

**LLANDARCY TIP
RESTORATION**

**GROUND INVESTIGATION
REPORT**

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

BP the owners and operators of the Llandarcy refinery site are proposing to close the refinery site and the Tip area, so that it can be incorporated in to the Llandarcy Urban Village project. As part of this process a ground investigation was carried out to provide information on the subsurface sequence with in situ geotechnical testing and geotechnical laboratory testing to provide design parameters.

18 No. cable percussion boreholes were drilled to depths of between 2.0 and 26.4m. The results of the ground investigation confirm the findings of the previous environmental investigations, with the boreholes proving a sub-surface sequence comprising the following:

- Made Ground derived from the refinery operations;
- Bog Sequence - Peat Deposits,
- Bog Sequence - Organic Clays, Sands and Gravels,
- Glacial Till,

The Peat was not found in all of the boreholes and was estimated to have an extent predominantly confined to the central area of the site.

Settlement of the peat is likely to be limited due to pre-consolidation caused by the existing thickness of fill within the Tip area. Calculations have indicated that whilst settlements of up to 500mm may still be expected within the peat, this is around 50% of the settlement that might be expected for virgin peat. Similar reductions in the overall settlement of the soft organic clay deposits can be expected. Settlements within the Glacial deposits have been calculated to be of the order of 10mm.

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. General

URS Corporation Ltd (URS) has been appointed by BP Oil – Llandarcy Refinery Ltd (BPLR) to investigate the ground conditions within the Llandarcy Refinery Tip Area (The Tip). The findings presented in this report are based upon URS proposal PRO 3037328 dated 11th October 2006 as authorised by BPLR.

The aim of this report is to provide information on the likely behaviour of the soils both during and after redevelopment of the Tip, as a recreational area, within the proposed Llandarcy Urban Village development.

1.2. Background

URS has produced an overall strategy document that proposes measures that will enable BPLR to ultimately surrender its waste management licence for the area known as the Tip. Also, the long-term aim is for the Tip to be turned into a recreational area that can be incorporated into the overall development plans for the Llandarcy Urban Village. As a result the restoration plan will result in a landform that is suitable for the overall regeneration scheme, as envisaged within the Llandarcy Remedial Action Plan (2000)⁽¹⁾.

*Final
landform*

Llandarcy Urban Village will comprise residential dwellings and commercial properties, educational, health care, community and neighbourhood facilities with a variety of public open spaces and infrastructure including drainage, highways and associated services. It has been estimated that the Urban Village would take approximately 20 years to implement, with completion around 2027.

The restored Tip area is also expected to contain important stormwater management features to support the infrastructure within the Urban Village.

Within the Tip Closure Strategy Report a number of tasks were recommended to lead towards ultimate closure:

- Tip Closure
Strategy
Report
Looked at*
1. Site investigation to support design of the final Tip profile;
 2. Development of the design of the final Tip profile;
 3. Preparation of tender documents and procurement support to select a contractor to place materials, arising from the Area 1 development within the refinery site, into the Tip;
 4. Site supervision during emplacement of fill materials.

This report covers item 1 above, an intrusive ground investigation, which includes a summary of the ground investigation findings, information on the subsurface sequence and in situ geotechnical properties and the results of the geotechnical testing.

1.3. Location

BP's Llandarcy Oil Refinery is located between the towns of Neath and Swansea in South Wales and is situated approximately 0.5 km to the south of Junction 43 of the M4 motorway.

The Tip is located on the western side of the refinery site, with its centre at approximate OS National Grid reference 270400, 195500. It is bounded to the north and west by Crymlyn Bog, which has been designated a Special Area of Conservation (SAC), to the south by the refinery tank farm and to the east by the main site of the former refinery.

The Tip location is shown on Figure 1.

1.4. Site History

The Tip area has historically contained a series of natural ponds and lagoons, including South Bay and the Crymlyn Bog Lagoon to the south of the area, with higher ground towards the north of the site. The layout of the Tip is shown on Figure 2 and photographs of the Tip area are included on Figure 3. There has been an industrial presence around Crymlyn Bog since the 1700's, most notably mining operations for coal and iron. The Refinery was opened in 1921 and waste has been deposited in the Tip area since then.

Following the enactment of the Deposit of Poisonous Wastes Act 1972, waste disposal was controlled by an annual "season ticket," issued by Neath Rural District Council. This permit allowed the deposition of non-notifiable waste, oil contaminated waste, oily sludge, pyrophoric material, asbestos, and sanitary waste, excluding septic tank waste.

In 1977 BPLR were granted a new licence to operate the Crymlyn Tip by Neath Borough Council. This licence incorporated the requirements of the Control of Pollution Act 1974 and covered the disposal of asbestos, boiler cleanings, oil sludges, bitumens and waxes, ion exchange resin, spent clay, pyrophoric material and contaminated debris. Additional sites within the tip for the disposal of asbestos were introduced in 1984 and 1988.

In 1985, BPLR consolidated production to lubricants and special products only, resulting in a short-term increase in waste disposal due to demolition. The reduction in operations led to a significant decrease in waste disposal.

No waste has been deposited within the Tip since November 1999 and the site was declared non operational in July 2001.

The landform created by the waste disposal operations is not currently suitable as a recreational area. To create an acceptable landform, meeting all the environmental and aesthetic criteria, it is proposed to landscape the area with imported fill material.

2. GEOLOGY

The 1:50,000-scale geological sheet for the area (247 – Swansea), published by the British Geological Survey (BGS), indicates that the area around Crymlyn Bog comprises peat deposits overlying The Upper and Lower Pennant Sandstones of the Upper Coal Measures. To the north and east of the site, undifferentiated Glacial Drift Deposits have been recorded overlying the Upper Coal Measures strata.

The area is shown as being extensively faulted and the strata are shown dipping to the north and north-west at between 22° and 30°.

The Regional Geological Memoir for South Wales⁽²⁾ describes the peat sequence, as proved in Crymlyn Bog, as showing a transition through different climatic phases and spanning an interval of around 8000 years. The youngest peat, over 6.0m thick and around 6.0m above present sea-level, started forming around 3000 years ago. Figure 4 shows a vertical representation of the submerged peat series for Crymlyn Bog, which indicates the South Wales coast has subsided by approximately 25m, coincident with the sea-level rise at the end of the last ice-age.

The Tip Closure and Strategy Report (2006), summarises the geology at the site, which was encountered during the previous investigations. It indicates that the natural strata beneath the site comprise peat overlying silty, sometimes sandy, clay (the "bog sequence"), which is underlain by sand, gravel and cobbles overlying the Pennant Sandstone bedrock.

The Made Ground, including the lagoon deposits, which comprises ash, clinker and other placed fill materials, overlie the peat.

An extract of BGS Sheet 247 is included as Figure 5.

Summary
of Site
Geology

3. GEOTECHNICAL CONSIDERATIONS

In 2006, URS produced a Tip Closure Strategy Report, which states:-

"A restoration plan is needed for the Tip because its current topography and layout is not appropriate as a long-term stable landform to contain the deposited wastes and control and direct rainwater run-off. Engineering work is needed to provide

- (i) long-term slope stability,
- (ii) containment of deposited wastes including hazardous materials,
- (iii) a surface water drainage system and,
- (iv) a restoration profile that fits with the surrounding landscape.

As part of this restoration and landscaping there is the opportunity to derive ecological benefit from the Tip area.

It is understood from BP that there is currently no planning permission associated with the Tip and therefore no restoration profile other than that loosely described in the Waste Management Licence. It is BP's intention to apply for planning permission from the Local Authority in order to agree the final restoration profile and works are on-going relating to this and the final design for the Tip."

Based upon the geology of the area and the proposed works, there are a number of geotechnical issues that must be addressed during the ground investigation and design.

- i) Potential consolidation of the materials in the base of the Tip,
- ii) Potential secondary compression of the peat and organic clay layers,
- iii) Stability of existing steep slopes,
- iv) Acceptability of imported fill material,
- v) Short term stability of excavations,
- vi) The effect of settlement on the hydrocarbon drainage system and the attenuation ponds,
- vii) In situ permeability of the material – both placed and in situ,
- viii) Consideration of potential long-term developments on the site, such as the Urban Village.

Intend to get final restoration profile from LAA in planning!

4. PROPOSED WORKS

The restoration of the Tip will take place in conjunction with a series of measures to control and contain the movement of existing contaminants. Poor quality backfill or settlement of the underlying geological strata could seriously compromise this system, with failure resulting in contaminant leakage.

It is understood that around 60,000 m³ of fill material will be needed to landscape the Tip to meet the requirements envisaged in the Llandarcy Remedial Action Plan (RAP), issued in 2000. The proposed landform is a gently convex area with surface drainage system that is generally directed towards South Bay.

Material has been identified within other areas of the wider Llandarcy regeneration scheme and it is intended to utilise this material, within the Tip area, as it becomes available. Therefore the restoration of the Tip is dependent upon the progress of these other areas of re-development, which is currently anticipated over a two to three year period.

The additional loading due to the filling operations may cause large settlements in the underlying strata, which may result in an unacceptably uneven ground surface profile, with an increased risk to the public using the area.

Large settlements could also make access difficult for maintenance of the contamination interceptor system and at worst, compromise the efficiency of the system.

5. GROUND INVESTIGATION

5.1. Scope of Works

With reference to the identified geotechnical issues at the Tip, it was proposed to carry out a series of cable percussion boreholes across the site. The locations were agreed on site, taking into account problems with access, the proposed works and health and safety issues.

The investigation comprised 18 no. boreholes to a maximum depth of 26.4m, with representative samples taken during the borehole operations being sent for laboratory testing. The following sample types were taken during the investigation.

- Small disturbed samples,
- Bulk disturbed samples,
- Undrained (U100) samples in cohesive material,
- Standard Penetration Test (SPT) in granular material,

The frequency of sampling was carried out in accordance with Thomas Telford's "Site Investigation in Construction Part 3: Specification for Ground Investigation"⁽³⁾.

5.2. Fieldwork

The ground investigation was carried out by Soil Mechanics Limited (SML) between 14th May 2007 and 27th June 2007. The investigation comprised 18 No. cable percussion boreholes, sunk to depths of between 2.00m and 26.00m, located within the former Tip area. Two boreholes, BH10 and BH11, were not undertaken due to access problems with the sludge pits.

At the time of tender, the site was classified as RED in accordance with Thomas Telford's "Site Investigation in Construction Part 4: Guidelines for the Safe Investigation by Drilling of Landfills and Contaminated Land"⁽⁴⁾.

Drawing No. 44382540/GI/3035/01 indicates the locations of the boreholes. Figures 6 and 7 show the borehole locations superimposed on aerial photographs of the site.

Each borehole commenced with a machine dug inspection pit, excavated to a depth of 1.5m, in compliance with BPLR requirements. All boreholes were logged by SML in accordance with BS 5930 (1999)⁽⁵⁾. On completion, each borehole was sealed with bentonite to 1.0m above the base of the Made Ground and then backfilled with arisings.

Groundwater strikes recorded during the boring process are included in Table 1.

To enable future product recovery from the site, 100mm diameter plastic well screens were installed in selected boreholes upon completion. Table 1 indicates the installation depths of the well screens.

Table 1: Well Installation and Groundwater Depths

Hole	Depth to Groundwater Strike (mbgl)	Depth of Well Screen (mbgl)	Comments
BH1	Not Encountered	4.3	
BH2	1.1m	6.0	
BH3	7.0	6.0	
BH5	4.3/8.8	13.0	2 strikes
BH6	2.8/9.1	6.5	2 strikes
BH7	13.1	8.5	
BH8	Not Encountered	6.0	
BH9	0.70	4.5	
BH12	7.10/12.30	-	2 strikes
BH13	5.20	-	
BH14	2.20	-	
BH15	7.70	-	
BH16	0.70	4.0	
BH17	10.40	-	
BH18	7.0	6.0	
BH19	9.30/10.90	-	2 strikes
BH20	0.40	4.0	

The pipes were left uncovered with their threads exposed, so that additional lengths of pipe could be added during the placement of the fill to re-profile the Tip. The annulus around the pipe was backfilled with a gravel filter to 0.5m below ground level and sealed with grout to ground level.

Copies of the borehole logs are included in Appendix A.

5.3. Laboratory Testing

Laboratory testing was scheduled on representative soil samples by URS and undertaken by SML in general accordance with BS 1377:1990.

The following laboratory testing was carried out.

13 No. natural moisture content determinations in accordance with BS 1377: Part 2: 1990⁽⁶⁾;

9 No. Atterberg Limit determinations in accordance with BS1377: Part 2: 1990⁽⁶⁾;

9 No. particle size distribution analyses, including sedimentation by pipette analyses in accordance with BS1377: Part 2: 1990⁽⁶⁾;

13 No. one-dimensional consolidation tests in accordance with BS1377: Part 5: 1990⁽⁷⁾.

12 No. unconsolidated undrained multistage triaxial tests in accordance with BS1377: Part 7: 1990⁽⁸⁾;

The limited numbers of samples tested was due to the heavily contaminated nature of many of the samples, as identified by SML's testing laboratory

Copies of the laboratory test results are included in Appendix B.

6. GROUND SUMMARY

This summary is based upon the conditions encountered during the ground investigation:

6.1. Geology

BGS Sheet 247 – Swansea, at 1:50,000 scale, indicates the area around Crymlyn Bog to comprise peat and other alluvial deposits overlying the Upper and Lower Pennant Sandstones of the Upper Coal Measures. To the north and east of the Tip, undifferentiated Glacial Drift Deposits have been recorded overlying the Upper Coal Measures strata.

6.2. Soil Sequence

Based on the findings of the ground investigation, the soils encountered are summarised as follows:

Strata		Description	Range of Thickness (m)
Made Ground		Mainly sandy clayey gravel with some soft gravelly clays, highly compressible peat fill, gravel sized fragments of brick and concrete, cobble sized concrete blocks, gravel and cobble size fragments of sandstone and limestone, occasional coal coke, timber	1.20 – 13.30
Crymlyn Bog Sequence	Alluvial / Peat Deposits	Soft to firm, occasionally very stiff, black and brown fibrous PEAT with many roots and rootlets.	0.70 - 2.50
		Soft to stiff dark and light grey and black organic sandy gravelly CLAY or SILT with partially decaying wood.	0.90 – 3.50
		Medium dense brown clayey slightly gravelly SAND.	0.60 – 1.50
		Medium dense brown clayey sandy sub-rounded to rounded GRAVEL.	0.50 – 1.80
Glacial Drift	Glacial Till	Stiff becoming very stiff brown mottled grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional cobbles.	0.80 - 13.90+
	Glacial Gravel	Medium dense to very dense brown and grey slightly clayey very sandy sandstone GRAVEL with occasional cobbles. Band of very dense brown slightly clayey slightly sandy slightly gravelly Sandstone COBBLES (BH6 & BH7 only).	0.60 – 5.00+

7. GROUND CONDITIONS AND MATERIAL PROPERTIES

7.1. Ground Conditions

In the following sections the material properties determined from the ground investigation, detailed in Section 5.2, are discussed.

A ground investigation, comprising 18 No. cable percussion boreholes, was carried out by SML between 14th May 2007 and 26th June 2007. Laboratory testing was scheduled on representative soil samples and carried out in general accordance with BS 1377⁽⁶⁻⁸⁾.

The boreholes indicate that the site was probably dissected by the river system that formed Crymlyn bog, within the River Tawe and River Neath drainage system. The aerial photographs and the occurrence of the peat in the boreholes, suggest the peat is not present under the whole of the tip area. This is discussed further in Section 7.3.2.

Copies of the aerial photographs and the assumed peat distribution are included as Figures 8 and 9. Figure 10 indicates the site location as potentially part of a much larger natural geographical feature.

Made Ground, comprising tipped material from the refinery operations and some excavated peat, appears to have been placed straight over the original ground profile, with no attempt to remove the existing peat or vegetation.

Below this are glacial deposits, consisting of clays and gravels, which have been heavily eroded. These are described as very stiff clay or very dense gravel. Bedrock was not proved in any of the boreholes.

7.2. Groundwater

Water was encountered in both the Made Ground and the more granular layers of the Glacial Deposits. Within the Made Ground, the water level generally remained constant or rose slightly after 20 minutes. Larger rises were noted in the granular layers of the Glacial Deposits, with BH5 encountering water at 14.2m, which rose to 4.3m after 20 minutes. Table 2 summarises the water observations, whilst the water levels are included on the borehole logs in Appendix A.

Table 2: Groundwater observations in Boreholes

BH No.	Level of strike	Level after 20 mins	Water level rise		BH No.	Level of strike	Level after 20 mins	Water level rise
2	1.10	No	-		13	5.2	No	-
5	10.8	8.8	2.0		14	2.5	2.2	0.3
	14.2	4.3	9.9		15	13.7	7.7	6.0
6	3.2	2.8	0.4		16	0.7	No	-
	11.3	9.1	2.2		17	11.6	10.4	1.2
7	13.1	No	-		18	9.5	7.0	2.5
9	1	0.7	0.3		19	9.5	9.3	0.2
12	7.4	7.1	0.3			15.7	10.9	4.8
	15.1	12.3	2.8		20	1.0	0.4	0.6

7.3. Material Properties

The following sections consider the results of the laboratory testing on the various strata and define the geotechnical parameters that will be used in the design of the proposed works.

7.3.1. Made Ground

Given the historical use of this area by the refinery, Made Ground comprises a random mixture of excavated peat, demolition waste, contaminated material, colliery spoil, china clay and coal derived from other parts of the refinery site.

SPT 'N' values ranged from 0 to 50^{*}, indicating that the strength of the material is extremely variable. The variation of SPT N value with depth for Made Ground is shown on Figure 11.

Four undrained triaxial tests were carried out on samples of the Made Ground, of which three were described as peat and the fourth as clay. The results of the triaxial tests vary between 7 kN/m² and 22 kN/m² and are included on Figure 12. These indicate the material is very soft to soft.

Laboratory testing on a single sample of clay in the Made Ground indicated a moisture content of 14%, a liquid limit of 23% and a plastic limit of 15%, with a consequent plasticity index of 8%. A Plasticity chart showing the relationship between the Liquid Limit and Plasticity Index is included as Figure 13. This indicates the sample to be low plasticity clay.

^{*} To determine the SPT N value, BS5930⁽⁵⁾ requires the SPT split spoon sampler or CPT cone in gravel, to be driven a total distance of 450mm using a 63.5kg drop weight. The number of blows is recorded for each 75mm increment. The blows for the first 150mm (seating blows) are discarded and the SPT N value is the total number of blows for the remaining 300mm. If the total blow count for this 300mm reaches 50 before full penetration is achieved, the depth of penetration is recorded.

The variation of Moisture Content, Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit with depth is plotted on Figure 14, which shows the moisture content to be slightly less than the plastic limit.

Four one-dimensional oedometer consolidation tests were carried out on samples of the Made Ground. Three one-dimensional oedometer tests on peat within the Made Ground revealed a variation in the coefficient of consolidation (c_v) over the pressure range of p_0' to $p_0' + 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$ of between 0.3 and 11.0 m^2/year . The coefficient of volume compressibility (m_v), over the same stress range, varies between 1.392 and 2.879 m^2/MN .

A single one-dimensional oedometer test on clay within the Made Ground revealed a variation in the coefficient of consolidation (c_v) over the pressure range of p_0' to $p_0' + 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$ of between 9.9 and 15.0 m^2/year . The coefficient of volume compressibility (m_v), over the same stress range, was between 0.081 and 0.278 m^2/MN . A plot of the applied load against voids ratio for all of these samples can be seen on Figure 15.

Based upon a maximum layer thickness of 1.9m within the Made Ground, it has been calculated that primary consolidation of the peat layers will be of the order of 350mm to 420mm, based upon a maximum thickness of fill to be placed of around 4.0m. In addition it has been assumed that there will be a further 75mm to 250mm associated with settlement of the clay deposits within the Made Ground. It is anticipated that these settlements will be substantially complete by the end of the three-year construction period.

Calculations on the secondary compression of the peat deposits within the Made Ground indicate a maximum settlement over a 100-year period of between 190mm and 230mm.

7.3.2. Bog Sequence - Peat Deposits

Peat was encountered in boreholes BH2, BH3, BH6, BH7, BH8, BH9, BH18 and BH19. The extent of the peat beneath the site was confirmed by studying the borehole records included within the BP Llandarcy Remedial Action Plan - Tip Closure and Completion Strategy Report produced by URS in 2006.

Figures 8 and 9 indicate the possible extent of the peat remaining under the site and superimposed on aerial photographs of the site. These indicate a reasonably widespread area of peat beneath the site. Figure 10 shows a wider aerial photograph of the Llandarcy area and indicates that the Crymlyn Bog is part of a much wider historic delta.

Standard Penetration Tests revealed SPT 'N' values of between 3 and 4. There was one result of 35, however this test penetrated an old tree branch. A plot showing the distribution of all SPT N values against depth is included as Figure 11.

The results of the unconsolidated undrained triaxial tests carried out on samples of the natural peat indicate undrained shear strengths of between 15 kN/m^2 and 34 kN/m^2 , with one anomalous of 107 kN/m^2 . These results indicate that the peat is generally very soft to soft and are included on Figure 12.

One-dimensional consolidation testing on the peat has revealed a variation in the coefficient of consolidation (c_v) over the pressure range of p_0' to $p_0' + 100 \text{ kN/m}^2$ of

between 0.48 and 12.0 m²/year, with the coefficient of volume compressibility (m_v), over the same stress range, varying between 0.496 and 2.311 m²/MN. These m_v values are slightly less than the values for peat within the Made Ground and may be as a result of initial consolidation of the layer due to the fill already tipped across the site.

Figure 15 is a plot of voids ratio against effective pressure and shows the great variability in the compressibility of the peat.

The properties of peat are dependent on a wide range of factors that tend to be localised. However, for restoration of the Tip at Llandarcy, the principal consideration will be the degree of settlement.

On loading, free water in the peat is forced out under hydrostatic pressure. Since the peat is initially quite permeable, with high moisture content, the magnitude of settlement is large whilst the period of initial settlement is very short, possibly a matter of days. After this, settlement proceeds at a much slower rate as the permeability of the peat decreases due to the large decrease in volume. During this period the additional load is transferred from the pore water to the solid peat mass.

Secondary consolidation is dependent on the type of peat, with two extreme types recognised. Amorphous peat exhibits an exponential increase in strain with incremental loading, whilst that for fibrous peat is linear. For amorphous peat the water adsorbed around the soil particles becomes highly viscous and the peat behaves more like clay with the particles blocking the vegetable fibres reducing the permeability. In fibrous peat consolidation occurs as the water in the micro-pores of the decomposing vegetation material drains extremely slowly into the macro-structure of the peat. Because of its higher permeability the rate of primary consolidation of a fine fibrous peat is higher than that of an amorphous granular peat. Examples have been given where embankments on peat have recorded continuous settlements lasting over 80 years.

Improved drainage has no beneficial effect on the rate of consolidation. This is because efficient drainage can only accelerate the completion of primary consolidation, which is completed rapidly in any case.

Using an assumed maximum layer thickness of 2.5m for natural Peat, it has been calculated that primary consolidation of the peat layers will be of the order of 340mm to 440mm, based upon a 4.0m additional thickness of fill. It is anticipated that these settlements will be complete by the end of the two to three-year construction period.

Calculations for secondary compression of natural Peat indicate ongoing settlements over a 100-year period of between 125mm and 225mm.

The effect of these settlements on the hydrocarbon drainage system and the attenuation ponds will depend on the final scheme layout. Therefore, provision should be made to allow for rapid initial consolidation and ongoing secondary compression. This consolidation may also result in the movement of contaminated water from both the Made Ground and the Peat, which may temporarily overload the system.

7.3.3. Bog Sequence - Organic Clays, Sands and Gravels

The remainder of the Crymlyn Bog sequence has an irregular occurrence across the site, possibly indicating localised erosional and depositional environments during formation.

Standard Penetration Tests were carried out in all three soil types, with SPT 'N' values for the clays of between 3 and 25, with one result of 40 possibly due to the sampler encountering wood. One test in the sand gave an SPT 'N' value of 8 and tests in the gravels indicated SPT 'N' values of between 9 and 22. The results are plotted on Figure 11.

