will be without prejudice to any other enforcement response that we consider may be required.

### Assessment results and non-compliance categories (used in section 1):

Assessment result	Description
Assessed (A)	Assessed or assessed in part, no evidence of non-compliance found
Action only (X)	Action required for the permit condition assessed to avoid non-compliance. No non-compliance scored at this time
Ongoing (O)	Ongoing non-compliance, not scored

Non-compliance category	Description	Score
C1 Major	Potential to have a major, serious, persistent and/or extensive impact or effect on the environment, people and/or property	60
C2 Significant	Potential to have a significant impact or effect on the environment, people and/or property	31
C3 Minor	Potential to have a minor or minimal impact or effect on the environment, people and/or property	4
C4 No environmental impact	Non-compliance at a regulated site that cannot foreseeably have any impact on the environment, people and/or property	0.1

**How we use assessment scores**

The number and severity of non-compliances recorded in a year will affect your annual subsistence fee the following year. A non-compliance factor is added to your site's Operator Performance Risk Appraisal (OPRA) score when we calculate your fee to reflect the additional resource we use to assess permit compliance.

**If your assessment result in Section 1 is suspended, what does this mean?**

In line with our guidance, we may suspend scores for up to six months to allow time for remedial action to be taken. Suspended scores will be re-instated if the action is not completed.

**Full list of Industry compliance criteria (used in section 1 and 2):****1. Management**

- IR1A – General management
- IR1B – Finance (only applicable to Landfill)
- IR1C – Energy efficiency
- IR1D - Efficient use of raw materials
- IR1E - Avoidance, recovery and disposal of wastes produced by the activities
- IR1F - Multiple operator installations

**2. Operations**

- IR2A – Permitted activities
- IR2B – The site
- IR2C – Operating techniques
- IR2D – Technical requirements
- IR2E – Improvement programme
- IR2F – Pre-operational conditions
- IR2G – Landfill engineering (only applicable to Landfill)
- IR2H – Waste acceptance (only applicable to Landfill)
- IR2I – Leachate levels (only applicable to Landfill)
- IR2J – Closure and aftercare (only applicable to Landfill)
- IR2K – Landfill gas management (only applicable to Landfill)

**3. Emission and Monitoring**

- IR3A(1) – Emissions to water
- IR3A(2) – Emissions to air
- IR3A(3) – Emissions to land
- IR3B – Emissions of substances not controlled by emission limits
- IR3C – Odour
- IR3D – Noise and vibration
- IR3E – Monitoring
- IR3F – Pests
- IR3G – Air quality management plans
- IR3H – Monitoring for the purposes of the Industrial Emissions Directive (this heading includes Large Combustion Plants)
- IR3I – Fire

**4. Information**

- IR4A – Records
- IR4B – Reporting
- IR4C – Notification

### Enforcement response

Any non-compliance with a permit condition is an offence and we may take legal action against you. Action we take can include prosecution, serving a notice on you and/or suspension or revocation of your permit. See our Enforcement and Sanctions Guidance for further information.

### Data protection notice

You should make sure that anyone named in this report knows that the information it contains will be processed by Natural Resources Wales to fulfil its regulatory and monitoring functions and to maintain the relevant public register(s).

We may also use and/or disclose the report in connection with:

- offering or providing you with our literature or services relating to environmental matters
- consulting with the public, public bodies and other organisations (e.g. Health and Safety Executive, local authorities) on environmental issues
- carrying out statistical analysis, research and development on environmental issues
- providing public register information to enquirers
- investigating possible breaches of environmental law
- assessing customer service satisfaction and improving our service
- Freedom of Information Act or Environmental Information Regulations requests.

We may also pass it on to our agents or representatives to do these things on our behalf.

### Disclosure of information – this report will be available to view on-line

If you think this report contains commercially confidential information that should not be placed on our public register, you must contact your local Natural Resources Wales office within **fifteen working days** of receiving this report, using the contact details in the accompanying email or letter. You must give a full explanation of why it should not be added to our public register, including specifying which information is commercially confidential. We will assess your request and respond to you within twenty working days to let you know if we agree to your request.

### Disputing the Content of this Compliance Assessment Report Form

If you disagree with the content of this Compliance Assessment Report form, you should submit your concerns, in writing, to the regulating officer who issued it within **15 working days** of its issue. This will be treated as a **Stage 1 review**.

If you are not satisfied with the outcome of the stage 1 review, you may request a **Stage 2 appeal**. This request must be submitted **within 21 working days** of receiving the response from the stage 1 review.

Further details on our review and appeal process are available at: [Natural Resources Wales / Appeal a regulatory decision from Natural Resources Wales](#)

### Concerns Not Related to the Content of this Compliance Assessment Report Form

If your concerns do not relate to the content of the Compliance Assessment Report form, you should first attempt to resolve the issue with the regulating officer or their line manager.

If the issue remains unresolved, please contact our **Customer Contact Team**:

- **Telephone:** 0300 065 3000 (Monday to Friday, 09:00–17:00)
- **Email:** [enquiries@naturalresourceswales.gov.uk](mailto:enquiries@naturalresourceswales.gov.uk)

They will provide details on how to escalate your concerns through our **Complaints and Commendations procedure**.

If you are dissatisfied with our response, you may contact the **Public Services Ombudsman for Wales**:

- **Telephone:** 0300 790 0203
- **Email:** [ask@ombudsman.wales](mailto:ask@ombudsman.wales)

### **Welsh Language Standards**

We are committed to establishing Natural Resources Wales as a naturally bilingual organisation. We will provide compliance reports in your preferred language.