Laboratory testing on one sample of the Bog Sequence indicated a moisture content of 21%, a liquid limit of 25% and a plastic limit of 16%, with a consequent plasticity index of 9%. The result is shown on the Casagrande chart as Figure 12 and indicates the material to be low plasticity clay.

The variation of Moisture Content, Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit with depth is included on Figure 13, which shows the moisture content to be 5% in excess of the plastic limit.

One particle size distribution, carried out on a cohesive sample of the Bog Sequence showed a material comprising 9% gravel, 35% sand, 41% silt and 15% clay. The grading curve for this sample is shown on.

Four particle size distributions carried out on samples of the Gravels have shown a variation of 10% to 26% fines (Clay and Silt combined), 27% to 58% Sand, 60% to 87% Gravel and 13% to 40% Cobbles. These grading curves are shown on Figure 16.

A single triaxial test carried out on a sample of clay from the Crymlyn Bog Sequence showed an undrained shear strength of 4 kN/m², indicating a very soft clay.

A single one-dimensional consolidation test was carried out on a sample of clay from the Crymlyn Bog Sequence and indicated a coefficient of consolidation (c_v) over the pressure range of p_0' to $p_0' + 100$ kN/m² of between 4.2 and 1.1 m²/year, with a coefficient of volume compressibility (m_v), over the same stress range, of between 1.581 and 0.693 m²/MN.

Figure 15 includes plots of voids ratio against effective pressure for the clay of the Crymlyn Bog Sequence.

The Bog Sequence has been shown to be present in varying thicknesses below the site. The variation of materials within this stratum will greatly affect the settlement likely to be expected. Consolidation calculations indicate likely settlements within the clays and silts may vary between 75mm and up to 400mm, depending upon the thickness of the material and the presence of organic material within the clay. Settlements within the gravels are likely to be small, no greater than 25mm to 50mm and it is anticipated that these will be built out during construction.

7.3.4. Glacial Till

The extent of this deposit below the site was irregular and was underlain by Glacial Gravel where it was fully penetrated. This suggests that Glacial Till was deposited after the Glacial Gravels and was partially eroded by glacial outwash or river channels.

Standard Penetration Tests carried out within the boreholes gave SPT 'N' values of between 11 and 50. A plot of SPT N value against depth is presented on Figure 11, which shows a trend of SPT 'N' value increasing with depth with occasional very high 'N' values. SPT 'N' values within the Glacial Till have been converted to undrained shear strengths, based upon the work of Stroud⁽⁹⁾, using the following formula:

$$c_u = f_1 \times N$$

where $f_1 = 5.7 \text{ kN/m}^2$, the average value for Glacial Till (Boulder Clay). This gives the undrained shear strength values of between 63 kN/m^2 and 285 kN/m^2 , indicating a firm to very stiff material. These results are plotted on Figure 17 and indicate an overall trend of increasing strength with depth.

Laboratory testing on a five samples of Glacial Till indicated moisture contents between 7.5% and 16%, liquid limits 21% and 26% and plastic limits between 13% and 17%, with a consequent plasticity index of between 6% and 9%. A Casagrande Chart is included as Figure 12 and indicates this material to be a low plasticity clay/silt.

The variation of Moisture Content, Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit with depth is plotted on Figure 13, which shows the moisture contents to be 1 to 6% less than the plastic limit.

Stroud's work on SPT N values in clays also included an assessment of the relationship between the coefficient of volume compressibility (m_v) and N values. The relationship can be estimated using the following formula:

$$m_v = 1 / (f_2 \times N)$$

where $f_2 = 450 \text{ kN/m}^2$, a lower bound value for Glacial Till (Boulder Clay), based on the low plasticity index values derived from the laboratory testing. This gives rise to a variation of the estimated coefficient of volume compressibility (m_v) of between 0.202 and 0.044 m^2/MN . A plot showing the variability of the estimated m_v values is included as Figure 18. Calculations indicate that settlements within the Glacial Till may be of the order of 50mm to 125mm.

To determine the SPT N value, BS5930⁽⁶⁾ requires the SPT split spoon sampler or CPT cone in gravel, to be driven a total distance of 450mm using a 63.5kg drop weight. The number of blows is recorded for each 75mm increment. The blows for the first 150mm (seating blows) are discarded and the SPT N value is the total number of blows for the remaining 300mm. If the total blow count for this 300mm reaches 50 before full penetration is achieved, the depth of penetration is recorded.

7.3.5. Glacial Gravel

Where found, this was towards the base of the boreholes and appears to have been derived from the Pennant Sandstone Bedrock.

Standard Penetration Tests carried out within the boreholes gave SPT 'N' values of between 13 and 50. These results are plotted on Figure 11.

Four particle size distributions carried out on samples of the Glacial Gravel have shown a variation of 3% to 20% fines (Clay and Silt combined), 4% to 44% Sand, 43% to 97% Gravel and 3% to 57% Cobbles. The grading curves for these samples are shown on Graph 21.

8. SLOPE STABILITY

8.1. Existing Slopes

There are two major earthwork slopes within the Tip Area. The first forms the northern boundary between the Tip and Crymlyn Bog, onto which the haul road into the site has been constructed. This is up to 10m above the ground level within Crymlyn Bog. The second slope is located to the north of the sludge pits, towards the eastern extent of the site. The locations of each of these two slopes can be seen on Figure 2.

8.1.1. Haul Road

Borehole 17 was drilled at the eastern end of the haul road, whilst Borehole 15 was sunk midway along the haul road, adjacent to Area 2 of the Tip (see Figure 2). The haul road embankment is vegetated and has been constructed with a slope angle of around 30°. SPT 'N' values varied between 1 and 8, with an average of around 4, which could suggest that the material was loose tipped, with little controlled compaction. However, the granular nature of the material, generally described on the borehole logs as loose slightly sandy angular fine to coarse gravel, may have a angle of internal friction of around 32° to 35° as suggested in Craig (1987)⁽¹⁰⁾. This would suggest a slope angle of around 30° may be considered as reasonably safe.

8.1.2. Sludge Pit

The slope immediately to the north of the Sludge Pits is up to 5m high, with a slope angle of between 45° and 50°. Boreholes 12 and 19 were sunk close to the crest of the slope, with Borehole 18 located at the toe of the slope. BH12 and BH19 encountered very soft to soft brown and grey sandy gravelly Clay with occasional sandstone cobbles and bands of gravel. BH18 encountered medium dense sandy gravel and cobbles overlying peat and then gravel.

Discussions on site highlighted that China Clay (kaolinite) was used in the process to 'soften' lubricating oils and the waste residue was tipped in this area. SPT 'N' values were recorded between 0 and 50, although the average value was around 8, indicating loose material. The higher 'N' values may be due to the presence of blocks and fragments of rock and concrete. The long-term stability of the slopes adjacent to the Sludge Pits is not considered to be a problem, as the filling operations within the Tip will involve placement of material against these faces. To achieve suitable compaction of the fill material, it may be necessary to bench these slope faces.

8.2. Proposed Slopes

Currently it is proposed to source some of the material for the infill operations from other parts of the Llandarcy site. However, it may be necessary to import material is imported from external sources. Based upon standard earthwork practice, it is proposed that the final finished landform should not have slopes in excess of the angles given below.

Granular – Well-Graded Class 1A	32°
Granular – Uniformly-Graded Class 1B	30°
Cohesive (Class 2)	24°

The final slope angles of the proposed landform shall be confirmed by slope stability analysis.

Topsoiling of any slopes in excess of 30° may require a proprietary retaining system in order to prevent the soil from sliding off the face.

9. ACCEPTABILITY CRITERIA

As part of the restoration process, it has been agreed with the Environment Agency, that material derived from other areas of the refinery site may be re-used within the Tip, subject to adequate treatment prior to being placed. It is estimated that approximately 10,000m³ to 15,000m³ of material will be moved from its current location using conventional earthworks processes and placed in a controlled manner in the Tip.

The material, which is believed to conform to a Class 1B uniformly graded, general granular fill material in accordance with the Specification for Highway Works (SHW)⁽¹¹⁾, will be placed in layers up to 300mm thick and compacted in accordance with the 600 Series (Earthworks) of the SHW. The total thickness of fill to be placed will be up to a maximum of four metres thick.

10. PERMEABILITY

The landfill site has no comprehensive surface drainage system and rainfall will naturally infiltrate into the sub-surface strata. The variability of the Made Ground would indicate that there is no obvious barrier to water infiltration across the site. Following discussions with the Environment Agency it was agreed that the restored surface will be permeable, so that surface water will continue to infiltrate the soft landscaped surface. This will promote the movement of free product towards recovery wells, which will be maintained post restoration, as part of the preparation for the surrender of the waste licence, whilst also allowing the gradual, long-term degradation of any hydrocarbon product contained within the Tip.

Drainage ditches are present at the margins of the landfill to direct flow into interceptor chambers prior to discharge into the Crymlyn Bog Lagoon. However, these ditches receive flow from outside the tip area, and as such contain additional hydrocarbon contamination from elsewhere on the larger refinery site.

As part of the overall restoration of the Tip the peripheral containment ditch will be replaced with a permanent structure to provide a visually acceptable passive interception feature between the Tip and Crymlyn Bog. However, improvement to the structure, including detailed design, will form part of the overall drainage strategy for the wider Llandarcy Urban Village.

11. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The results of the ground investigation confirm the findings of the previous environmental investigations, with the boreholes proving a sequence comprising the following:

- Made Ground derived from the refinery operations;
- Bog Sequence - Peat Deposits,
- Bog Sequence - Organic Clays, Sands and Gravels,
- Glacial Till,
- Glacial Gravel.

As a result of previous tipping operations across the site, a significant amount of consolidation within the natural peat is likely to have already occurred. It has been estimated that further settlements of 340mm to 440mm may occur within this layer due to the additional loading of the fill materials. In addition, secondary compression may be anticipated and is expected to last for a considerable period of time following primary consolidation phase. The magnitude of the secondary compression has been estimated at between 125mm and 225mm over the 100-year period following construction.

The ground investigation has indicated that the Made Ground also includes significant peat layers. This peat is likely to have been subjected to much lower vertical loading and therefore will have consolidated less. This was confirmed by the laboratory testing and calculations have indicated that settlements, due to the placement of fill, of 350mm to 420mm may occur in these peat layers. Secondary compression has been estimated at between 75mm and 250mm over the 100-year period following construction.

Based upon the nature of the peat, it is anticipated that the proposed timescale of 2 to 3 years for the restoration works will be sufficient for initial consolidation to have occurred. It is therefore recommended that monitoring of secondary consolidation should be carried out to assess ongoing settlements within the Tip.

Settlements are also anticipated within the remainder of the Bog Sequence and these have been estimated at between 75mm and 400mm within the clays and silts. Within the gravels, settlements of between 25mm to 50mm are anticipated.

Calculations indicate that settlements within the Glacial Till may be of the order of 50mm to 125mm. For the medium dense to dense Glacial Gravel, it has been estimated that settlements in the region of 10mm to 25mm may occur.

Within the Tip, the two major existing slopes do not exhibit any indications of current stability problems. On the north side of the site above Crymlyn Bog, the haul road is largely constructed of end-tipped colliery spoil and the side slopes are well vegetated. The slope angle of around 30° is sufficient, based upon the descriptions given on the borehole logs, to give a reasonable factor of safety against failure.

The China Clay slope above the Sludge Pit, which currently has a slope angle of around 45° to 50° is not considered to be a long term stability problem, as the filling operations will involve placement of material against these faces. To achieve suitable compaction of the fill material, it is recommended that these slope faces are benched.

The likely sources of fill from within the rest of the Llandarcy Oil Refinery site were not tested by the appointed site investigation contractor, due to concerns regarding the contamination of the samples. It is anticipated that the materials on site will conform to either a Class 1B General Granular fill or a Class 2 cohesive fill material.

However, due to the paucity of data on the likely engineering properties of the fill material, it is recommended that each source fill material brought into the Tip area from the remainder of the Llandarcy site is subject to a trial area, where the nature of the fill and the compaction requirements can be determined. All testing would have to be carried out in a laboratory that is able to carry out earthworks classification testing on potentially contaminated soil samples.

Excavations within the Made Ground are likely to be unstable and should be battered back or shored in accordance with the guidelines presented in CIRIA Report 97⁽¹²⁾. If battering to a safe angle is not possible due to space limitations, the excavation should be sheeted and propped to maintain safe working conditions.

The potentially large settlements of the strata below the Tip may have a significant effect on any hydrocarbon drainage system and the attenuation ponds. It is recommended that this system is designed to allow for potentially significant movements and is monitored throughout construction and for a significant period following completion of the work in the Tip, as 50% of the estimated secondary compression is likely occur in the 10 years following construction.

12. REFERENCES

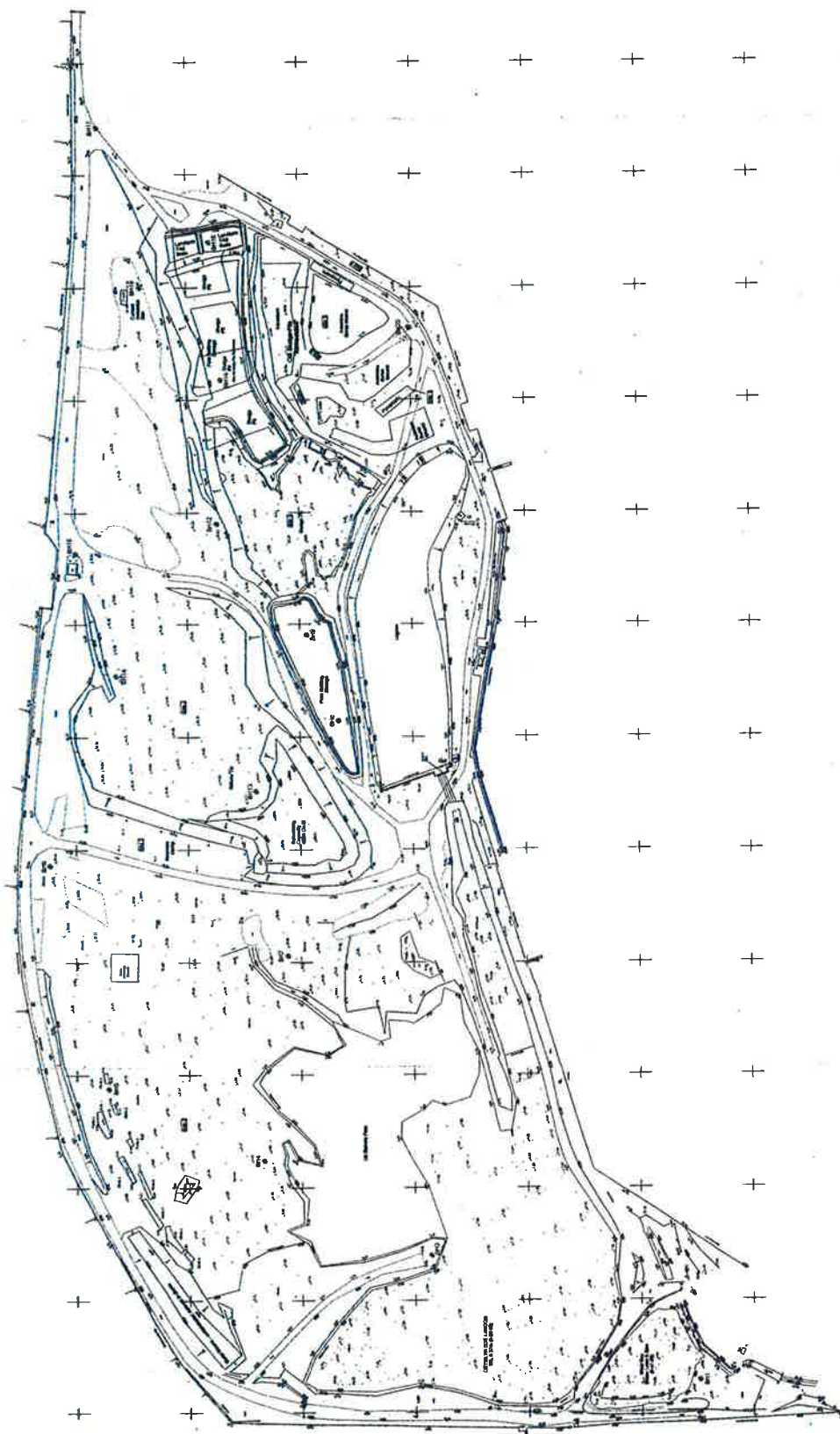
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Drawing

Notes

Site	Material
1	Clay
2	Old fields and other Contaminated Material
3	Old Storage
4	Preparation Contaminated
5	Asbestos Only Contaminated and removed with 20% asbestos content. This area is to be kept safe for 100 years only.
6	Soils
7	How this area designed to achieve this



BP Oil Llandarcy
Refinery Ltd.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS
URS

URS Limited, 10000 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 1000, Los Angeles, CA 90024

Refined

J.G.A. Nov 97

J.G.A. Nov 97

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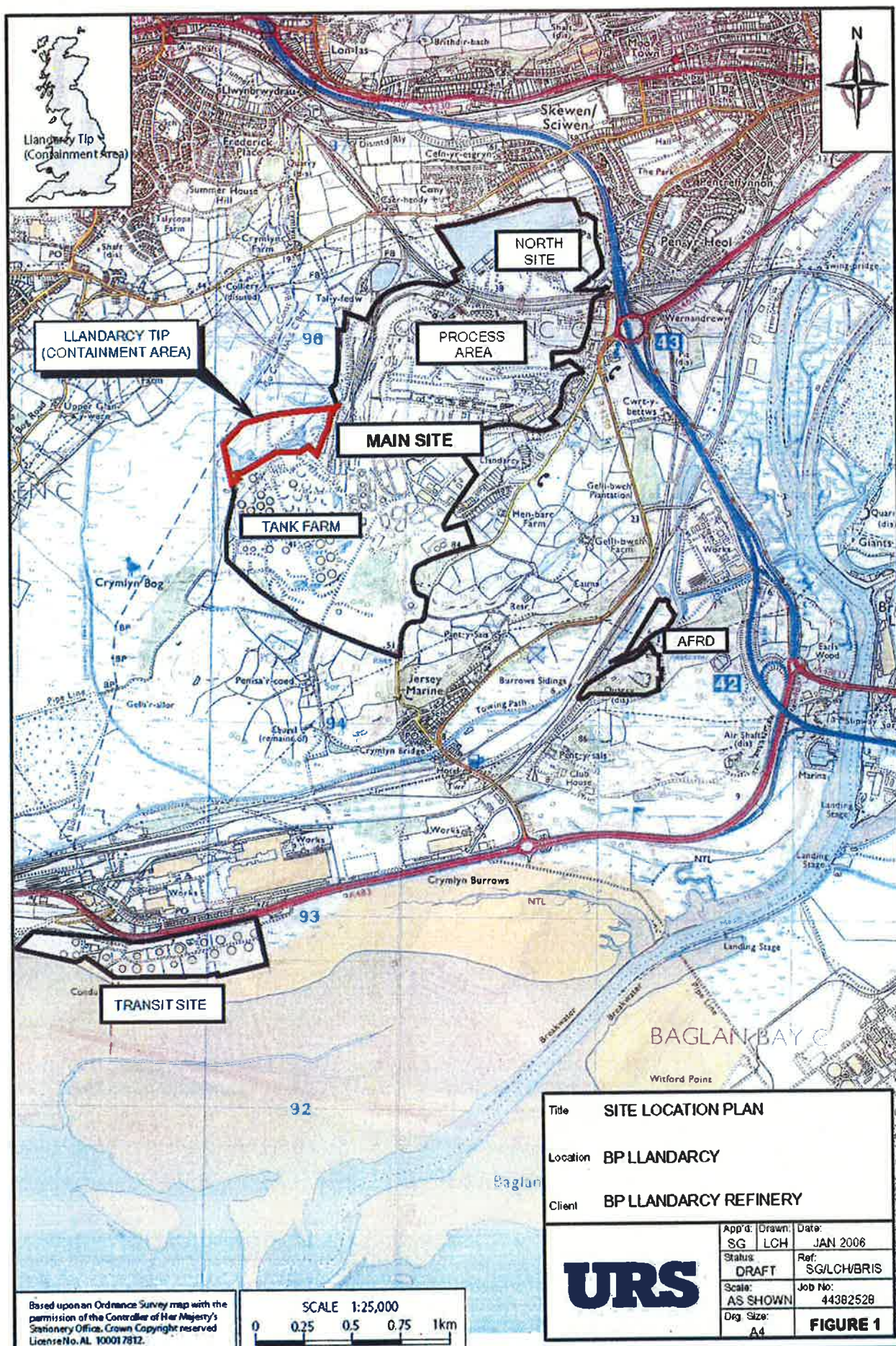
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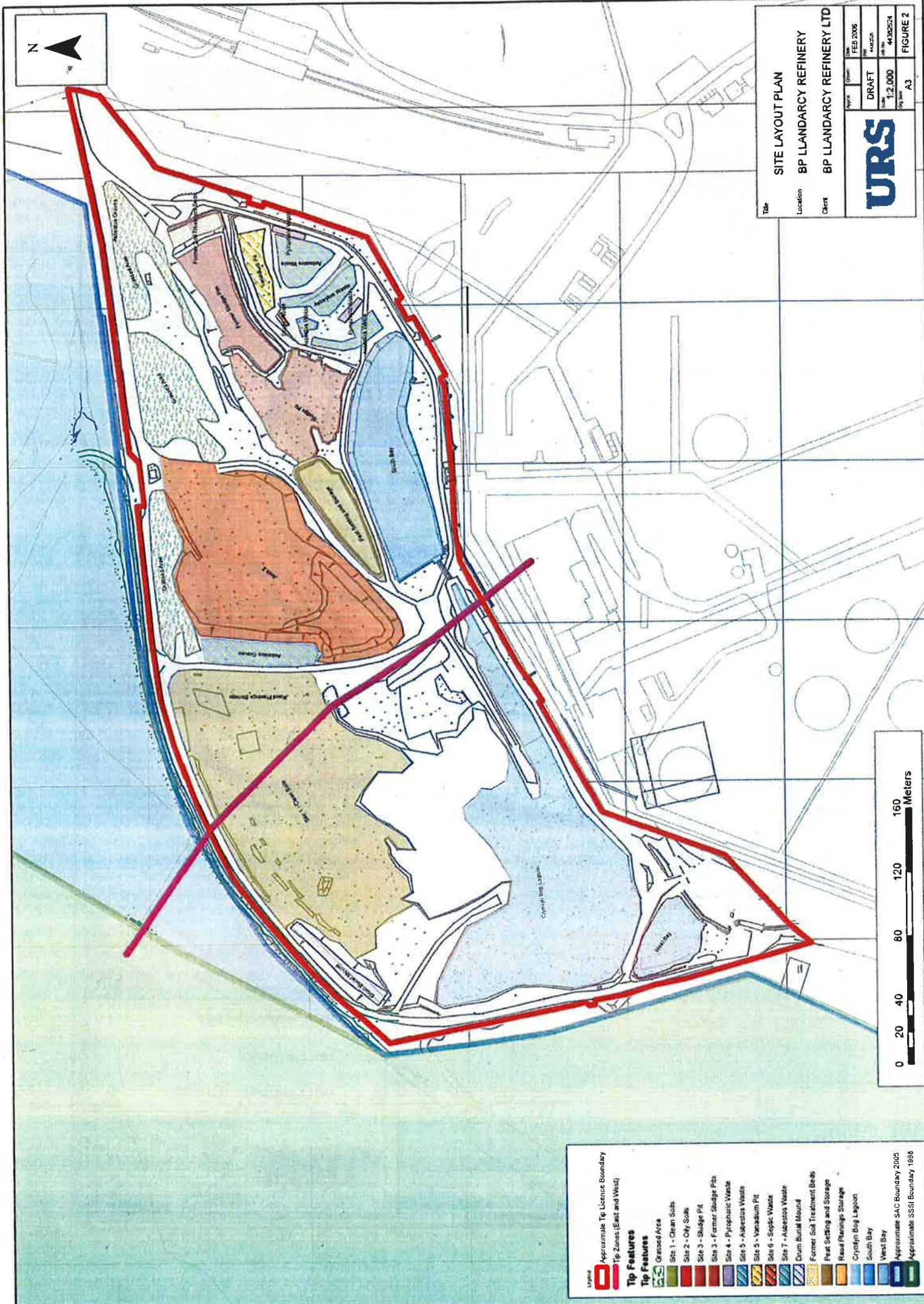
Llandarcy Tip Restoration

Exploratory Hole
Location Plan

4332546/0303591

Figures





Legend

- Approximate Tip Licence Boundary
- Tip Zones (East and West)
- Tip Features**
 - Grassed Area
 - Site 1 - Clean Soils
 - Site 2 - Clay Soils
 - Site 3 - Sludge Pit
 - Site 3 - Former Sludge Pits
 - Site 4 - Pyrophoric Waste
 - Site 5 - Acidic Waste
 - Site 5 - Vanadium Pit
 - Site 6 - Septic Waste
 - Site 7 - Acidic Waste
 - Open Burial Mound
 - Former Soil Treatment Beds
 - Peat Settling and Storage
 - Road Planning Storage
 - Cymlyn Bog Lagoon
 - South Bay
 - West Bay
- Approximate SAC Boundary 2005
- Approximate SSSI Boundary 1996

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SITE LAYOUT PLAN

BP LLANDARCY REFINERY

BP LLANDARCY REFINERY LTD

DRAFT

1:2,000

A3

FIGURE 2

FEB 2006

4430524





Tip Product Recovery Area



Tip Product Recovery Area



Vanadium Pit (Pre-Operation)



Tip Product Recovery Area



South Bay Connection To Cymlyn Bog Lagoon



Aired By Sludge Pit



Cymlyn Bog Lagoon (Southeast)



Cymlyn Bog Lagoon (Southwest)



Cymlyn Bog Separator



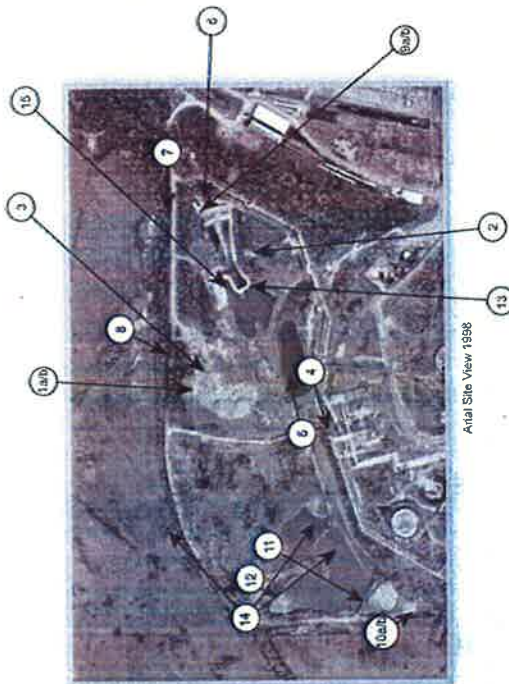
Cymlyn Bog Separator



Exposure By Sludge Pit (Ash Bund)



Close up Of Ash Bund



Aerial Site View 1996



Panoramic View Of Cymlyn Bog Lagoon (in The Distance is The Top Terrace Process Area (Cobalt), South Tank Farm (Right) and Northside (Left))



Former Sludge Pit



South Bay



View From MSNW034



MSNW030

Title PHOTOGRAPHS OF SITE AREA

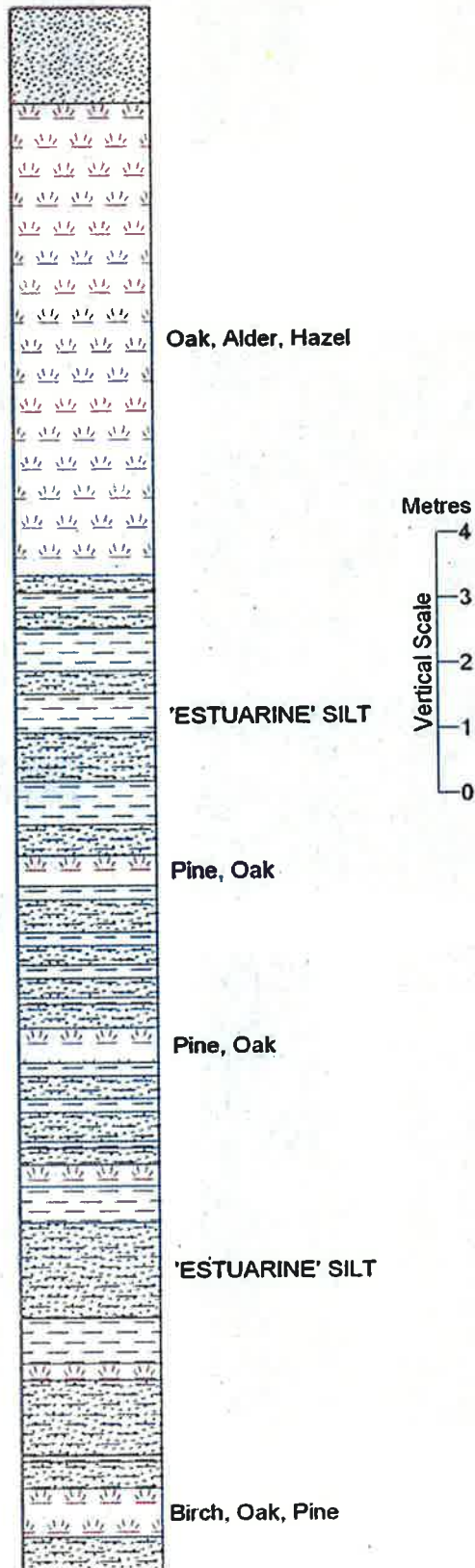
Location BP LLANDARCY

Client BP LLANDARCY REFINERY

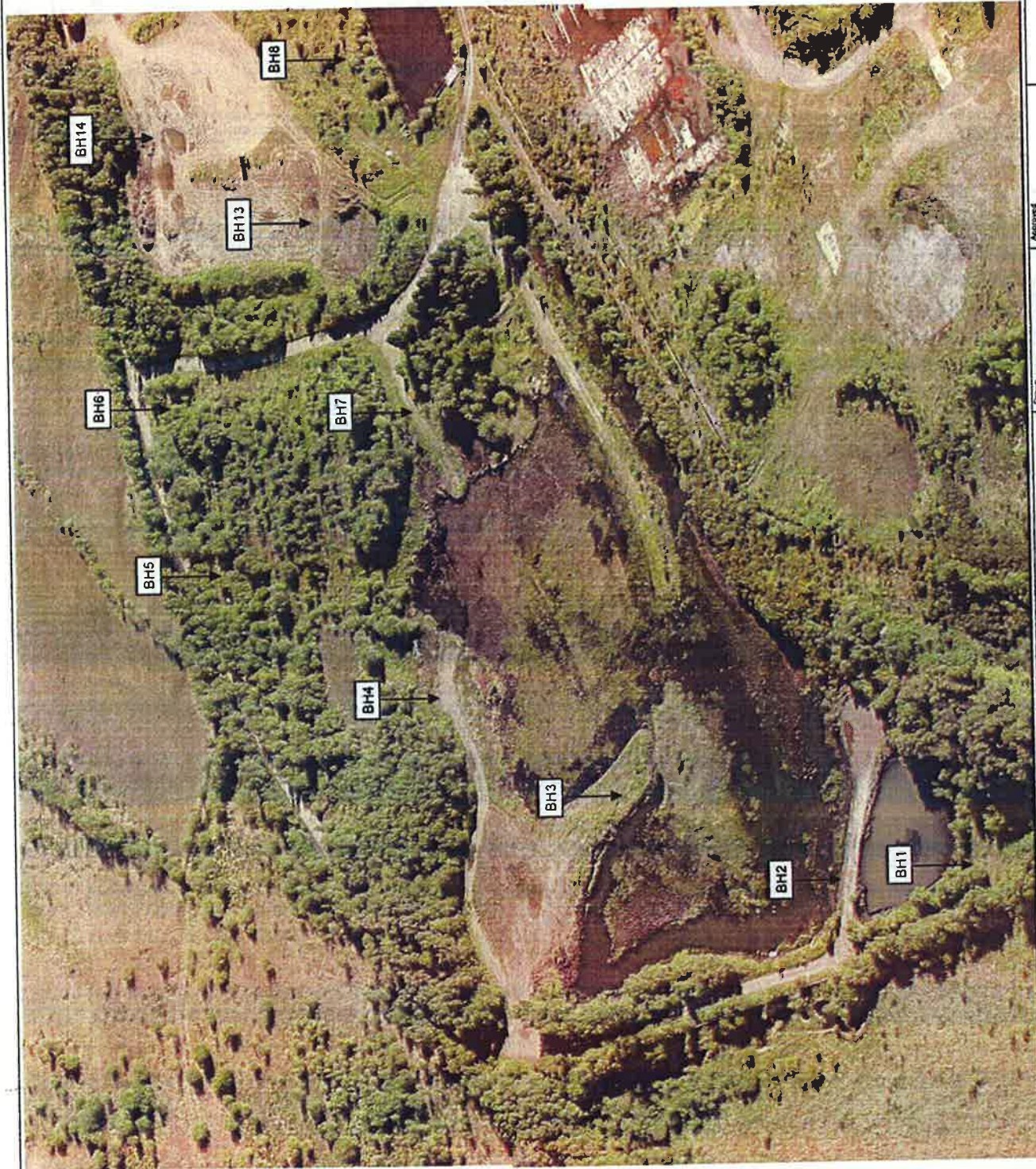
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App'd	Drawn	Date
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Scale	AS SHOWN	JOB NO: 44382528
Drawn	Scale	Fig. Size: A3

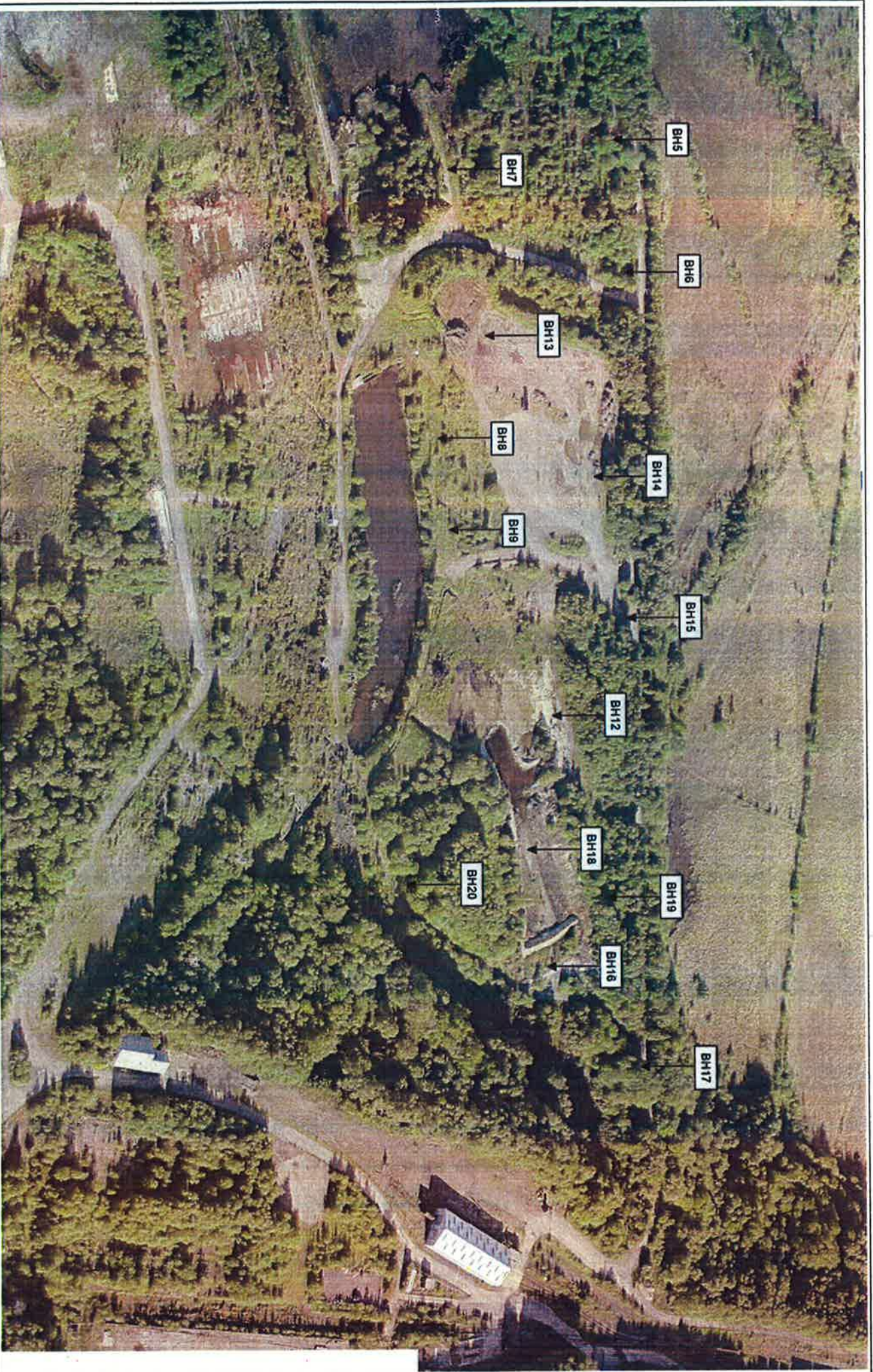
FIGURE 3



Client BP LLANDARCY REFINERY	Scheme LLANDARCY TIP RESTORATION	CONSULTING ENGINEERS URS	Drawn JGA	Approved PAG	Vertical representation of the submerged peat series for Crymlyn Bog
			Checked CAB	Date DEC '06	
			Scale NTS	Figure 4:	



Client	Scheme	CONSULTING ENGINEERS	Approved			Aerial Photograph of western side of site showing exploratory hole locations
			Drawn	CAB	PAG	
BP LLANDARCY REFINERY	LLANDARCY TIP REMEDIATION		Checked	RJW	Date	DEC '06
			Scale			
			NTS			
Figure 6						



Client

BP LLANDARCY REFINERY

Schedule

LLANDARCY TIP
RESTORATION

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

URS

Drawn

JCA

Approved

PAG

Checked

CAB

Date

DEC '07

Scale

NTS

Aerial Photograph of eastern side of site
showing exploratory hole locations

Figure 7



Client

BP LLANDARCY REFINERY

Scheme

LLANDARCY TIP
REMEDICATION

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

URS

Drawn

CAB

Approved

PAG

Checked

RJW

Date

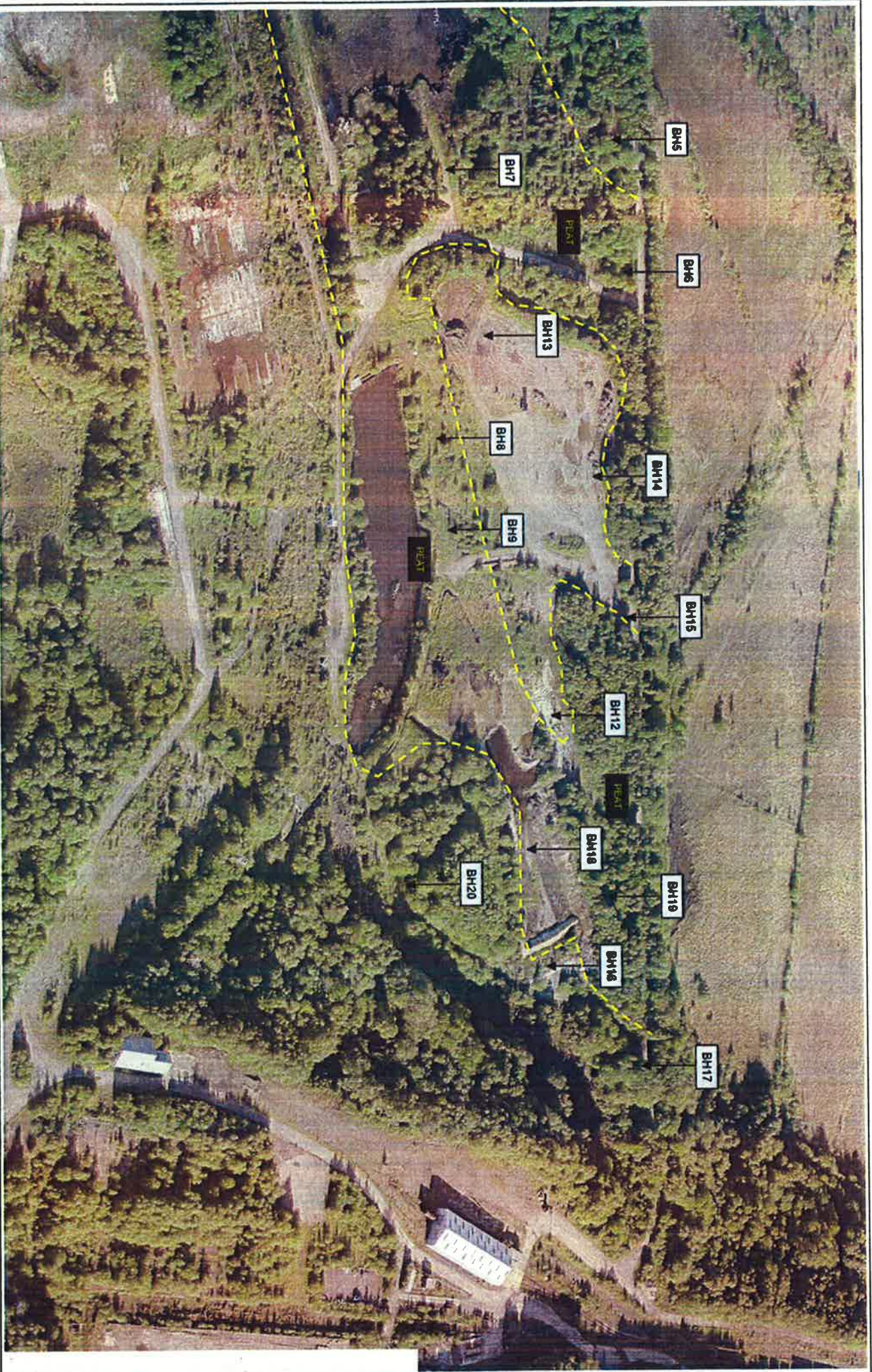
DEC '07

Scale

NTS

Aerial Photograph of western side of site
showing inferred extent of remaining peat

Figure 8



Client

BP LLANDARCY REFINERY

Scheme

LLANDARCY TIP
RESTORATION

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

URS

Drawn

JGA

Approved

PAG

Checked

CAB

Date

DEC '07

Scale

NTS

Aerial Photograph of eastern side of site
showing inferred extent of remaining
peat

Figure 9



Client

BP LLANDARCY REFINERY

Scheme

LLANDARCY TIP
REMEDICATION

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

URS

Date

JGA

Approved

PAG

Checked

CAB

Date

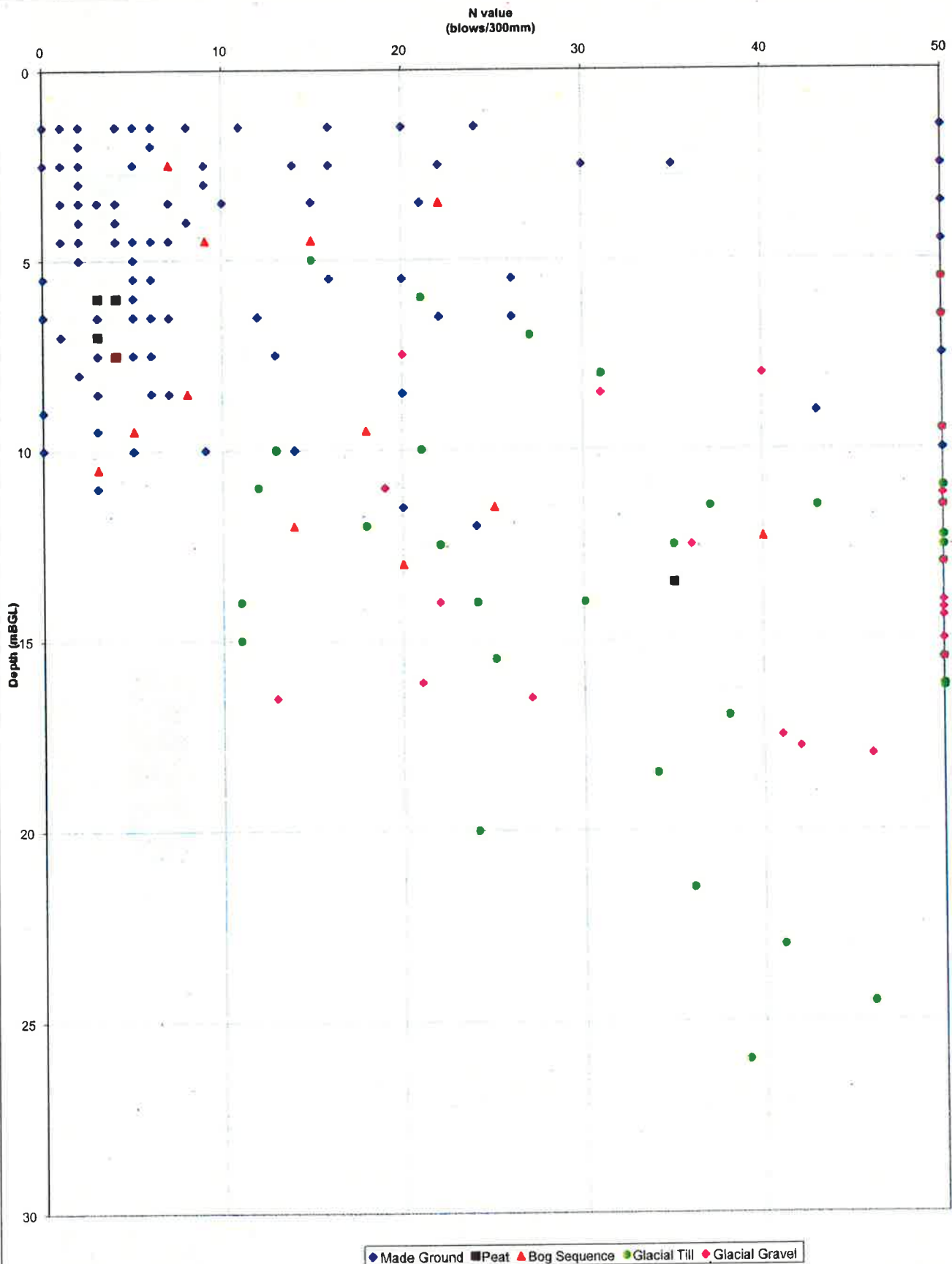
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Scale

NTS

Aerial Photograph indicating extent of
historic delta below Llandarcy Site

Figure 10



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**LLANDARCY
TIP RESTORATION**

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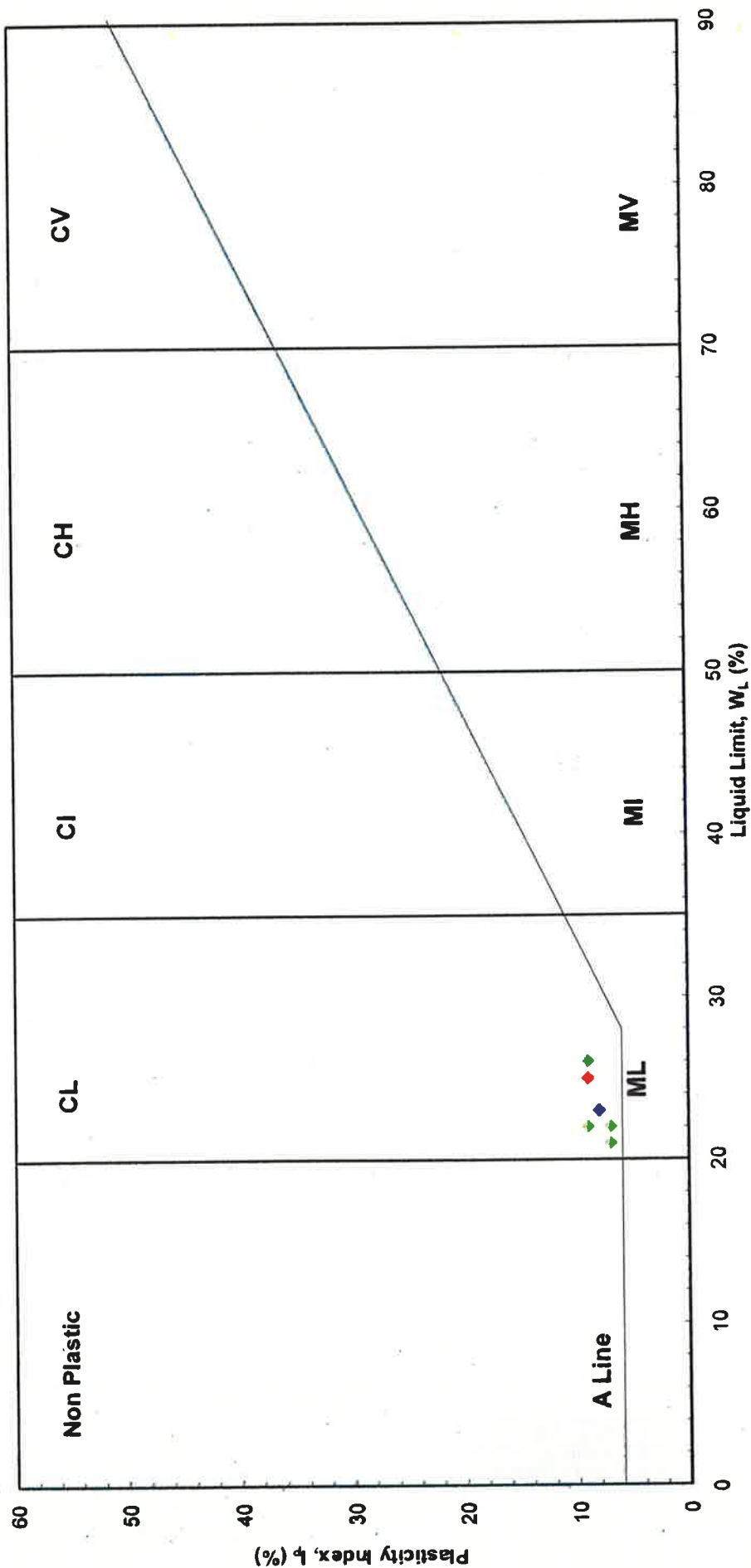
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DRAWING TITLE

**SPT N Value
vs. Depth**

DRAWN JGA	SCALE N.T.S.	DATE AUG'06
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FIGURE NO. 11		REV



◆ MG ◆ BS ◆ GT

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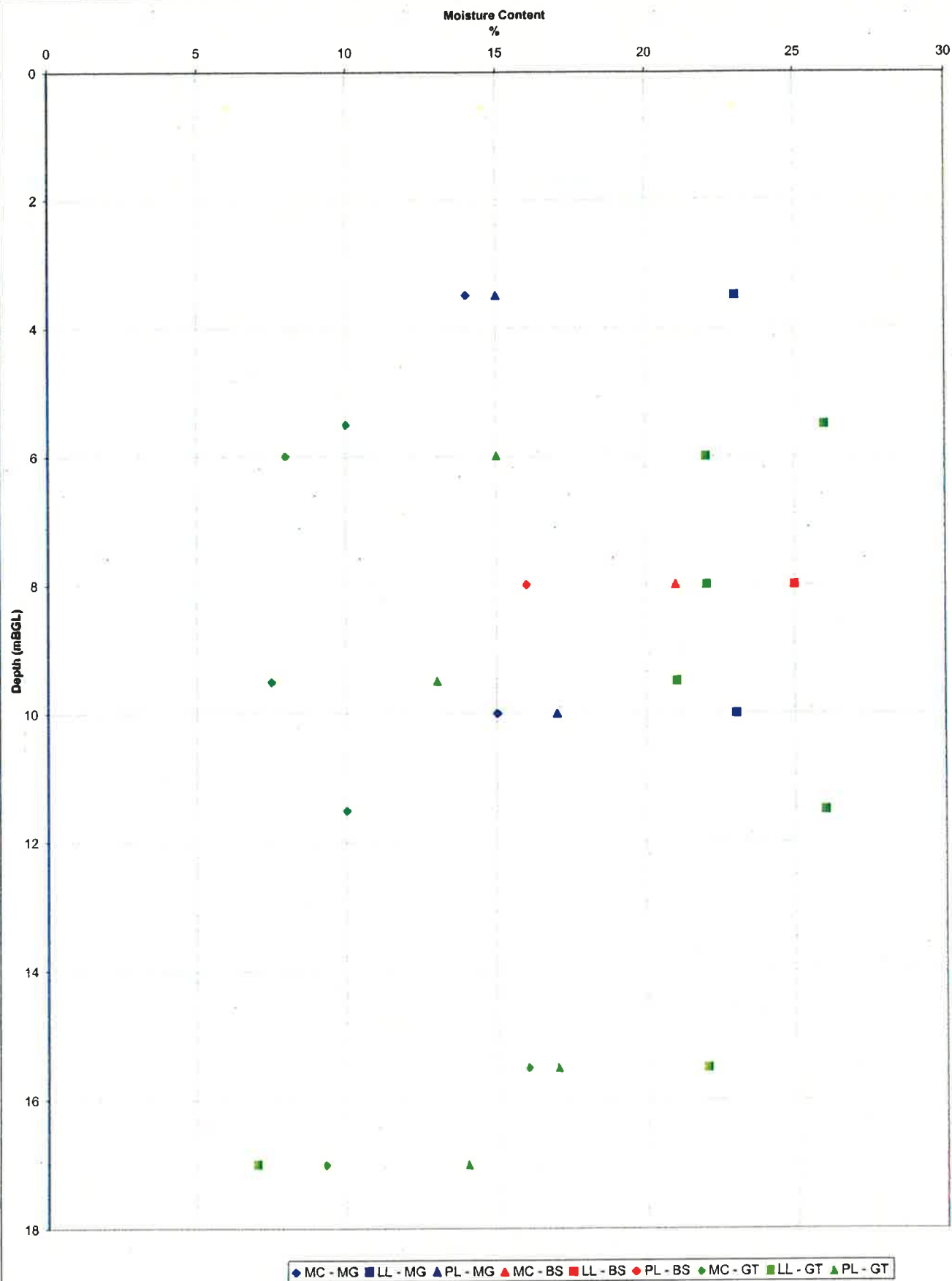
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Casagrande Chart

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FIGURE NO. 12				REV	



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DRAWING TITLE

**Moisture Content, Liquid Limit and
Plastic Limit vs. Depth**

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SCALE N.T.S.

DATE AUG'06

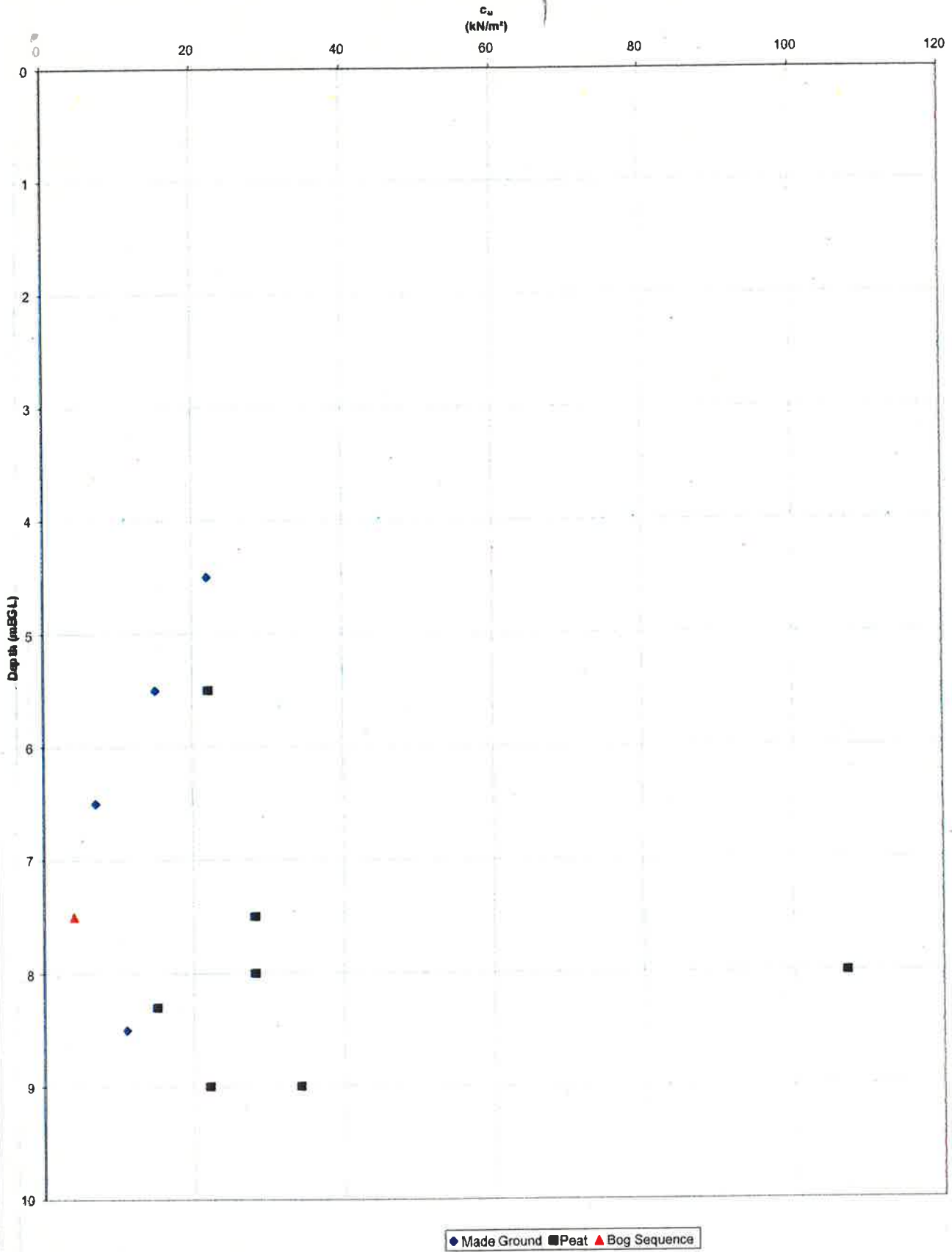
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FIGURE NO. 13

REV



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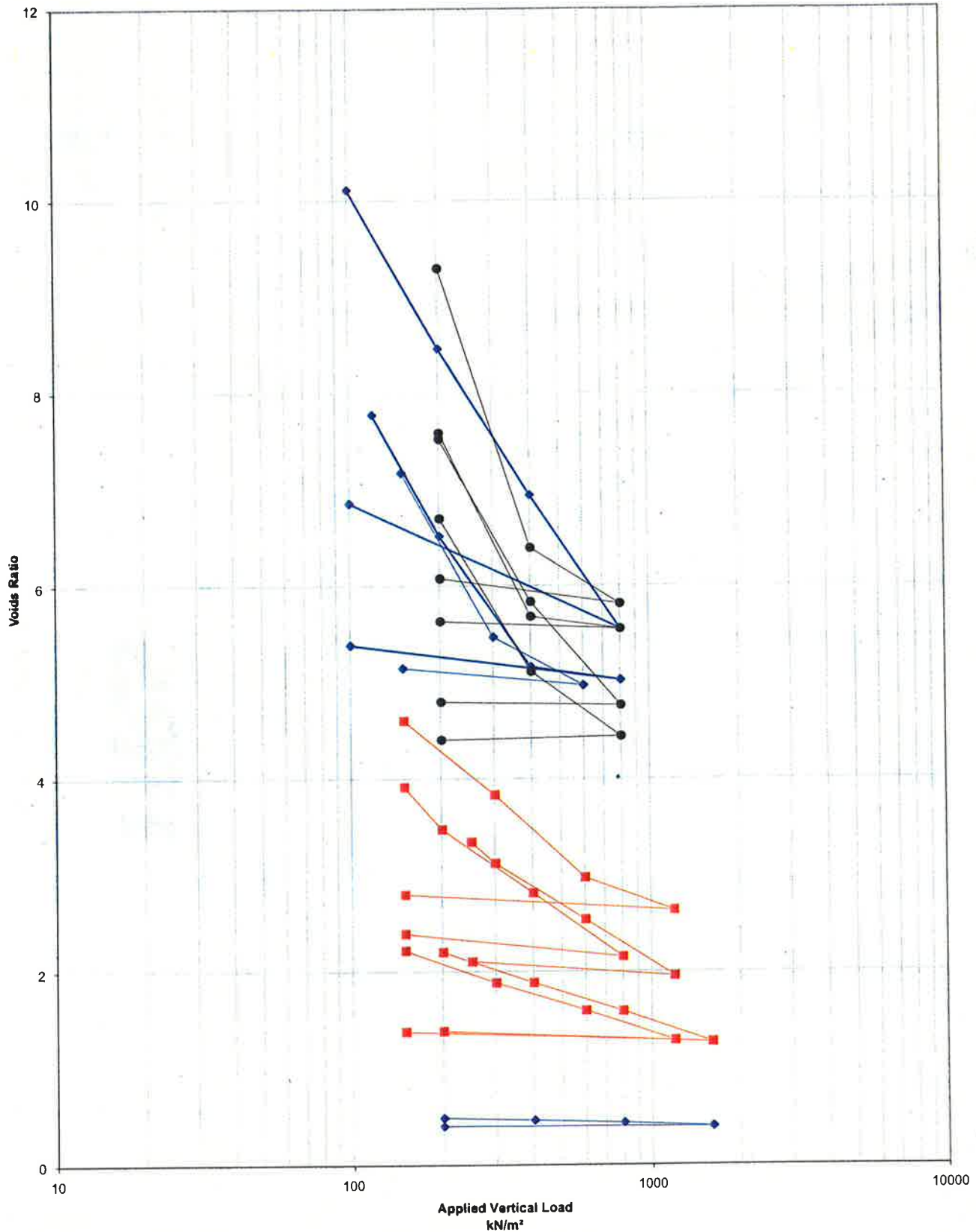
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DRAWING TITLE

Undrained Shear Strength
vs. Depth

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FIGURE NO. 14		REV

Consolidation



—◆— Made Ground —●— Peat —■— Bog Sequence

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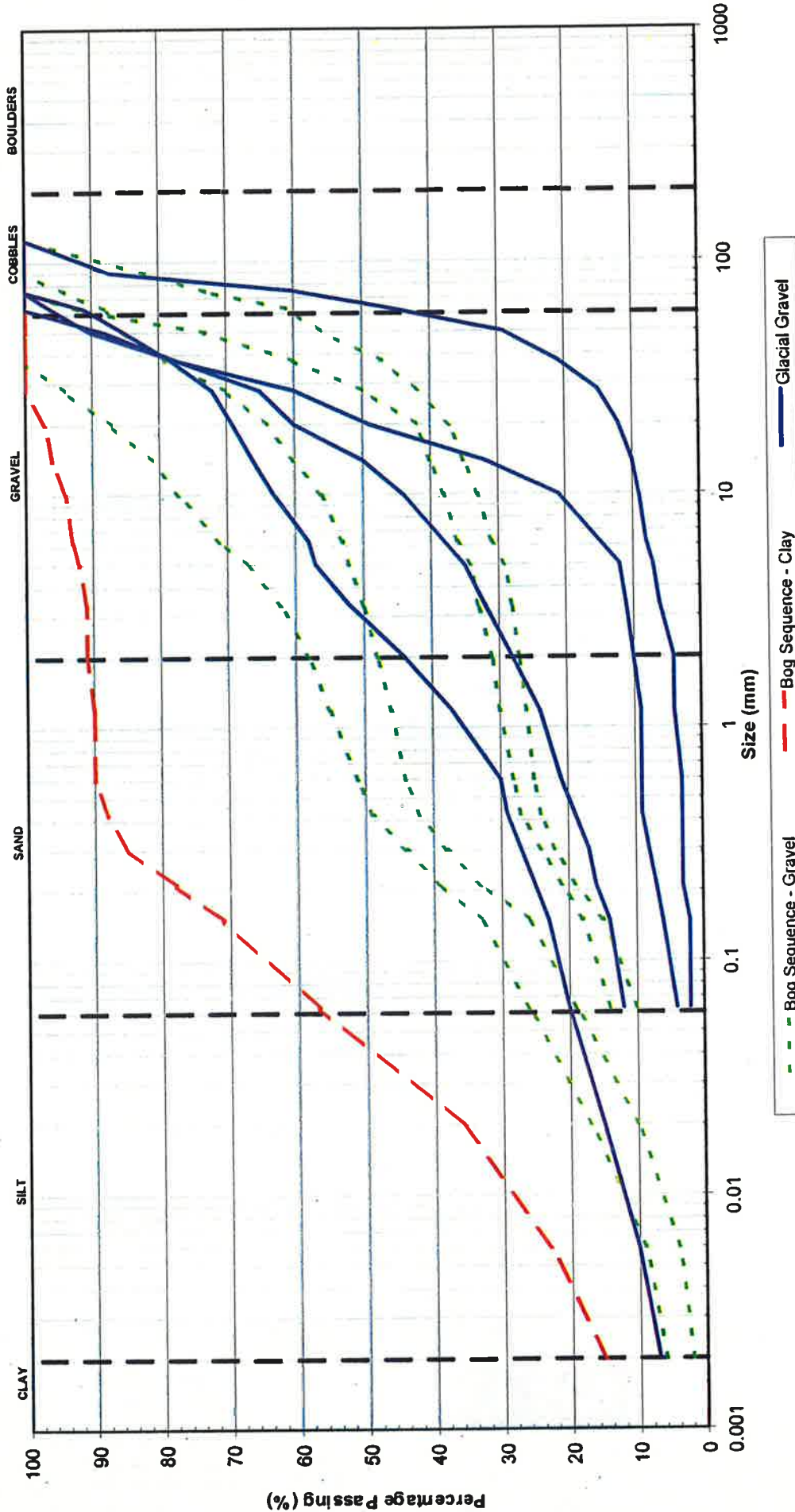
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One Dimensional
Consolidation Tests

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FIGURE NO. 15				REV	



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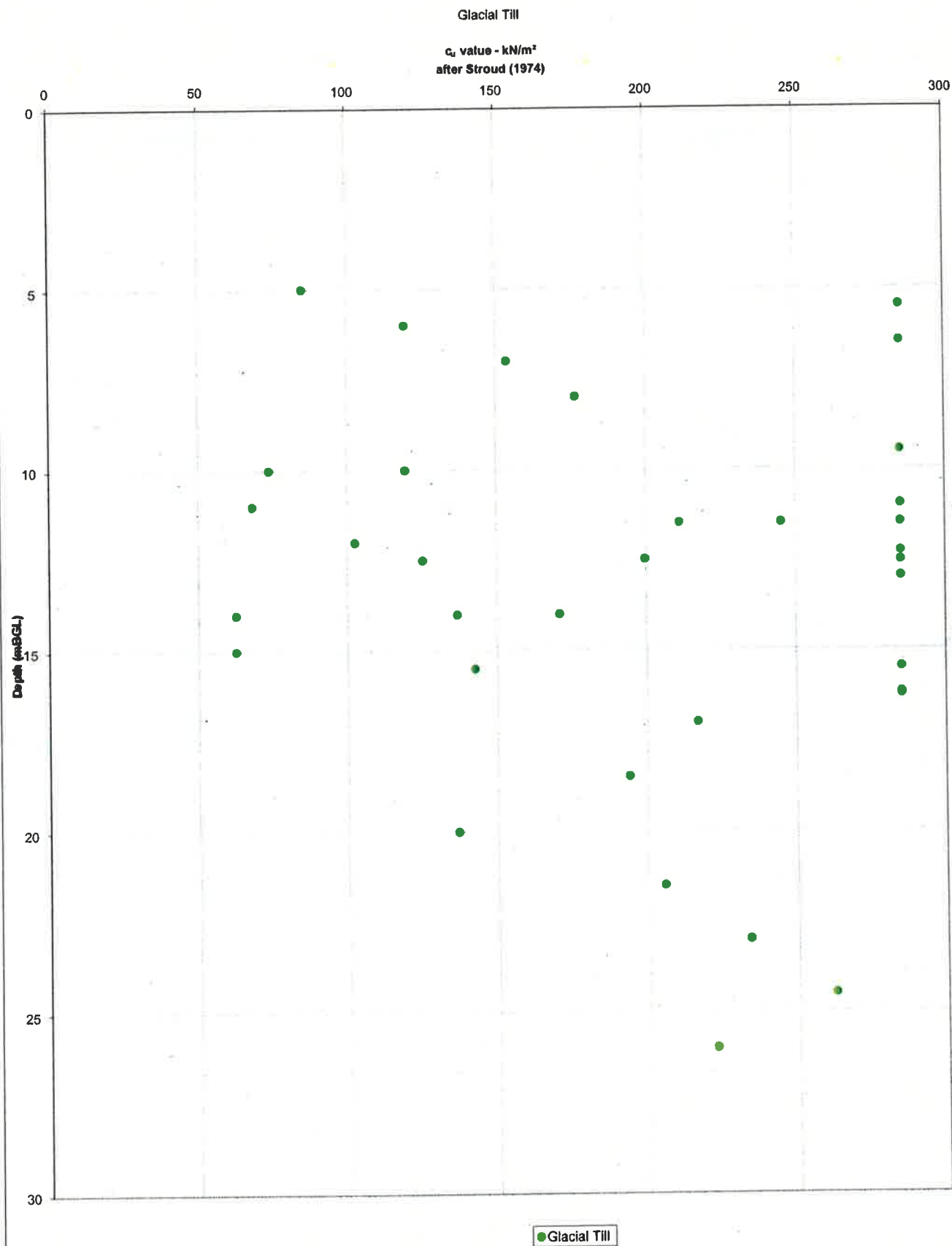
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TIP RESTORATION

Particle Size Distribution

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FIGURE NO. 16				REV	



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TIP RESTORATION

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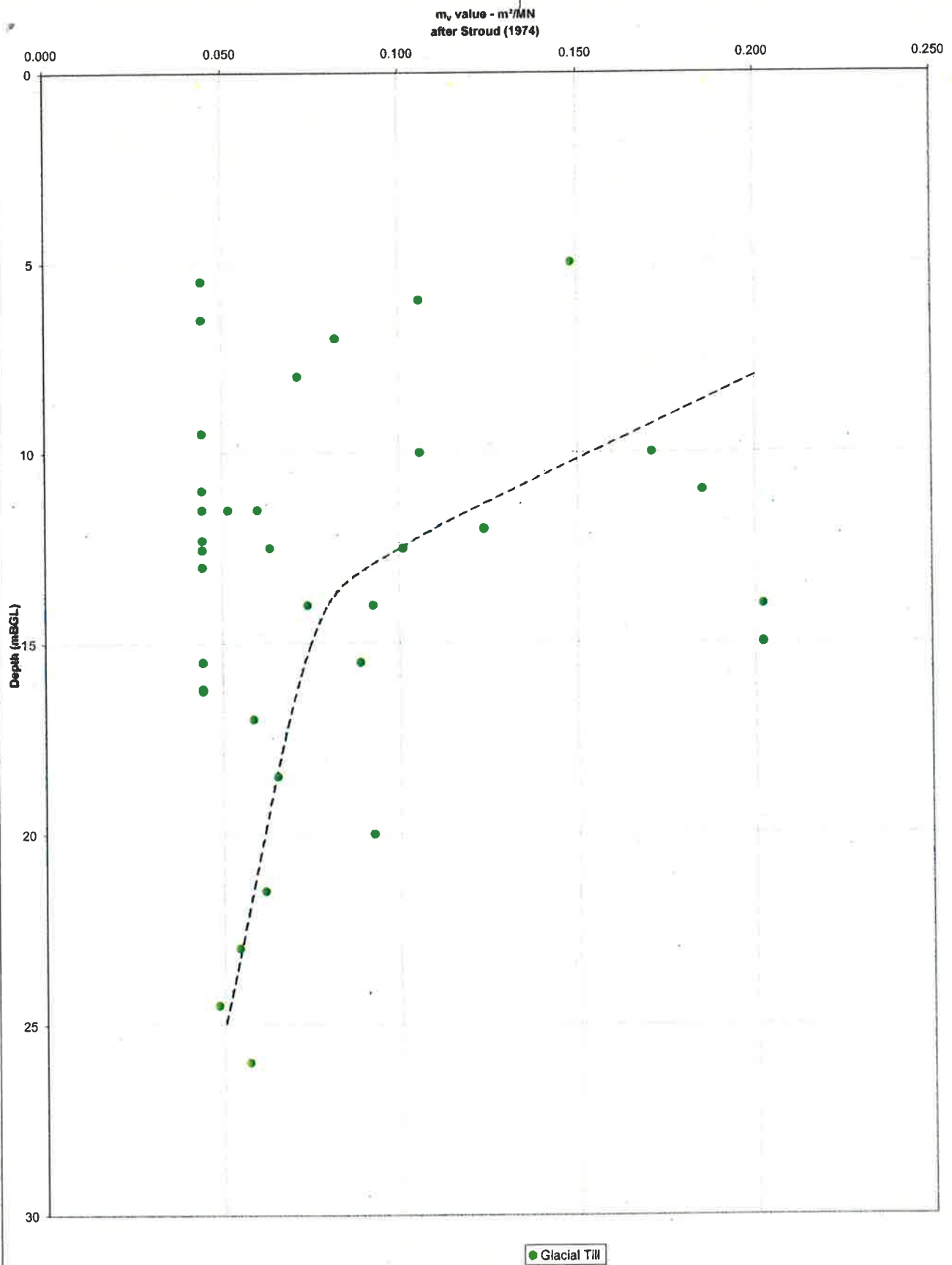
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DRAWING TITLE

Shear Strength from SPT N Value
vs. Depth

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TRACED N/A	CHECKED CAB	APPROVED PAG
FIGURE NO. 17		REV



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DRAWING TITLE

**M_v from SPT N Value
vs. Depth**

DRAWN JGA	SCALE N.T.S.	DATE AUG'06
TRACED N/A	CHECKED CAB	APPROVED PAG
FIGURE NO. 18		REV.

Appendices

Appendix A – Borehole Logs

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 12/06/2007 End 14/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 6.50m.	Depth from 0.00m to 6.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 6.50m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water
0.00			12/06/2007	0800
1.50-1.80	B 1			
2.50-2.95	SPT C	N=7 (3,4/2,1,2,2)	12/06/2007	1700
2.50-2.80	B 2		2.30	damp
			14/06/2007	0800
			2.50	damp
			2.30	
3.50-3.95	SPT C	N=22 (3,6/8,4,4,6)		
3.50-3.80	B 3		3.50	
4.50-4.95	SPT C	N=15 (1,4/3,4,4,4)		
4.50-4.80	B 4		4.50	
5.50-5.91	SPT C	50 (2,4/15,14,14,7 for 30mm)		
5.50-5.80	B 5		5.50	
6.50-6.73	SPT C	50 (10,15 for 50mm/ 30,20 for 25mm)	6.50	1700
			14/06/2007	
			6.50	
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 6.73 m				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water
Groundwater Entries			Depth sealed (m)	
No.	Struck	Post strike behaviour		
None observed (see Key Sheet)				
Depth Related Remarks *				
From	to (m)			
0.60	3.50	Heavy hydrocarbon contamination below 0.60m.		
0.80	2.30	Unidentified large obstruction, possibly timber, from 0.80m.		
2.50	6.50	Water added to assist drilling		
Chiselling Depths (m)	Time	Tools used		
0.80 - 1.40	105 mins	Chisel		
6.00 - 6.50	60 mins	Chisel		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.				
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 405 24 11/01/2008 12:55:01		Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		
Borehole BH1 Sheet 1 of 1				

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled JK Logged PL Checked HW	Start 15/06/2007 End 18/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 13.00m	Depth from 0.00m to 7.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 7.50m 150mm	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage				
Samples and Tests			Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
			15/06/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Loose black and grey slightly clayey slightly sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone limestone and brick with occasional angular cobbles of sandstone.			
1.50-1.95	SPT C	N=24 (3,9/5,6,4)	1.50	1.10		1.50-1.95 m Medium dense		
						(4.50)		
3.00-3.45	SPT C	N=9 (2,3/2,3,3,1)	3.00	1.80				
4.50-4.95	SPT C	N=7 (1,2/1,2,2,2)	4.50	2.50	MADE GROUND: Obstruction (Drillers discription).	4.50		
5.50-5.95	SPT C	N=26 (4,6/5,4,12,5)	5.50	3.20		(2.40)		
6.50-6.95	SPT S D 1	N=7 (2,5/2,2,1,2)	6.50	2.50		6.50-6.95 m Soft		
7.50-7.95	SPT S D 2	N=4 (1,1/1,1,1,1)	15/06/2007 7.00	1700 dry	Soft plastic dark brown and black slightly clayey slightly sandy PEAT with rare rootlets and partially decomposed wood.	6.90		
7.50-7.95	B 3		18/06/2007 7.00	0800 dry				
8.00-8.60	U 4	22 blows				(2.30)		
9.00-9.50	B 5							
9.50-9.95	SPT S D 6	N=18 (1,3/2,4,6,6)	9.50	4.30	Medium dense grey and brown clayey sandy GRAVEL with some sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of	9.20		
9.50-9.95	B 7					(1.10)		
9.50-10.00								
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 10.30 m			
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour 1 1.10 Remained at 1.10 m after 20 minutes.			Depth sealed (m)		Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)		Chiselling Depths (m) 1.50 - 6.90 Time Tools used 240 mins Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH2 Sheet 1 of 2	

Φ

Drilled JK Logged PL Checked HW		Start 15/06/2007 End 18/06/2007		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 13.00m		Depth from to 0.00m 7.50m 7.50m 13.27m		Diameter 200mm 150mm	Casing Depth 7.50m 12.50m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests						Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments			
10.50-11.00	B 8				sandstone.	10.30					
11.00-11.45	SPT C	N=12 (2,4/5,2,3,2)	11.00	4.10	Firm becoming very stiff brown and grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.						
11.50-12.00	B 9					(2.97)					
12.50-12.95 12.50-13.00	SPT C B 10	N=35 (2,3/3,10,12,10)	12.50	2.20							
13.00-13.27	SPT C	50 (12,13 for 45mm/24,26)	12.50 18/06/2007 12.50	1700 dry		13.27					
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 13.27 m											
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Depth Related Remarks *	Chiselling Depths (m) 12.50 -13.00	Tools used 60 mins Chisel				
No.	Struck (m)	Post strike behaviour	Depth sealed (m)								
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.						Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd					
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk AGS						Borehole BH2 Sheet 2 of 2					

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 19/06/2007 End 21/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 12.60m	Depth from 0.00m to 8.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 8.50m 12.55m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage				
Samples and Tests			Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=16 (2,2/4,5,2,5)	19/06/2007	0800 dry	MADE GROUND: Medium dense becoming very dense grey brown and red slightly clayey slightly sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone concrete and brick with some angular cobbles of concrete sandstone and brick.	(7.80)		
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	N=35 (8,5/5,11,14,5)	2.50	1.00				
3.50-3.91 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	50 (5,5/7,9,11,23 for 35mm)	3.50	1.00				
4.50-4.91 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	50 (5,10/9,8,15,18 for 30mm)	4.50	1.00				
5.50-5.62 5.50-5.80	SPT C B 5	50 (25 for 55mm/50 for 65mm)	5.50	1.00				
6.50-6.64 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 6	50 (25 for 70mm/50 for 70mm)	19/06/2007 6.30	1700 1.00				
7.50-7.95 7.50-7.80	SPT C B 7	N=13 (2,4/2,4,4,3)	20/06/2007 6.50	0800 1.20				
7.80-8.00	B 8							
8.00-8.50	U 9	45 blows		dry				
8.50	D 10							
9.00-9.50	U 11	32 blows		dry				
9.50	D 12							
			20/06/2007 10.00	1700 damp				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 10.30 m			
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)			Depth sealed (m)		Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 8.00 10.00 Water added to assist drilling	Chiselling Depths (m) 3.50-4.50 120 mins Chisel 4.50-5.50 120 mins Chisel 5.50-6.00 60 mins Chisel 6.00-6.30 60 mins Chisel 6.30-6.60 60 mins Chisel 6.60-6.80 60 mins Chisel	Time Tools used	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	Borehole BH3 Sheet 1 of 2		

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 19/06/2007 End 21/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 12.60m	Depth from 0.00m to 8.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 8.50m 12.55m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage				
Samples and Tests			Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
10.00-10.45 10.00-10.45 10.30-10.80	SPT C D 13 B 14	N=13 (2,2/3,4,2,4)	10.00 21/06/2007 10.00	dry 0800 6.50	10.00-10.45 m Flm Spongy dark brown and black slightly clayey slightly sandy pseudo-fibrous PEAT with many roots and rootlets. Very stiff dark brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.	10.30		
11.50-11.79 11.50-12.00	SPT C B 15	50 (8,13/28,22 for 60mm)	11.50			(2.41)		
12.55-12.71	SPT C	50 (16,9 for 15mm/50 for 70mm)	21/06/2007 12.55	1700		12.71		
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 12.71 m								
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour None observed (see Key Sheet)			Depth sealed (m)	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)		Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 11.70-11.90 30 mins Chisel 12.30-12.30 30 mins Chisel		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH3 Sheet 2 of 2	

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 22/06/2007 End 26/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 18.00m.	Depth from 0.00m to 18.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 18.00m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth 10.00-10.45 10.00-10.30	Type & No SPT C B 12	Records N=0 (1,0/-,-,-,-)	Date 10.00 25/06/2007 10.00	Time damp 0800 damp
MADE GROUND: Very loose black slightly clayey slightly sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick and concrete with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone.			Description (Continued from Sheet 1)	
Black slightly clayey slightly gravelly SAND. Gravel is sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.			10.00 (0.80) 10.80 (0.60) 11.40 (2.80) 14.20 (4.15) 18.35	
11.50-11.95 11.50-11.80	SPT C B 13	N=43 (5,8/10,10,11,12)	11.50	8.80
Very stiff brown and grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.			11.50 13.00 14.50 16.00 17.50 18.00	
13.00-13.24 13.00-13.30	SPT C B 14	50 (16,9 for 35mm/ 32,18 for 55mm)	13.00	damp
14.50-14.95 14.50-14.80	SPT C B 15	N=41 (4,4/8,10,12,11)	14.50	4.30
16.00-16.45 16.00-16.30	SPT C B 16	N=46 (10,15/12,10,12,12)	16.00	17.00 6.10 0800 6.90
17.00-17.30	B 18			
17.50-17.71 17.50-18.00	SPT C B 17	50 (18,7 for 10mm/ 28,22 for 50mm)	17.50	
18.00-18.35	SPT C	50 (12,13 for 70mm/ 17,19,14 for 55mm)	18.00 26/06/2007 18.00	17.00
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 18.35 m				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck (m) 1 10.80 2 14.20	Post strike behaviour Rose to 8.80 m after 20 minutes. Rose to 4.30 m after 20 minutes.	Depth sealed (m) 11.90	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 11.90 14.20 Water added to assist drilling	
Chiselling Depths (m) 11.80-12.20 12.90-13.40 13.90-14.20 15.70-16.30 17.50-18.00			Time 75 mins Chisel 90 mins Chisel 60 mins Chisel 75 mins Chisel 60 mins Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 11/01/2008 12:55:27			Borehole BH5 Sheet 2 of 2	

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW		Start 05/06/2007 End 06/06/2007		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 14.56m.		Depth from 0.00m to 9.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 9.00m 14.20m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests					Strata				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description		Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
			05/06/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Black and grey clayey sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone mudstone brick and concrete with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone and concrete.		(1.50)		
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=4 (1,0/1,1,1,1)			MADE GROUND: Soft brown and red slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional angular cobbles of limestone and sandstone. Gravel is angular fine to coarse of limestone and sandstone.		1.50 (1.00)		
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	N=2 (2,0/1,0,1,0)			MADE GROUND: Very loose black slightly silty sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of coal coke mudstone and siltstone with occasional angular cobbles of mudstone and siltstone (COLLIERY SPOIL).		2.50		
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	N=3 (1,2/0,1,1,1)	3.50		3.50-7.60 m Heavy contamination				
4.50-4.95 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	N=1 (1,0/0,1,0,0)	4.50						
5.50-5.95 5.50-5.80	SPT C B 5	N=0 (1,0/0,0,0,0)	5.50						
6.50-6.95 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 6	N=0 (1,0/0,0,0,0)	6.50						
7.50-7.95 7.50-7.95 7.60-7.90	SPT S D 7 B 8	N=4 (3,1/1,1,1,1)	7.50		Soft black and brown organic CLAY with many roots and rootlets.		7.60		
8.00-8.30 8.00-8.30 8.30-8.80	B 18 U 9 U 10	40 blows 29 blows	8.00 8.30				(1.90)		
8.80 9.00-9.50	D 11 U 12	31 blows	9.00						
9.50	D 13				Very soft brown CLAY with small fragments of wood and rare rootlets.		9.50		
					Stratum continues to 11.30 m				
Groundwater Entries					Depth Related Remarks *		Chiselling		
No.	Struck (m)	Post strike behaviour	Depth sealed (m)		From	to (m)	Depths (m)	Time	Tools used
1	3.20	Rose to 2.80 m after 20 minutes.							
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH6 Sheet 1 of 2		

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 05/06/2007 End 06/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 14.56m.		Depth from 0.00m to 9.00m Diameter 200mm 150mm Casing Depth 9.00m 14.20m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests				Strata	
Depth 10.50-10.95 10.50-10.95 10.50-11.00	Type & No SPT S D 14 B 15	Records N=3 (1,0/1,1,0,1)	Date Casing 9.50 Time Water dry	Description (Continued from Sheet 1) Very soft brown CLAY with small fragments of wood and rare rootlets.	
11.50-11.86 11.50-12.00	SPT C B 16	50 (13,12 for 55mm/19,14,17)	dry	Very dense brown slightly clayey slightly sandy gravelly sub rounded to rounded COBBLES of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.	
13.00-13.44 13.00-13.50	SPT C B 17	50 (10,10/17,9,11,13 for 65mm)	05/06/2007 1800 12.90 06/06/2007 0800 12.90 8.50	(3.27)	
14.20-14.57	SPT C	50 (10,11/20,15,15 for 65mm)	06/06/2007 1200 14.20 8.50	14.57	
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 14.57 m					
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour Depth sealed (m) 2 11.30 Rose to 9.10 m after 20 minutes.					
Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)				Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 11.60 -12.10 75 mins Chisel 13.60 -14.20 90 mins Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column. Scale 1:50				Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd Borehole BH6 Sheet 2 of 2	

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 08/06/2007 End 08/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 14.540m.	Depth from 0.00m to 11.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 11.00m 14.40m 150mm 14.40m	Ground Level - Coordinates - National Grid - Chainage -				
Samples and Tests			Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
			06/06/2007	1200	MADE GROUND: Very soft dark grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone. Garvel is sub angular fine to coarse of sandstone.			
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=1 (1,0/0,1,0)		1.50		(4.00)		
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	N=2 (1,0/0,1,0,1)		2.50				
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	N=2 (1,0/0,1,0,1)		3.50				
			06/06/2007	1800	Timber obstruction (Drillers discription).	4.00		
			0.00			(0.50)		
4.50-4.89 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	50 (10,11/14,17,12,7 for 10mm)	07/06/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Medium dense and dense black clayey sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone. Very contaminated.	4.50		
			4.50	1.40		4.50-4.89 m Very dense		
5.50-5.95 5.50-5.80	SPT C B 5	N=16 (4,5/6,4,4,2)		5.50				
				1.40		5.50-6.95 m Medium dense		
6.50-6.95 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 6	N=22 (3,4/5,5,7,5)		6.50				
7.50-7.93 7.50-7.80	SPT C B 7	50 (6,7/11,14,13,12 for 55mm)		7.50				
				1.40		7.50-7.93 m Very dense	(6.00)	
9.00-9.45 9.00-9.30	SPT C B 8	N=43 (4,4/2,12,12,17)		9.00				
				1.40		9.00-9.45 m Dense		
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 10.50 m			
Groundwater Entries No. Struck (m) Post strike behaviour			Depth sealed (m)		Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)		Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 4.00-4.30 45 mins Chisel 4.30-5.00 105 mins Chisel 7.80-8.40 90 mins Chisel 9.50-10.10 75 mins Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH7 Sheet 1 of 2	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 11/01/2008 12:55:39								

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 06/06/2007 End 08/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 14.540m.	Depth from 0.00m to 11.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 11.00m 14.40m	Ground Level - Coordinates - National Grid - Chainage -	
Samples and Tests			Strata		
Depth 10.30-10.50 10.50-11.00 11.00 12.00-12.45 12.00-12.45 12.00-12.50 13.00-13.43 13.00-13.40 14.40-14.54	Type & No B 14 U 9 D 10 SPT S D 11 B 12 SPT C B 13 SPT C	Records 39 blows N=14 (2,3/2,3,3,6) 50 (7,7/8,12,18,12 for 50mm) 50 (25 for 45mm/ 35,15 for 20mm)	Date 07/06/2007 10.50 08/06/2007 0800 10.50 12.00 13.00 08/06/2007 1800 14.40	Time 1800 dry 8.50 8.50 1800 14.40	
Description (Continued from Sheet 1) MADE GROUND: Medium dense and dense black clayey sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone. Very contaminated. Soft dark brown organic CLAY with wood fragments. Firm brown sandy slightly gravelly CLAY/SILT. Gravel is subrounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone. Very dense brown slightly clayey slightly sandy gravelly COBBLES of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.			Depth, Level (Thickness) 10.50 (0.50) 11.00 (1.50) 12.50 (2.04) 14.54	Legend 	Backfill/ Instruments
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 14.54 m					
Depth 13.10	Type & No 1	Records Remained at 13.10 m after 20 minutes.	Date 13.10	Time 13.10	
Groundwater Entries No. Struck (m) Post strike behaviour 1 13.10 Remained at 13.10 m after 20 minutes.			Depth sealed (m) 13.10		
Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)			Chiselling Depths (m) 13.70 -14.20 14.20 -14.40 Time 60 mins Tools used Chisel 45 mins Chisel		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		
Scale 1:50			Borehole BH7 Sheet 2 of 2		

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled JK / MY Logged PL Checked HW		Start 25/06/2007 End 27/06/2007		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 12.30m.		Depth from 0.00m to 8.20m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 8.20m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests				Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
			25/06/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: No samples taken due to obstruction.				
4.00-4.45 4.00-4.50	SPT C B 1	N=8 (1,1/2,2,2,2)	4.00			4.10			
5.00-5.45 5.00-5.50	SPT C B 2	N=5 (1,1/2,2,1,0)	5.00		MADE GROUND: Loose black brown and grey slightly clayey slightly peaty slightly sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick and concrete with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone brick and concrete.	(1.90)			
			25/06/2007 5.80	1700					
6.00-6.45 6.00 6.00-7.00	SPT C B 3 U 4	N=4 (1,0/1,0,2,1) 11 blows	26/06/2007 6.00	0800 damp	Soft black and brown spongy pseudo-fibrous PEAT with frequent roots and rootlets.	6.00 (0.50)			
					Soft dark brown and black organic CLAY with frequent roots and rootlets.	6.50			
7.00-7.20	D 5					(1.50)			
7.30-7.50	D 6								
7.50-8.00	U 7	23 blows							
8.00-8.20	D 8					8.00			
8.50-8.95 8.50-8.95	SPT C B 9	N=8 (2,2/2,2,2,2)	8.50	damp	Loose dark grey and brown slightly clayey slightly gravelly SAND. Gravel is sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.	(1.50)			
9.50-9.70	D 10				Stiff grey and yellow sandy CLAY.	9.50 (0.50)			
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water					
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)					Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 8.20 11.70 Water added to assist drilling		Chiselling Depths (m) 1.20 -4.00 Time Tools used 90 mins Chisel		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH8 Sheet 1 of 2		

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled JK / MY Logged PL Checked HW		Start 25/06/2007 End 27/06/2007		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 12.30m.		Depth from 0.00m to 8.20m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 8.20m 12.30m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chalnage	
Samples and Tests					Strata				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)		Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
10.00-10.45 10.00-10.45	SPT C B 11	N=21 (2,3/4,4,6,7)	10.00	8.00	Stiff becoming very stiff brown and grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.		10.00		
11.50-11.95 11.50-11.95	SPT C B 12	N=37 (5,4/6,6,10,15)	11.50 26/06/2007 11.70 27/06/2007 11.70	8.20 1700 8.00 8800 3.00			(2.42)		
12.30-12.42	SPT C	50 (25 for 50mm/50 for 70mm)	27/06/2007 12.00 12.30	1700 3.00 3.00			12.42		
					EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 12.42 m				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)		Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 11.40 -11.70 90 mins Chisel 11.70 -11.90 60 mins Chisel 11.90 -12.00 60 mins Chisel 12.00 -12.30 90 mins Chisel		
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m) None observed (see Key Sheet)									
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH8 Sheet 2 of 2		

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled JK Logged PL Checked HW	Start 19/06/2007 End 20/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 11.20m		Depth from 0.00m to 6.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 6.00m 150mm 11.20m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests				Strata		
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)
			19/06/2007	0800 dry	MADE GROUND: Medium dense grey and brown slightly clayey slightly sandy angular to sub angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick and concrete with some angular cobbles of sandstone brick and concrete. Rare ragments of plastic and metal.	
1.50-1.95	SPT C	N=11 (2,3/3,3,3,2)	1.00	0.70		
2.00-2.50	B 1					
2.50-2.95 2.50-3.00	SPT C B 2	N=22 (4,4/7,6,5,4)	1.50	1.00		(5.10)
3.50-3.95 3.50-4.00	SPT C B 3	N=15 (1,0/0,4,5,6)	3.50	1.90		
4.50-4.95	SPT C	N=1 (1,0/0,0,0,1)	4.50	2.50	4.50-4.95 m Very loose.	
5.50-6.10	U 4	10 blows 450 mm rec	5.50	2.80	Soft black and brown slightly sandy organic CLAY with frequent roots and rootlets.	5.10
6.50-7.00 6.50-7.10	B 13 U 5	23 blows 450 mm rec	6.00	2.80		(1.90)
7.50-8.10	U 6	10 blows 60 mm rec	7.50	3.10	Soft dark brown and light grey sandy CLAY.	7.00
8.00-8.50	B 7					
9.00-9.50	B 8					(3.50)
9.50-9.95 9.50-10.00 9.50-9.95	SPT S B 10 D 9	N=5 (1,2/1,1,2,1)	9.50	5.30		
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 10.50 m	
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour 1 1.00 Rose to 0.70 m after 20 minutes.					Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used	
Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd					Borehole BH9 Sheet 1 of 2	

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Scale 1:50

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled JK Logged PL Checked HW	Start 19/06/2007 End 20/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m, Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 11.20m	Depth from 0.00m to 6.00m Diameter 200mm 150mm Casing Depth 6.00m 11.20m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water
10.50-11.00	B 11		19/06/2007 10.50	1700 5.30
			20/06/2007 9.50	0800 3.20
11.00-11.20	B 12			
11.20-11.63	SPT C	50 (7,15/13,13,14,10 for 55mm)	11.00	3.00
			20/06/2007 11.00	1700 3.00
Soft dark brown and light grey sandy CLAY. Dense grey brown very silty very sandy GRAVEL. Very dense dark brown clayey sandy sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with some sub rounded cobbles of sandstone. EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 11.63 m				
Depth, Level/ (Thickness) Legend Backfill/ Instruments				
10.50 (0.50) 11.00 (0.63) 11.63				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour Depth sealed (m)				
Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)				
Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 11.00 -11.20 45 mins Chisel				
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 11/01/2008 12:55:52			Borehole BH9 Sheet 2 of 2	

Borehole Log

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW		Start 29/05/2007 End 30/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 16.20m		Depth from 0.00m to 13.00m Diameter 200mm 150mm Casing Depth 13.00m 16.20m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests				Strata		
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)
			29/05/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Very soft to soft brown grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone and brick. Gravel is angular to sub rounded fine to medium of mudstone sandstone and brick.	
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=0 (1,0/-,-,-,-)		dry		
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	N=0 (1,0/-,-,-,-)		dry		(5.50)
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	N=7 (3,3/3,2,1,1)	3.50	dry		
4.50-4.95 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	N=6 (1,1/1,1,3,1)	4.50	dry		
5.50-5.95 5.50-5.80	SPT C B 5	N=20 (3,6/6,6,3,5)	5.50	dry	MADE GROUND: Medium dense dark grey and black clayey sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of brick sandstone and slag with some sub angular cobbles of sandstone and slag.	5.50
6.50-6.90 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 6	N=26 (15,10 for 25mm/5,5,9,7)	6.50	dry		(2.00)
7.50-7.95 7.50-7.80	SPT C B 7	N=3 (2,0/0,0,1,2)	7.50	7.10	MADE GROUND: Very soft slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is angular to sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.	7.50
			29/05/2007 8.20	1700 7.10		(1.00)
8.50-8.95 8.50-8.80	SPT C B 8	N=20 (5,5/4,7,4,5)	30/05/2007 8.20 8.50	0800 7.30	MADE GROUND: Stiff dark grey to black organic slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone. Rare metal fragments.	8.50
						(1.50)
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water		
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour Depth sealed (m) 1 7.40 Rose to 7.10 m after 20 minutes.					Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 6.40 - 6.60 30 mins Chisel	
Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd					Borehole BH12 Sheet 1 of 2	

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 29/05/2007 End 30/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 16.20m	Depth from 0.00m to 13.00m Diameter 200mm 150mm Casing Depth 13.00m 16.20m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)
10.00-10.45 10.00-10.30	SPT C B 9	N=14 (15,6/4,4,3,3)	10.00	MADE GROUND: Medium dense black slightly clayey slightly sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with some sub angular cobbles of sandstone.
12.00-12.45 12.00-12.45 12.00-12.50	SPT S D 10 B 11	N=18 (1,2/3,4,5,6)	12.00 dry	Stiff becoming very stiff dark grey and brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.
14.00-14.45 14.00-14.45 14.00-14.50	SPT S D 12 B 13	N=11 (1,1/1,3,3,4)	14.00 dry	14.00-14.45 m Firm
15.50-15.68 15.50-16.20	SPT C B 14	50 (25 for 70mm/ 32,18 for 30mm)	15.50	Very stiff brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional subangular cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.
16.20-16.45	SPT C	50 (18,7 for 15mm/ 23,20,7 for 10mm)	16.20 12.30 30/05/2007 1700 16.20 12.30	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 16.45 m
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing Time Water	
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour 2 15.10 Rose to 12.30 m after 20 minutes.				Depth sealed (m) Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column. Scale 1:50				Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 11.90 - 12.40 75 mins Chisel 15.50 - 16.20 120 mins Chisel
Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd				Borehole BH12 Sheet 2 of 2

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 22/05/2007 End 24/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 16.50m	Depth from 0.00m to 11.40m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 11.40m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth 1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	Type & No SPT C B 1	Records N=5 (1,1/2,1,1,1)	Date Casing 22/05/2007 Time Water 1200	Description MADE GROUND: Brown clayey slightly sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick and mortar with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone.
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	N=30 (4,10/10,8,6,6)	2.50 dry	MADE GROUND: Soft becoming stiff brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional angular cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub angular fine to coarse of sandstone and brick.
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	N=21 (3,4/4,7,4,6)	3.50 dry	2.50-2.95 m Very Stiff
4.50-4.95	SPT C	N=2 (1,0/1,0,1,0)	22/05/2007 1700 4.50 dry 23/05/2007 0800 4.50 dry	MADE GROUND: No recovery. Apparently large masonry / brickwork (Drillers discription).
5.50-5.95 5.50-6.00	SPT C B 4	N=6 (2,2/2,1,0,3)	5.50 dry	MADE GROUND: Loose black slightly silty sandy angular to sub angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone and brick with occasional angular cobbles of sandstone. Rare fragments of metal. High level of contamination.
6.50-6.95 6.50-6.90	SPT C B 5	N=12 (5,5/3,3,1,5)	6.50 dry	6.50-6.95 m Medium dense
7.50-7.88 7.50-8.00	SPT C B 6	50 (5,15/14,19,16,1 for 5mm)	7.50 dry	7.50-7.88 m Very dense
8.50-8.95 8.50-9.00	SPT C B 7	N=7 (6,5/2,2,1,2)	8.50 dry	(5.90)
23/05/2007 1700 10.00 5.40			Stratum continues to 11.40 m	
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour 1 5.20 Remained at 5.20 m after 20 minutes.			Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 3.00 Contamination below 3.00m	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408 24 11/01/2008 12:56:03			Borehole BH13 Sheet 1 of 2	

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 22/05/2007 End 24/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 16.50m	Depth from 0.00m to 11.40m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 11.40m 16.50m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chalmage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth 10.00-10.35 10.00-10.50	Type & No SPT C B 8	Records 50 (7,11/10,19,21 for 50mm)	Date 10.00 24/05/2007 Time 0800 10.00 5.30	Description (Continued from Sheet 1) MADE GROUND: Loose black slightly silty sandy angular to sub angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone and brick with occasional angular cobbles of sandstone. Rare fragments of metal. High level of contamination.
11.50-11.95 11.50-11.80 11.50-11.95	SPT S B 10 D 9	N=25 (7,8/10,5,5,5)	11.50 damp	Stiff brown and black slightly sandy slightly gravelly organic CLAY with many wood fragments and peat lenses (30mm x 40mm). Gravel is sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.
13.00-13.45 13.00-13.45 13.00-13.50	SPT S D 11 B 12	N=27 (2,2/2,6,8,11)	24/05/2007 1700 13.00 damp 25/05/2007 0800 13.00 5.40	Medium dense becoming very dense brown slightly clayey slightly sandy sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with some sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone.
15.00-15.38 15.00-15.50	SPT C B 13	50 (5,11/12,16,20,2 for 5mm)	15.00 damp	
16.50-16.70	SPT C	50 (20,5 for 15mm/ 32,18 for 35mm)	16.50 25/05/2007 1700 16.50 5.40	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 16.70 m
Depth 10.00-11.40 11.40-12.80 12.80-16.70	Type & No SPT C B 8 SPT S B 10 D 9 SPT S D 11 B 12 SPT C B 13	Records 50 (7,11/10,19,21 for 50mm) N=25 (7,8/10,5,5,5) N=27 (2,2/2,6,8,11) 50 (5,11/12,16,20,2 for 5mm)	Date 10.00 24/05/2007 Time 0800 10.00 5.30 24/05/2007 1700 13.00 damp 25/05/2007 0800 13.00 5.40	Depth, Level (Thickness) 10.00-10.35 m Very dense 11.40 (1.40) 12.80 (3.90) 16.70
Groundwater Entries No. Struck (m) Post strike behaviour	Depth sealed (m)	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)	Chiselling Depths (m) 10.00-11.40 11.90-12.80 15.40-15.40	Time 195 mins 150 mins 150 mins
Tools used Chisel Chisel Chisel	Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	Borehole BH13 Sheet 2 of 2		

Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW		Start 17/05/2007 End 21/05/2007		Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50m - 16.25m		Depth from 0.00m to 13.50m 13.50m 16.25m		Diameter 200mm 150mm		Casing Depth 13.50m 16.25m		Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chalnage	
Samples and Tests						Strata							
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments					
1.10	B 16		17/05/2007	1200	MADE GROUND: Grey black and red slightly clayey sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of brick sandstone and mortar with occasional angular cobbles of brick mortar and sandstone. Rare fragments of metal and cardboard.	(1.50)							
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=6 (1,1/1,1,2,2)		dry	MADE GROUND: Loose black brown and grey clayey slightly sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick mudstone mortar coal and coke with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone and brick.	1.50							
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	N=9 (1,2/1,2,2,4)	17/05/2007 2.50 18/05/2007 2.50	1700 2.20 2.20 0800 damp									
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.95	SPT C B 3	N=15 (5,5/2,5,5,3)	3.50	damp		3.50-3.95 m Medium dense							
4.50-4.95 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	N=4 (1,0/1,1,1,1)	4.50	damp									
5.50-5.95 5.50-5.80	SPT C B 5	N=6 (1,1/2,1,2,1)	5.50	damp									
6.50-6.95 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 6	N=6 (1,1/2,1,2,1)	6.50	damp									
7.50-7.95 7.50-7.80	SPT C B 7	N=4 (1,1/1,1,1,1)	7.50	damp		(11.40)							
8.50-8.95 8.50-8.80	SPT C B 8	N=6 (2,2/1,2,1,2)	8.50	damp									
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 12.90 m								
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour Depth seated (m) 1 2.50 Rose to 2.20 m after 20 minutes.					Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 1.50 12.90 Samples were heavily contaminated with hydrocarbons					Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used			
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd					Borehole BH14 Sheet 1 of 2			

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 17/05/2007 End 21/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50m - 16.25m	Depth from 0.00m to 13.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 13.50m 16.25m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chalmers
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth 10.00-10.45 10.00-10.30	Type & No SPT C B 9	Records N=5 (2,2/1,2,1,1)	Date 10.00 Time damp	Description (Continued from Sheet 1) MADE GROUND: Loose black brown and grey clayey slightly sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick mudstone mortar coal and coke with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone and brick.
11.50-11.95 11.50-11.80 11.80-12.10	SPT C B 10 B 17	N=20 (2,2/9,3,4,4)	11.50 damp	11.50-11.95 m Medium dense
12.50-12.80	B 18			
12.90 13.00-13.45 13.00-13.45	D 11 SPT S D 12	N=20 (2,3/4,4,5,7)	13.00 damp	12.90 (0.90) Stiff black and brown spongy pseudo-fibrous very organic CLAY with wood fragments and mild decomposing odour.
13.80 14.00-14.45 14.00-14.30	D 13 SPT C B 19	N=30 (5,6/5,9,7,9)	14.00 damp	13.80 (2.65) Stiff becoming very stiff brown and grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.
15.50-15.59 15.50-15.75 15.50-16.25 15.60	SPT C B 14 B 15 B 20	50 (25 for 40mm/50 for 50mm)	18/05/2007 1700 15.50 damp 21/05/2007 0800 15.50 10.70	
16.25-16.45	SPT C	50 (13,12 for 45mm/50)	26/05/2007 1000 16.25 10.70	16.45 EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 16.45 m
Depth 15.50-16.25	Type & No Chiselling	Records Depths (m)	Date 15.50-16.25 Time 150 mins	Tools used Chisel
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour			Depth sealed (m)	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy	Borehole BH14
Scale 1:50			Project No. H7043	Sheet 2 of 2
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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW		Start 14/05/2007 End 17/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 16.20m.		Depth from 0.00m to 14.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 14.00m 16.20m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage		
Samples and Tests					Strata			
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=8 (3,4/2,1,1,4)	14/05/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Loose black and brown clayey slightly sandy sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of brick mortar and sandstone with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles of brick sandstone and mortar.	(4.50)		
2.30-3.80 2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	B 15 SPT C B 2	N=5 (3,2/1,1,1,2)						
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	N=4 (1,1/1,1,1,1)	3.00					
4.50-4.95 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	N=6 (1,0/1,1,1,3)	3.00					
5.50-5.95 5.50-5.80	SPT C B 5	N=5 (1,1/2,1,1,1)	14/05/2007 5.00	1730 dry	MADE GROUND: Soft black and brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub-angular to sub-rounded cobbles of brick and sandstone. Gravel is sub-angular to sub-rounded fine to coarse of brick sandstone and mortar. Strong hydrocarbon odour.	4.50		
			15/05/2007 5.00	0900 dry				
6.50-6.95 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 6	N=5 (1,1/2,1,1,1)	6.50		MADE GROUND: Loose black slightly silty slightly sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of mudstone siltstone coal and coke with occasional angular cobbles of mudstone and siltstone. (COLLIERY SPOIL)	6.50		
7.50-7.95 7.50-7.80	SPT C B 7	N=5 (1,2/1,2,1,1)	7.50					
8.50-8.95 8.50-8.80	SPT C B 8	N=3 (1,1/1,1,0,1)	8.50					
Stratum continues to 11.60 m								
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)					Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 7.50 12.50 Water added to assist drilling		Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH15 Sheet 1 of 2	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 11/01/2008 12:56:16								

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled MY Logged PL Checked HW		Start 23/05/2007 End 25/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 11.00m		Depth from 0.00m to 5.00m Diameter 200mm 150mm Casing Depth 5.00m 11.00m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage		
Samples and Tests					Strata			
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
11.00-11.41 11.00	SPT S D 10	50 (5,8/14,13,13,10 for 35mm)	11,00 25/05/2007 11,00	4,10 1700 4,10	Stiff becoming very stiff brown mottled grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.	11.41		
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 11.41 m								
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)					Depth sealed (m)	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)		
Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 10.30 -10.50 30 mins Chisel 10.80 -11.00 30 mins Chisel								
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH16 Sheet 2 of 2	

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Drilled MY Logged PL Checked HW		Start 15/05/2007 End 22/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50m - 26.00m.		Depth from 0.00m to 12.50m 12.50m to 26.00m	Diameter 200mm 150mm	Casing Depth 12.50m 26.00m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests					Strata				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments	
			11/05/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Loose black slightly silty sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of mudstone siltstone coal coke and sandstone with occasional angular cobbles of sandstone and mudstone. (COLLIERY SPOIL).				
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.95	SPT C B 1	N=1 (1,0/1,0,0,0)		dry					
2.00-2.45 2.00-2.45	SPT C B 2	N=2 (1,0/1,0,1,0)	2.00	dry					
3.00-3.45 3.00-3.45	SPT C B 3	N=2 (1,0/1,0,1,0)	3.00	dry					
4.00-4.45 4.00-4.45	SPT C B 4	N=2 (1,1/1,0,1,0)	4.00	dry					
			11/05/2007 4.50	1700 dry					
			14/05/2007 4.50	0800 dry					
5.00-5.45 5.00-5.45	SPT C B 5	N=2 (1,0/1,0,1,0)	5.00	dry					
6.00-6.45 6.00-6.45	SPT C B 6	N=5 (2,2/2,1,2,0)	6.00	dry		6.00-6.45 m Loose	(11.80)		
7.00-7.45 7.00-7.45	SPT C B 7	N=1 (1,0/1,0,0,0)	7.00	dry					
8.00-8.45 8.00-8.45	SPT C B 8	N=2 (1,0/1,0,0,1)	8.00	dry					
9.50-9.95 9.50-9.95	SPT C B 9	N=3 (1,1/1,0,1,1)	9.50	dry					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 11.80 m				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour (m)					Depth sealed (m)		Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH17 Sheet 1 of 3		

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled MY Logged PL Checked HW	Start 15/05/2007 End 22/05/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50m - 26.00m.	Depth from 0.00m to 12.50m Diameter 200mm to 150mm Casing Depth 12.50m to 26.00m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chalmage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water
11.00-11.45 11.00-11.45	SPT C B 10	N=3 (1,1/1,0,1,1)	11.00 14/05/2007 11.40 15/05/2007 11.40	dry 1700 dry 0800 10.40
MADE GROUND: Loose black slightly silty sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of mudstone siltstone coal coke and sandstone with occasional angular cobbles of sandstone and mudstone. (COLLIERY SPOIL).				
12.50-12.95 12.50-12.95	SPT C B 11	N=22 (2,2/4,5,5,8)	12.50	10.40
Medium dense brown sandy silt and gravel (Drillers discription).				
14.00-14.45 14.00-14.45	SPT C B 12	N=24 (3,4/5,7,7,5)	14.00	10.90
15.50-15.95 15.50-15.95	SPT C B 13	N=25 (10,4/5,5,7,8)	15.50	10.90
17.00-17.45 17.00-17.45	SPT C B 14	N=38 (7,8/13,7,11,7)	15/05/2007 15.50 16/05/2007 15.50 17.00	1700 10.40 0800 14.70 14.70
18.50-18.95 18.50-18.95	SPT C B 15	N=34 (7,6/9,8,9,8)	18.50 16/05/2007 18.70 21/05/2007 18.70	14.70 1700 14.70 0800 11.70
Stiff becoming very stiff brown mottled grey slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.				
Stratum continues to 26.42 m				
Groundwater Entries No. 1 Struck 11.60 Post strike behaviour Rose to 10.40 m after 20 minutes.			Depth sealed (m) -	
Depth Related Remarks * From 11.60 to 10.40 (m)			Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 11.00-11.80 90 mins Chisel 13.00-14.20 150 mins Chisel 14.20-14.80 60 mins Chisel 15.50-16.10 90 mins Chisel 16.20-16.70 60 mins Chisel 16.80-17.00 45 mins Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408 24 11/01/2005 12.56.31			Borehole BH17 Sheet 2 of 3	

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 12/06/2007 End 14/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 14.00m.	Depth from 0.00m to 6.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 6.00m 14.00m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth 1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	Type & No SPT C B 1	Records N=16 (1,1/2,4,5,5)	Date 12/06/2007 Time 0800	Description MADE GROUND: Brown and red slightly clayey slightly sandy slightly gravelly COBBLES of sandstone brick and concrete. Gravel is angular fine to coarse of brick sandstone and concrete.
1.50 0.20				1.50
2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80	SPT S B 2	N=16 (2,4/4,5,3,4)	2.50 0.20	MADE GROUND: Medium dense black slightly silty sandy sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of coke coal slag and mudstone. (COLLIERY SPOIL).
2.50 0.20				2.50
3.50-3.80	B 3			3.50
4.50-4.95	SPT C	N=50 (3,9/12,12,13,13)	12/06/2007 1700 4.40 damp 4.50 damp 13/06/2007 0800 4.40 4.00	4.50-4.95 m Very dense
5.50				5.50
6.00-6.45 6.00-6.30	SPT S B 4	N=3 (1,0/0,1,1,1)	6.00	Very soft spongy black and brown slightly clayey slightly sandy pseudo-fibrous PEAT with rare wood fragments.
6.00 1.90				6.00
7.00-7.45 7.00-7.30	SPT S B 5	N=3 (1,0/0,1,1,1)	7.00	Medium dense dark grey slightly clayey sandy sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with occasional rounded cobbles of sandstone.
7.00 2.10				7.00
8.00-8.45 8.00-8.30	SPT S B 6	N=19 (3,3/4,5,5,5)	8.00	Dense and medium dense brown and grey clayey sandy angular fine to coarse
8.00 9.50				8.00
9.50-9.95 9.50	SPT C B 7	N=36 (8,10/10,7,8,11)	9.50 7.00	Dense and medium dense brown and grey clayey sandy angular fine to coarse
9.50				9.50
Groundwater Entries			Depth Related Remarks *	
No. 1	Struck (m) 9.50	Post strike behaviour Rose to 7.00 m after 20 minutes.	Depth sealed (m) -	From to (m) 3.10 4.40 Water added to assist drilling 3.30 Large obstruction 4.40 9.00 Water added to assist drilling
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	
Scale 1:50 (c) ESGL www.esgl.co.uk 408.24 11/01/2008 12:56:38			Borehole BH18 Sheet 1 of 2	

Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 12/06/2007 End 14/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated trial pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 14.00m.		Depth from 0.00m to 6.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 6.00m 14.00m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage			
Samples and Tests			Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description (Continued from Sheet 1)	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
11.00-11.45 11.00-11.50	SPT C B 8	N=22 (2,3/5,6,5,6)	13/06/2007 11.00 14/06/2007 11.00	1700 7.00 0800 7.00	GRAVEL of sandstone with occasional angular to rounded cobbles of sandstone.	(4.95)		
12.50-12.95	SPT C	N=13 (2,1/2,3,4,4)	12.50	8.00				
14.00-14.45	SPT C	N=42 (3,6/6,8,10,18)	14.00 14/06/2007 14.00	9.10 1700 9.10	14.00-14.45 m Very dense	14.45		
EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 14.45 m								
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water				
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour			Depth sealed (m)			Depth Related Remarks * From to (m)		
						Chiselling Depths (m) Time Tools used 10.50 -11.00 45 mins Chisel 13.50 -14.00 60 mins Chisel		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd		Borehole BH18 Sheet 2 of 2	

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 31/05/2007 End 04/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m, Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 17.95m. Borehole was very heavily contaminated.	Depth from 0.00m to 13.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 13.50m 17.80m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage				
Samples and Tests			Strata					
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Description	Depth, Level (Thickness)	Legend	Backfill/ Instruments
1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80	SPT C B 1	N=0 (1,0,-,-,-,-)	31/05/2007	0800	MADE GROUND: Black slightly clayey sandy sub angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone brick coal and mudstone with occasional sub angular cobbles of sandstone.	(1.50)		
2.50-2.64 2.50-2.80	SPT C B 2	50 (25/50 for 60mm)		dry	MADE GROUND: Very soft and soft brown and grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone brick and mudstone.	1.50		
3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80	SPT C B 3	N=10 (1,1/2,4,2,2)	3.50	dry		2.50-2.64 m Very stiff		
4.50-4.95 4.50-4.80	SPT C B 4	N=5 (1,2/1,1,2,1)	3.90	dry		3.50-3.95 m Firm		
6.50-6.95 6.50-6.80	SPT C B 5	N=3 (1,0/1,0,1,1)	6.10	dry		(10.00)		
7.50-7.95 7.50-7.80	SPT C B 6	N=6 (1,1/1,1,2,2)	7.50	dry				
9.00-9.45 9.00-9.30	SPT C B 7	N=0 (1,0,-,-,-,-)	9.00	dry				
			31/05/2007 10.00	1700 9.00				
Depth	Type & No	Records	Date Casing	Time Water	Stratum continues to 11.50 m			
Groundwater Entries No. Struck (m) Post strike behaviour 1 9.50 Rose to 9.30 m after 20 minutes.					Depth sealed (m) 9.50	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 9.50 10.00 Water added to assist drilling		
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.					Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	Borehole BH19 Sheet 1 of 2		

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 31/05/2007 End 04/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated Inspection pit GL - 1.50m, Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 17.95m. Borehole was very heavily contaminated.	Depth from 0.00m to 13.50m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 13.50m 17.80m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage
Samples and Tests			Strata	
Depth 10.00-10.45 10.00-10.30	Type & No SPT C B 8	Records N=9 (1,1/2,2,2,3)	Date 10.00 01/06/2007 Time 0800 8.80	Description (Continued from Sheet 1) MADE GROUND: Very soft and soft brown and grey slightly sandy gravelly CLAY with occasional sub angular to sub rounded cobbles of sandstone brick and mudstone.
12.00-12.45 12.00-12.45 12.00-12.45	SPT S B 10 D 9	N=24 (4,5/7,5,6,6)	12.00	MADE GROUND: Medium dense black slightly silty sandy angular fine to coarse GRAVEL of mudstone siltstone coal and coke with occasional angular cobbles of mudstone. (COLLIERY SPOIL)
13.50-13.95 13.50-13.95 13.50-14.00	SPT S D 11 B 12	N=35 (2,5/5,7,9,14)	13.50	Very stiff brown and black fibrous PEAT with many fragments of wood.
15.00-15.45 15.00-15.45 15.00 15.00-15.90	SPT S D 13 B 14 B 16	N=11 (1,1/2,3,3,3)	15.00	Firm brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse of sandstone.
16.50-16.89 16.50-17.00 16.50-17.00	SPT C B 15 B 17	50 (8,10/11,16,14,9 for 15mm)	16.50 01/06/2007 1700 17.20 damp 04/06/2007 0800 17.20 10.60	Very dense brown slightly clayey slightly sandy sub rounded to rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with some rounded cobbles of sandstone.
17.80-17.96	SPT C	50 (25/42,8 for 5mm)	04/06/2007 1200 17.80 10.80 17.80 10.60	EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 17.96 m
Depth 10.00-10.45 10.00-10.30	Type & No SPT C B 8	Records N=9 (1,1/2,2,2,3)	Date 10.00 01/06/2007 Time 0800 8.80	Depth, Level (Thickness) 10.00-10.45 m Firm 11.50 (1.80) 13.30 (1.50) 14.80 (0.90) 15.70 (2.26) 17.96
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour 2 15.70 Rose to 10.90 m after 20 minutes.			Depth sealed (m)	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 13.50 17.20 Water added to assist drilling
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	Borehole BH19 Sheet 2 of 2

Scale 1:50

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Borehole Log



Soil Mechanics

Drilled RD Logged PL Checked HW	Start 04/06/2007 End 11/06/2007	Equipment, Methods and Remarks Dando 2000 Machine excavated inspection pit GL - 1.50m. Light cable percussive methods 1.50 - 8.80m	Depth from 0.00m to 6.00m Diameter 200mm Casing Depth 6.00m 8.80m	Ground Level Coordinates National Grid Chainage	
Samples and Tests			Strata		
Depth 0.00-1.50 1.50-1.95 1.50-1.80 2.50-2.95 2.50-2.80 3.50-3.95 3.50-3.80 4.50-4.95 4.50-4.80 5.50-5.95 5.50-5.95 5.50-5.80 6.50-6.95 6.50-7.00 6.50-6.80 7.50-7.95 7.50-8.00 8.50-8.65 8.50-8.80	Type & No B 1 SPT C B 2 SPT C B 3 SPT C B 4 SPT C B 5 SPT S D 6 B 7 SPT C B 11 D 8 SPT C B 9 SPT C B 10	Records N=2 (1,0/0,1,0,1) N=14 (3,3/2,3,4,5) N=10 (1,2/2,3,3) N=9 (1,0/1,3,2,3) N=20 (13,8/6,4,4,6) N=31 (2,3/6,9,8,8) N=27 (2,2/2,5,9,11) 50 (25 for 70mm/50)	Date 04/06/2007 04/06/2007 07/06/2007 07/06/2007 08/06/2007 08/06/2007 08/06/2007 11/06/2007 11/06/2007 11/06/2007	Time 1200 1700 040 0800 040 2.50 3.50 4.50 5.50 1800 2.00 7.50 1800 2.00 1200 0800 1.20	
Description MADE GROUND: Very soft becoming firm brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with occasional sub rounded to rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub angular to sub rounded fine to coarse of sandstone and brick. Loose brown and grey silty very sandy GRAVEL with some sub rounded cobbles of sandstone. Gravel is sub angular to subrounded fine to coarse of sandstone. Medium dense becoming very dense brown very silty very sandy sub-rounded to rounded fine to coarse GRAVEL of sandstone with some rounded cobbles of sandstone. 6.50-6.95 m Dense EXPLORATORY HOLE ENDS AT 8.80 m			Depth, Level (Thickness) (4.40) 4.40 (1.10) 5.50 (3.30) 8.80	Legend 	Backfill/ Instruments
Groundwater Entries No. Struck Post strike behaviour 1 1.00 Rose to 0.40 m after 20 minutes.	Depth sealed (m) 1.00	Depth Related Remarks * From to (m) 2.00 6.80 Water added to assist drilling	Chiselling Depths (m) 6.30 -6.80 8.50 -8.80	Time Tools used 60 mins Chisel 45 mins Chisel	
Notes: For explanation of symbols and abbreviations see key sheet. All depths and reduced levels in metres. Stratum thickness given in brackets in depth column.			Project BP Llandarcy Project No. H7043 Carried out for BP Europe Ltd	Borehole BH20 Sheet 1 of 1	

Scale 1:50

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Appendix B – Laboratory Test Results

Project No.

H7043

Tests in the following list marked * are not UKAS accredited

ITEM	Sheet Nos	Comments
Contents	page(s) 1 to 1	

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INDEX PROPERTIES - SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Project No		Project Name												
H7043		BP Llandarcy												
Hole No.	Sample				Soil Description	ρ	ρ_d	W	< 425 μ m sieve	W_L	W_P	I_P	ρ_s	Remarks
	No.	Depth (m)		type		Mg/m ³	%	%	%	%	%	Mg/m ³		
		from	to											
BH1	5	5.50	5.80	B	Brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL with cobbles			10	82 s	22 a	NP			Not plastic - sandy.
BH2	3	7.50	8.00	B	Brown black slightly sandy PEAT			401						
BH5	7	6.00		D	Brown black slightly sandy PEAT with a little wood			631						
BH5	13	11.50	11.80	B	Brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL with cobbles			10	36 s	26 a	NP			Sample not plastic
BH6	15	10.50	11.00	B	Grey brown slightly gravelly very silty PEAT with pieces of wood			108	83 s	b				Sample dilated - not plastic
BH8	11	10.00	10.45	B	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL			15	67 s	23 a	17	6		
BH12	11	12.00	12.50	B	Black grey slightly sandy clayey PEAT with frequent wood			191						
BH12	14	15.50	16.20	B	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL			16	43 s	26 a	17	9		
BH16	6	6.00	6.45	B	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL			8.0	39 s	22 a	15	7		
BH16	9	9.50	9.92	B	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL			7.5	50 s	22 a	13	9		
BH17	14	17.00	17.45	B	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL			9.3	41 s	21 a	14	7		
BH18	6	8.00	8.30	B	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL			21	58 s	25 a	16	9		
BH20	4	3.50	3.80	B	Brown slightly sandy slightly clayey gravelly COBBLES			14	36 s	23 a	15	8		

General notes: All above tests carried out to BS1377 : 1990 definitive method in all cases unless annotated otherwise. See individual test reports for further details.

Key : ρ bulk density, linear W_L Liquid limit W_P Plastic limit <425um preparation ρ_s particle density
 ρ_d dry density a 4 point cone test NP non - plastic n from natural soil -g = gas jar
w moisture content b 1 point cone test I_P Plasticity Index s sieved specimen -p = small pyknometer

QA Ref

SLR 1
Rev 81
Jul 07



Soil Mechanics

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Table

INDX 1

UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION TESTS WITHOUT MEASUREMENT OF PORE PRESSURE - SUMMARY OF RESULTS

Project No		Project Name														
H7043		BP Llandarcy														
Hole No.	Sample				Soil Description	Density		w	Test type	Dia.	σ_3	At failure / end of stage				Remarks
	No.	Depth (m)		type		bulk	dry					Axial strain	$\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$	C_u	M O D E	
		from	to													
BH2	4	8.00	8.60	U	Black PEAT	1.15	0.34	240	UU	103.8	160	11.4	56	28	P	
BH3	9	8.00	8.50	U	Brown PEAT	1.03	0.43	140	UU	102.0	160	19.0	213	107	P	
BH3	11	9.00	9.50	U	Brown black PEAT	1.09	0.27	310	UU	102.0	180	11.0	44	22	P	
BH5	4	4.50		U	Brown PEAT with wood pieces	0.99	0.18	460	UU	102.4	90	16.7	44	22	P	Centre of sample mainly single piece of wood.
BH5	6	5.50		U	Brown PEAT	1.04	0.22	370	UU	101.8	110	14.3	30	15	P	
BH5	8	6.50		U	Soft dark brown organic CLAY	1.06	0.21	400	UU	101.4	130	17.6	14	7	P	
BH5	11	8.50		U	Soft brown CLAY	2.01	1.59	27	UU	99.9	170	12.8	22	11	P	
BH6	10	8.30	8.80	U	Very soft dark brown organic CLAY	1.02	0.23	340	UU	100.0	160	8.5	30	15	C	
BH6	12	9.00	9.50	U	Soft dark brown organic CLAY	1.05	0.23	360	UU	101.4	180	13.6	67	34	P	
BH7	9	10.50	11.00	U	Soft dark brown organic CLAY with wood	1.06	0.21	410	UU	102.4						
BH8	7	7.50	8.00	U	Soft dark brown organic CLAY	1.27	0.35	260	UU	101.5	150	12.5	56	28	P	
BH9	4	5.50	6.10	U	Soft dark brown organic CLAY	1.08	0.28	290	UU	102.8	110	7.6	44	22	C	
BH9	6	7.50	8.10	U	Soft dark brown organic CLAY	1.31	0.51	160	UU	102.4	150	8.6	8	4	P	

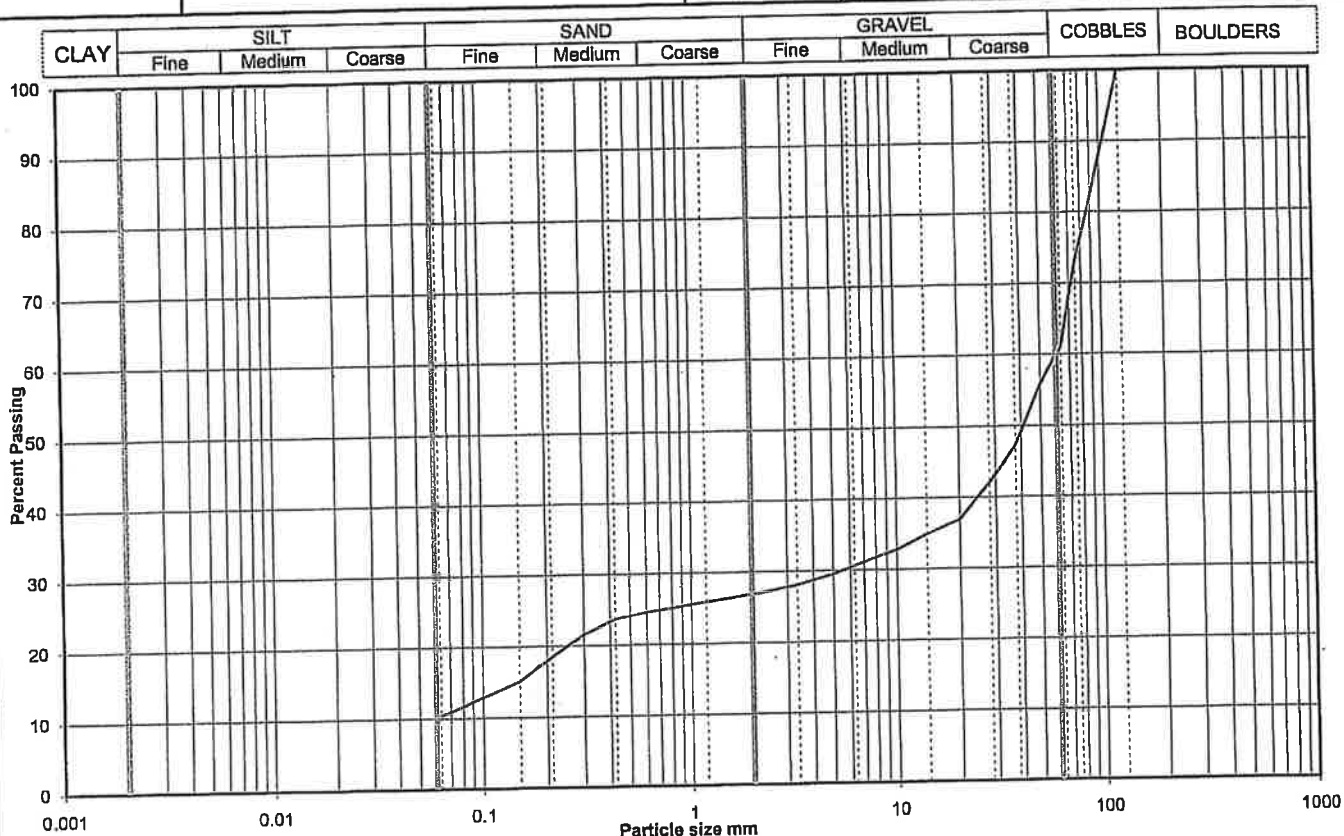
General notes: Tests carried out in accordance with BS1377: Part 7: 1990, clause 8 for single stage, clause 9 for multistage tests. Specimens nominally 2:1 height diameter ratio and tested at a rate of strain of 2%/minute, unless annotated otherwise. See individual test reports for further details.

Legend

UU - single stage test (may be in sets of specimens)	σ_3	cell pressure	Mode of failure	P	plastic
UUM - multistage test on a single specimen	$\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$	deviator stress		B	brittle
suffix R - remoulded or recompacted	C_u	undrained shear strength		C	compound

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH1		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	4.50		
			Samp No	4	Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706200000000136		
			Spec Ref			



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100		
90	82		
75	73		
63	61		
50	56		
37.5	47		
28	42		
20	37		
14	35		
10	33		
6.3	31		
5.0	29		
3.35	28		
2.00	27		
1.18	26		
0.600	25		
0.425	24		
0.300	22		
0.212	19		
0.150	15		
0.063	10		

Dry mass of sample, kg	
8.0	

Soil description	Brown clayey very sandy GRAVEL with many cobbles		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions	Cobbles / boulders Gravel Sand Silt Clay	Whole	*<60mm
		40	0
		33	55
		16	27
		silt+clay =	
		*<60mm values to aid description only	
		11	18

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	#N/A
------------------------	-------------------	------

Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	none

QA Ref
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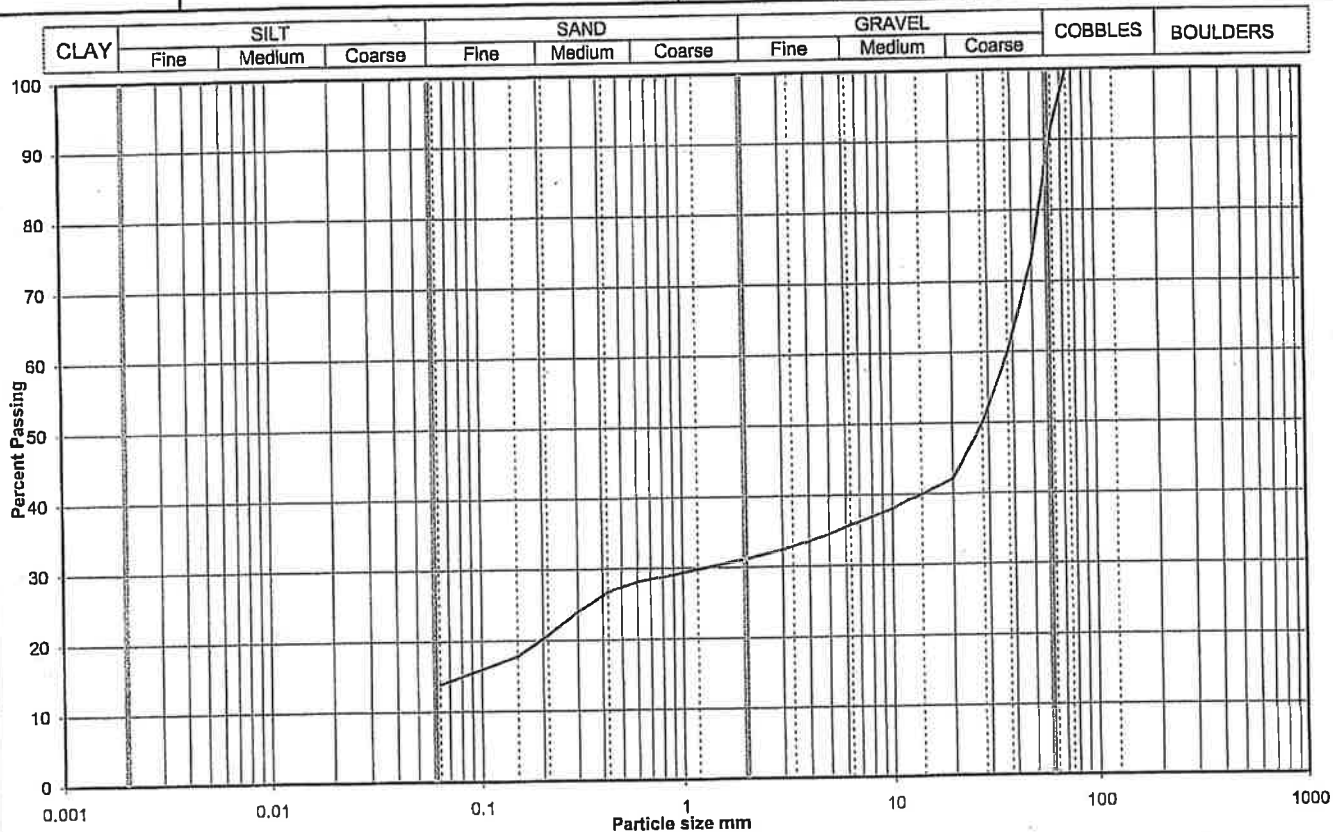
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Figure

PSD 1

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No		BH2	
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)		9.50	
			Samp No	7	Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706250000000160		
			Spec Ref			



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100		
90	100		
75	100		
63	92		
50	73		
37.5	60		
28	50		
20	42		
14	40		
10	38		
6.3	36		
5.0	34		
3.35	33		
2.00	31		
1.18	30		
0.600	28		
0.425	27		
0.300	24		
0.212	21		
0.150	18		
0.063	14		

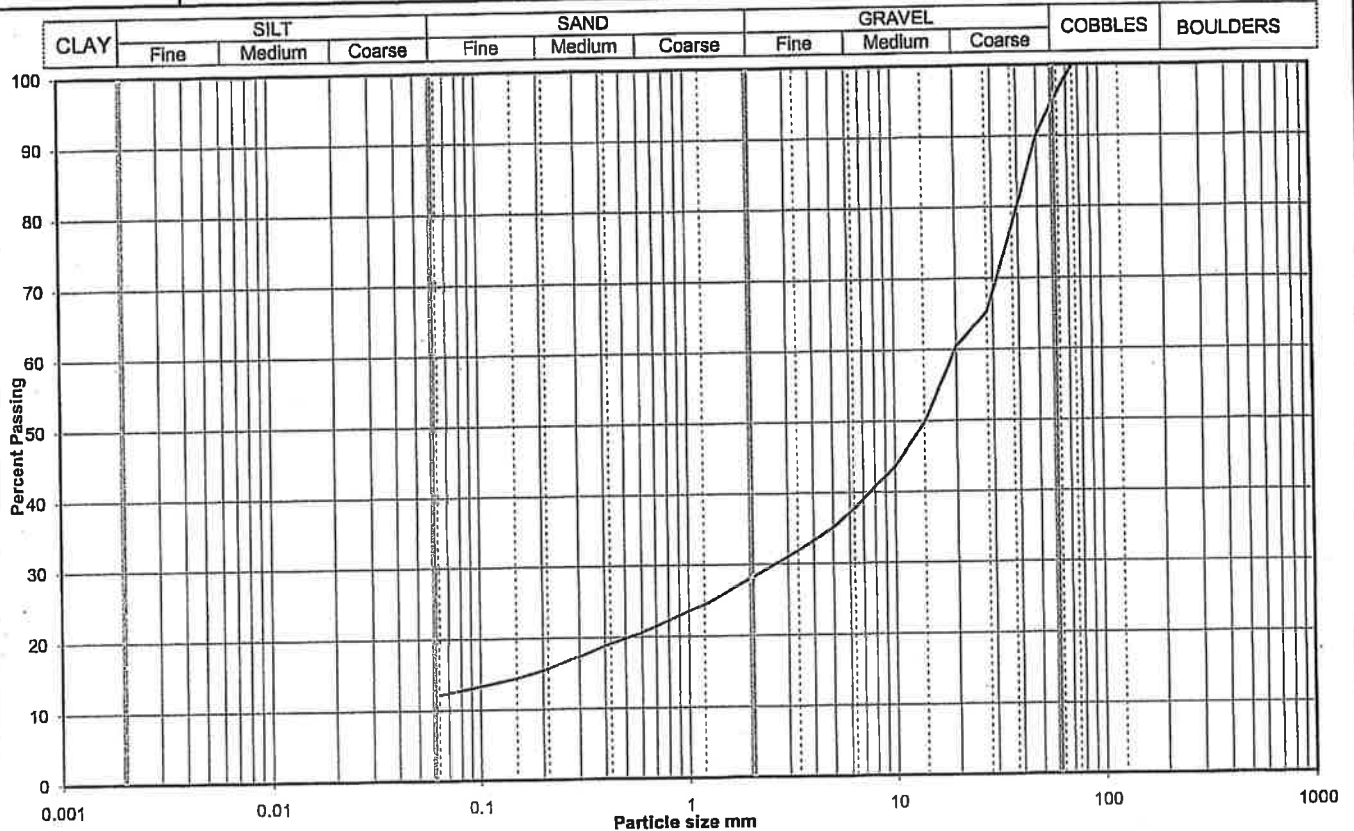
Soil description	Grey sandy clayey GRAVEL with some cobbles		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions *<60mm values to aid description only	Cobbles / boulders Gravel Sand Silt Clay	Whole	*<60mm
		12	0
		57	65
		17	19
		silt+clay =	
		14	16

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	#N/A
------------------------	-------------------	------

Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	none

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH5
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	14.50
			Samp No	15
			Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200707020000000191
			Spec Ref	



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100		
90	100		
75	100		
63	96		
50	90		
37.5	77		
28	65		
20	60		
14	50		
10	44		
6.3	38		
5.0	35		
3.35	32		
2.00	28		
1.18	24		
0.600	21		
0.425	19		
0.300	17		
0.212	16		
0.150	14		
0.063	12		

Soil description	Brown sandy clayey GRAVEL with some cobbles		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions	Cobbles / boulders	Whole	*<60mm
	Gravel	5	0
	Sand	67	71
	Silt	16	17
	Clay	12	13

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	#N/A
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	none

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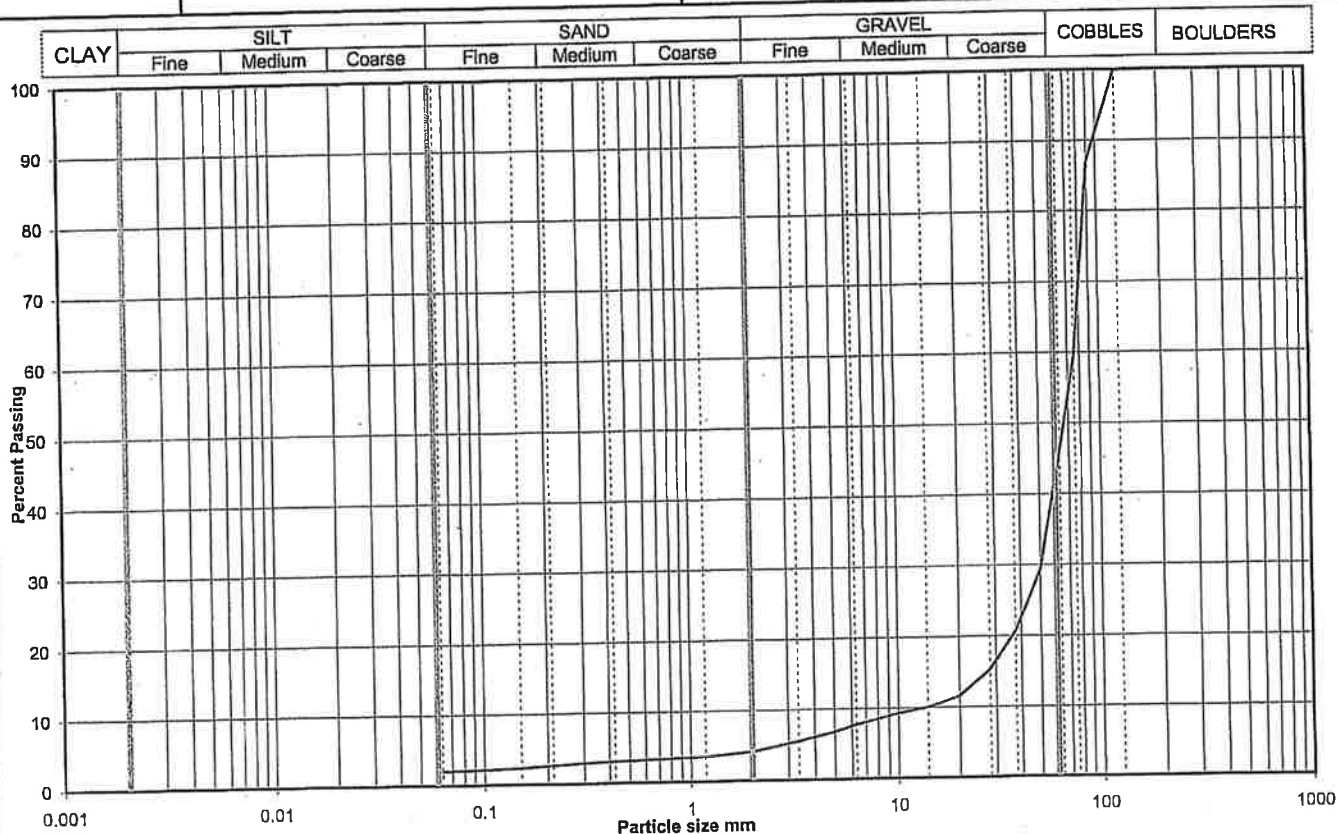
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Figure

PSD 3

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No		BH6	
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)		13.00	
			Samp No	17	Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706180000000118		
			Spec Ref			



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100		
90	87		
75	60		
63	46		
50	29		
37.5	21		
28	15		
20	12		
14	10		
10	9		
6.3	8		
5.0	7		
3.35	6		
2.00	4		
1.18	4		
0.600	3		
0.425	3		
0.300	3		
0.212	3		
0.150	2		
0.063	2		

Soil description	COBBLES with slightly clayey slightly sandy GRAVEL		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions * <60mm values to aid description only	Cobbles / boulders	Whole	* <60mm
	Gravel	57	0
	Sand	39	91
	Silt	2	5
	Clay	silt+clay = 2	5

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	6
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	none

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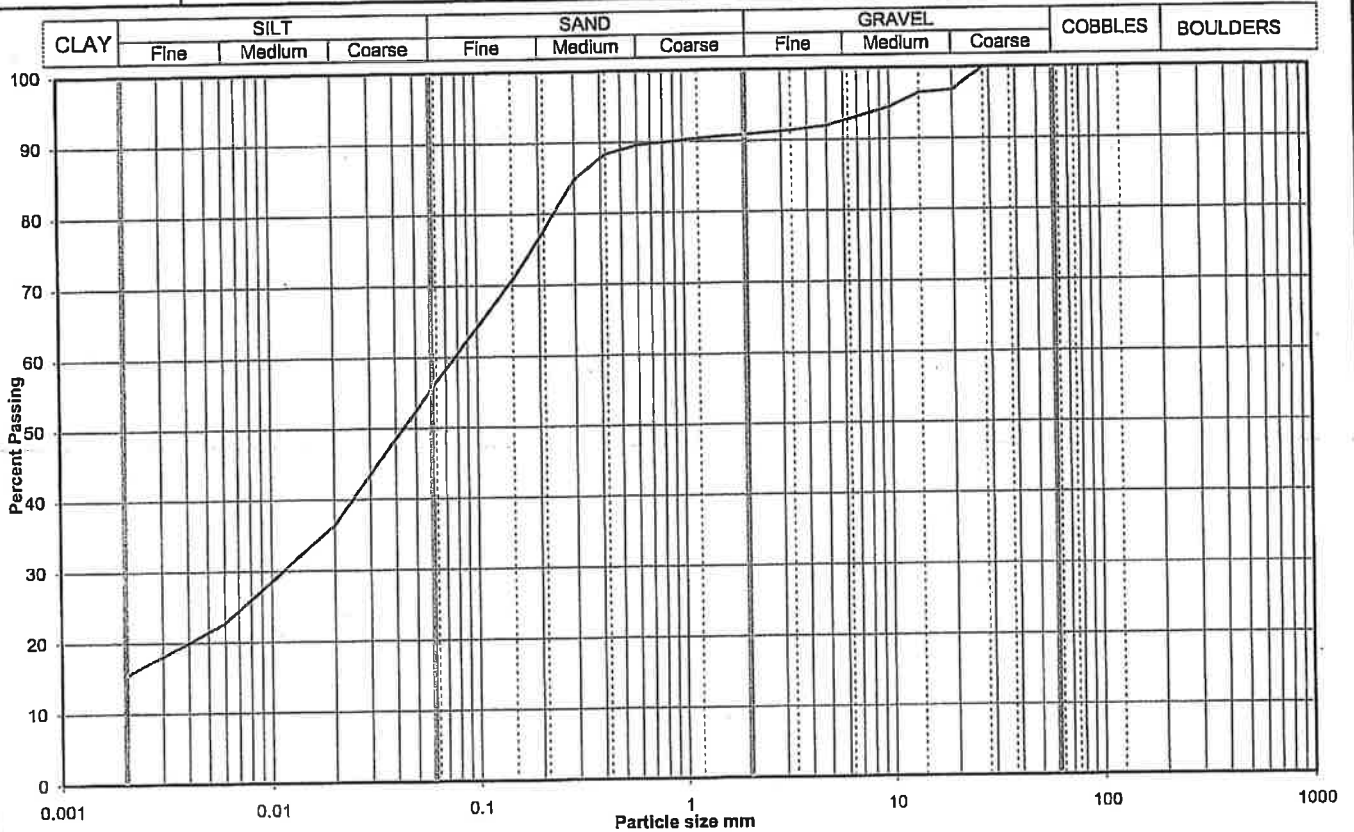
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Figure

PSD 4

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH7
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	12.00
			Samp No	12
			Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706190000000131
			Spec Ref	



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100	0.0201	36
90	100	0.0060	23
75	100	0.0020	15
63	100		
50	100		
37.5	100		
28	100		
20	97		
14	96		
10	94		
6.3	93		
5.0	92		
3.35	91		
2.00	91		
1.18	90		
0.600	90	Particle density, Mg/m3 2.65 assumed	
0.425	88		
0.300	85	Dry mass of sample, kg 1.1	
0.212	78		
0.150	71		
0.063	57		

Soil description	Brown slightly gravelly sandy SILT		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material Pipette: as BS1377		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions * <60mm values to aid description only	Cobbles / boulders	Whole	* <60mm
	Gravel	0	0
	Sand	9	9
	Silt	35	35
	Clay	41	41
		15	15

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	#N/A
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	9.4 pipette

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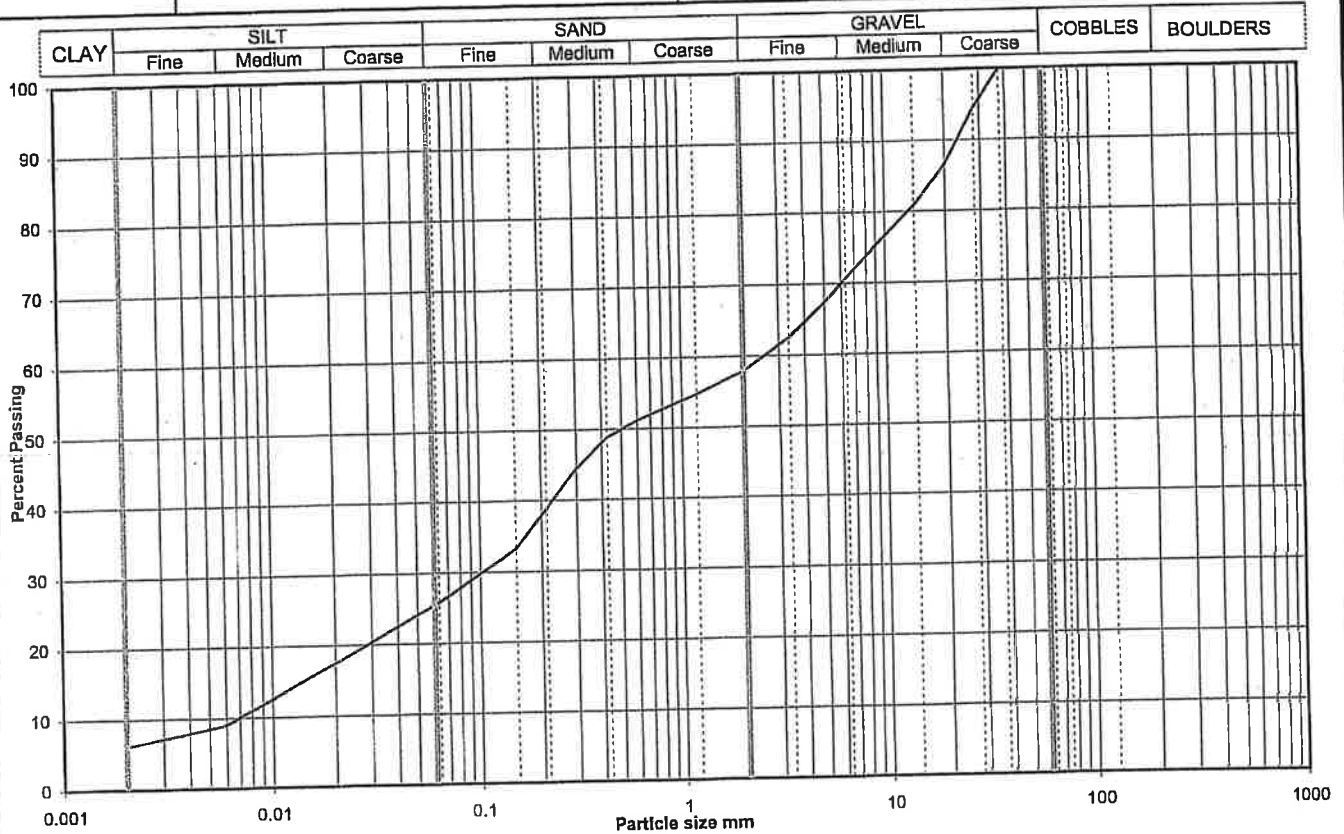
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Figure

PSD 5

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH9		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	10.50		
			Samp No	11	Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706270000000186		
		Spec Ref				



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100	0.0201	17
90	100	0.0060	9
75	100	0.0020	6
63	100		
50	100		
37.5	100		
28	94		
20	87		
14	81		
10	77		
6.3	71		
5.0	67		
3.35	62		
2.00	58		
1.18	55		
0.600	51		
0.425	49		
0.300	44		
0.212	39		
0.150	33		
0.063	26		

Particle density, Mg/m3	
2.65 assumed	
Dry mass of sample, kg	
5.2	

Soil description	Grey brown very silty very sandy GRAVEL		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material Pipette: as BS1377		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions	Cobbles / boulders Gravel Sand Silt Clay	Whole	* <60mm
		0	0
		42	42
		32	32
		20	20
		6	6
* <60mm values to aid description only			

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	366
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	9.4 pipette

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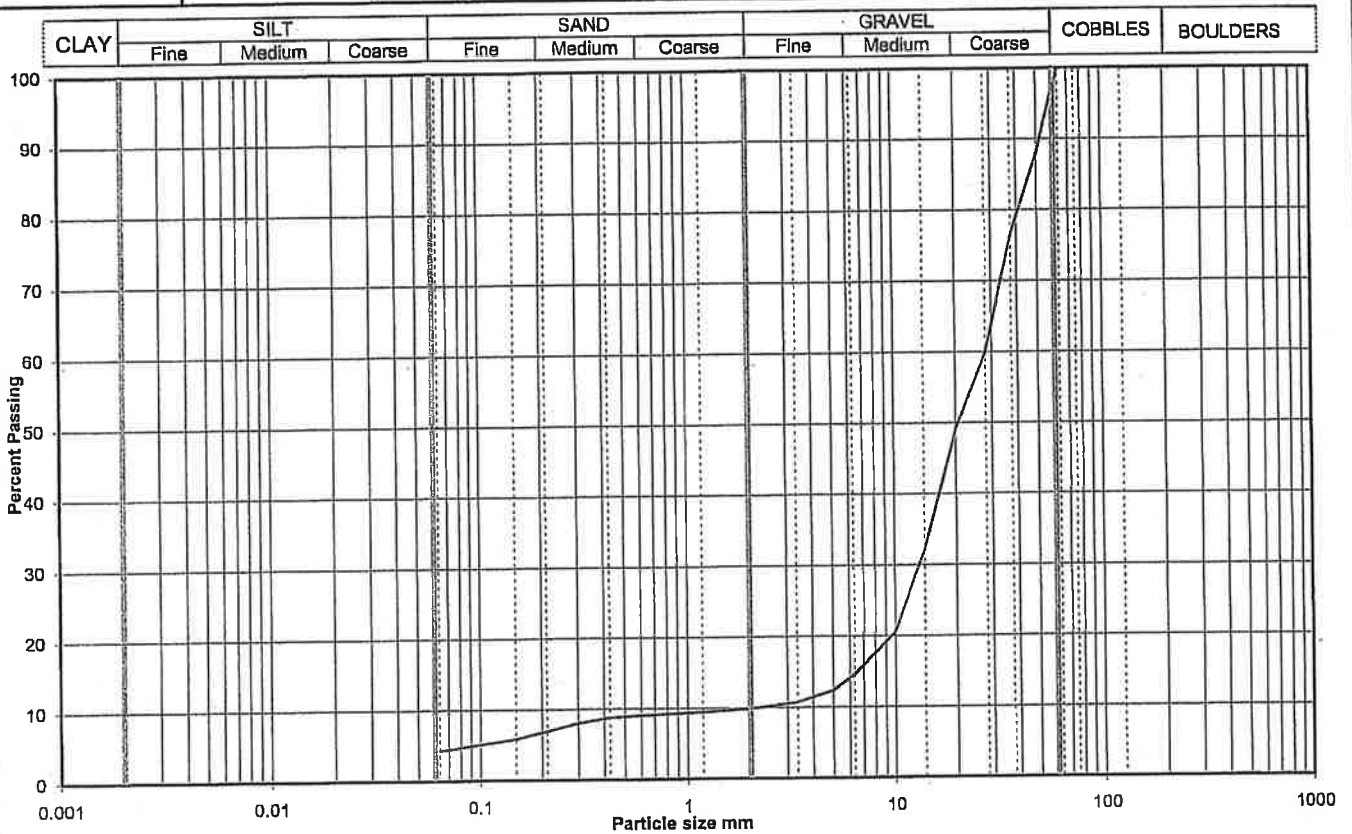
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Figure

PSD 6

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No		BH18	
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)		9.50	
			Samp No	7	Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706200000000144		
			Spec Ref			



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100		
90	100		
75	100		
63	100		
50	88		
37.5	77		
28	60		
20	49		
14	32		
10	21		
6.3	15		
5.0	12		
3.35	11		
2.00	10		
1.18	9		
0.600	9		
0.425	9		
0.300	8		
0.212	7		
0.150	6		
0.063	4		

Soil description	Brown slightly clayey sandy GRAVEL with occasional cobbles		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions	Cobbles / boulders Gravel Sand Silt Clay	Whole	*<60mm
		3	0
		87	90
		6	6
		silt+clay =	
		4	4
*<60mm values to aid description only			

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	13
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	none

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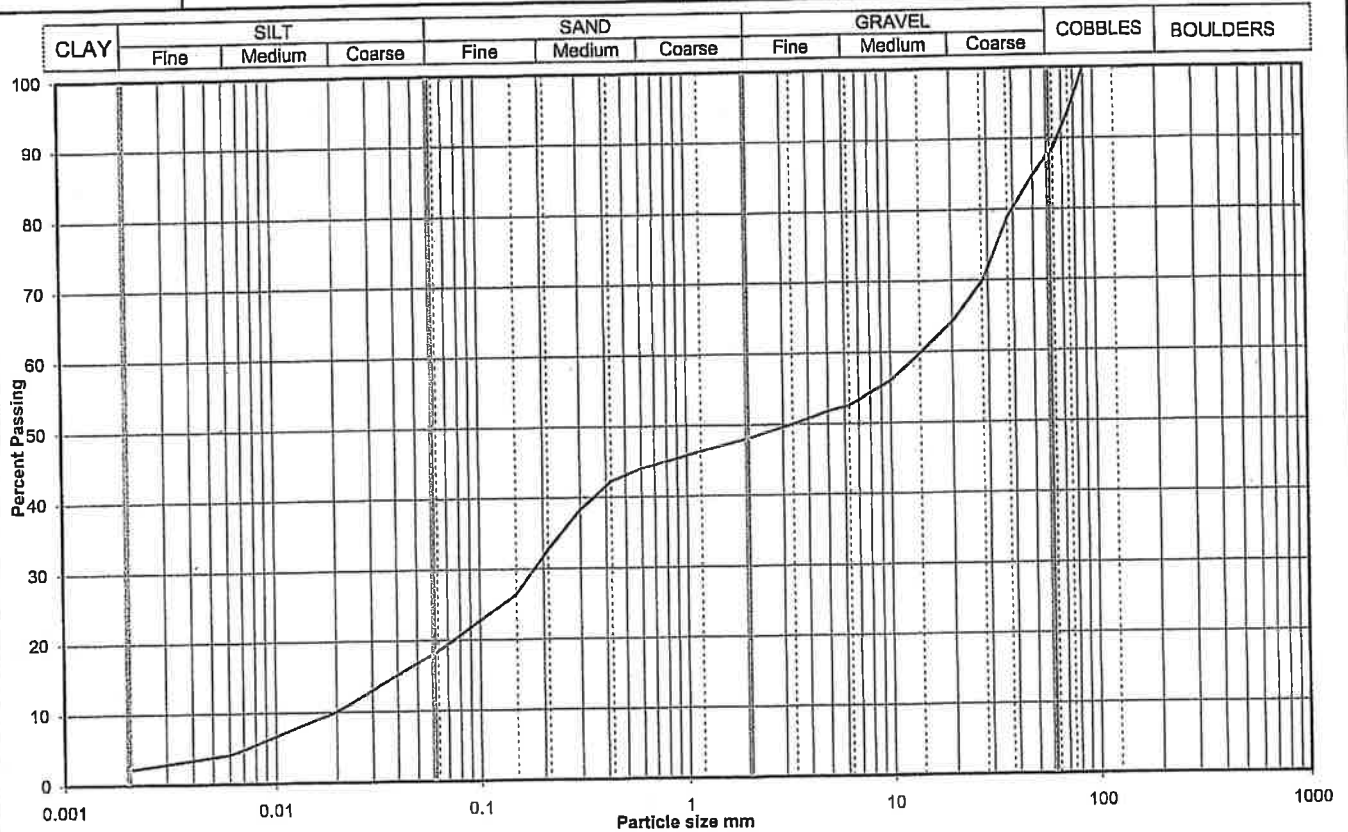
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Figure

PSD 7

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH20
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	4.50
			Samp No	5
			Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706210000000150
			Spec Ref	



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100	0.0201	10
90	100	0.0060	4
75	94	0.0020	2
63	88		
50	85		
37.5	79		
28	70		
20	64		
14	60		
10	56		
6.3	53		
5.0	52		
3.35	50		
2.00	48		
1.18	46		
0.600	44		
0.425	42		
0.300	38		
0.212	33		
0.150	26		
0.063	19		

Soil description	Brown very silty very sandy GRAVEL with some cobbles		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material Pipette: as BS1377		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions	Cobbles / boulders Gravel Sand Silt Clay	Whole	*<60mm
		12	0
		40	45
		30	34
		16	18
		2	2
*<60mm values to aid description only			

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	714
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	9.4 pipette

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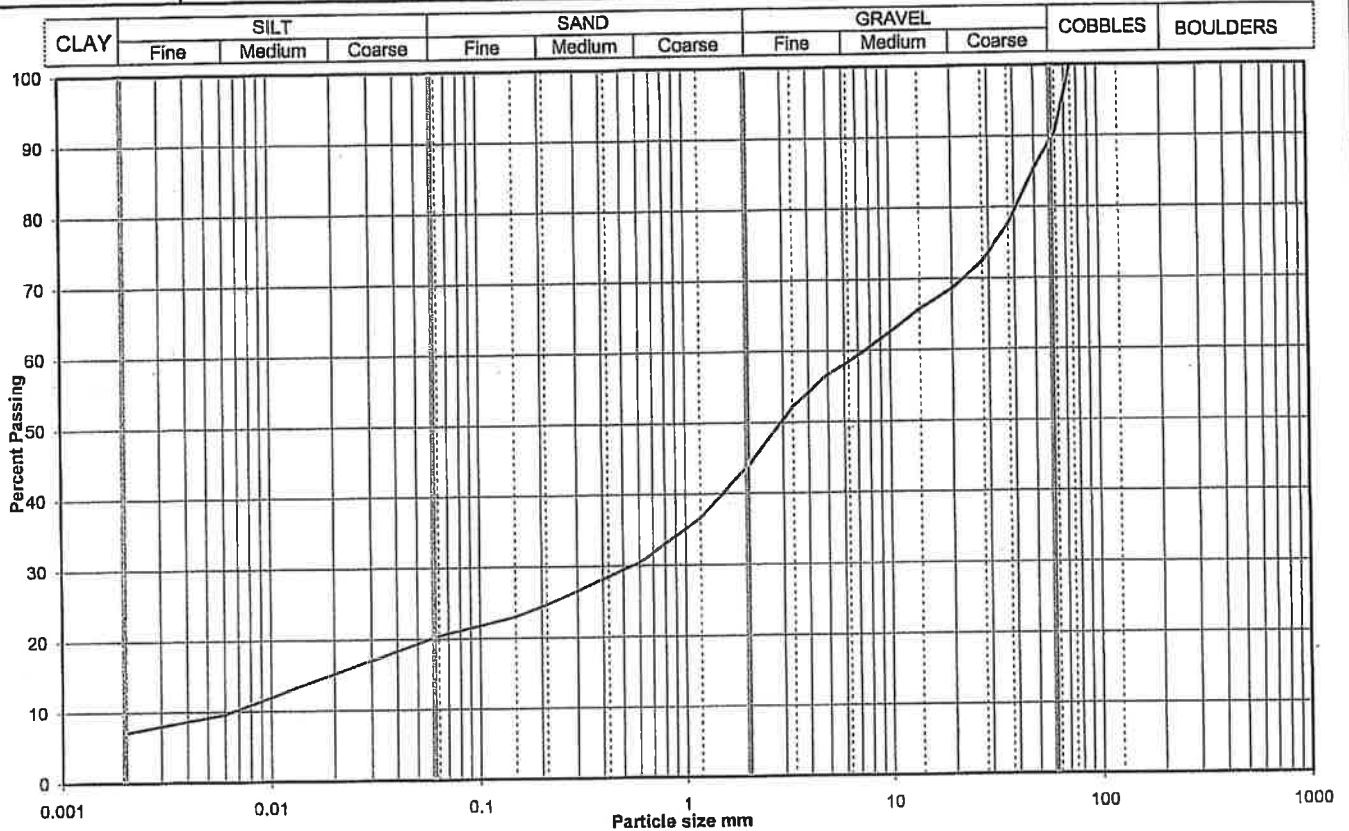
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Figure

PSD 8

Particle Size Distribution Analysis

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH20
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	7.50
			Samp No	9
			Type	B
			ID	ESGH7043200706210000000154
			Spec Ref	



Sieving		Sedimentation	
Particle Size mm	% Passing	Particle Size mm	% Passing
125	100	0.0201	15
90	100	0.0060	10
75	100	0.0020	7
63	91		
50	85		
37.5	78		
28	72		
20	69		
14	66		
10	63		
6.3	58		
5.0	57		
3.35	52		
2.00	44		
1.18	37		
0.600	30		
0.425	29		
0.300	27		
0.212	25		
0.150	23		
0.063	20		

Soil description	Brown very silty very sandy GRAVEL with some cobbles		
Preparation / Pretreatment	Sieve: natural material Pipette: as BS1377		
Remarks			
Sample Proportions * <60mm values to aid description only	Cobbles / boulders Gravel Sand Silt Clay	Whole	* <60mm
		11	0
		45	51
		24	27
		13	15
		7	8

Uniformity Coefficient	D_{60} / D_{10}	1147
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Test Method	BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990	
	Sieving	9.2 wet sieve
	Sedimentation	9.4 pipette

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Figure

PSD 9

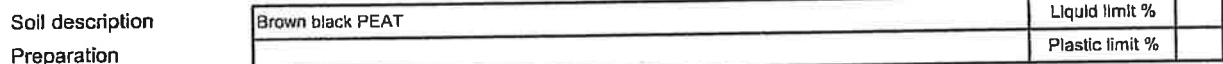
Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH2		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	8.00		
			Samp No	4	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706250000000157		
			Spec Ref			



Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH3		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	8.00		
			Samp No	9	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200707090000000214		
			Spec Ref			

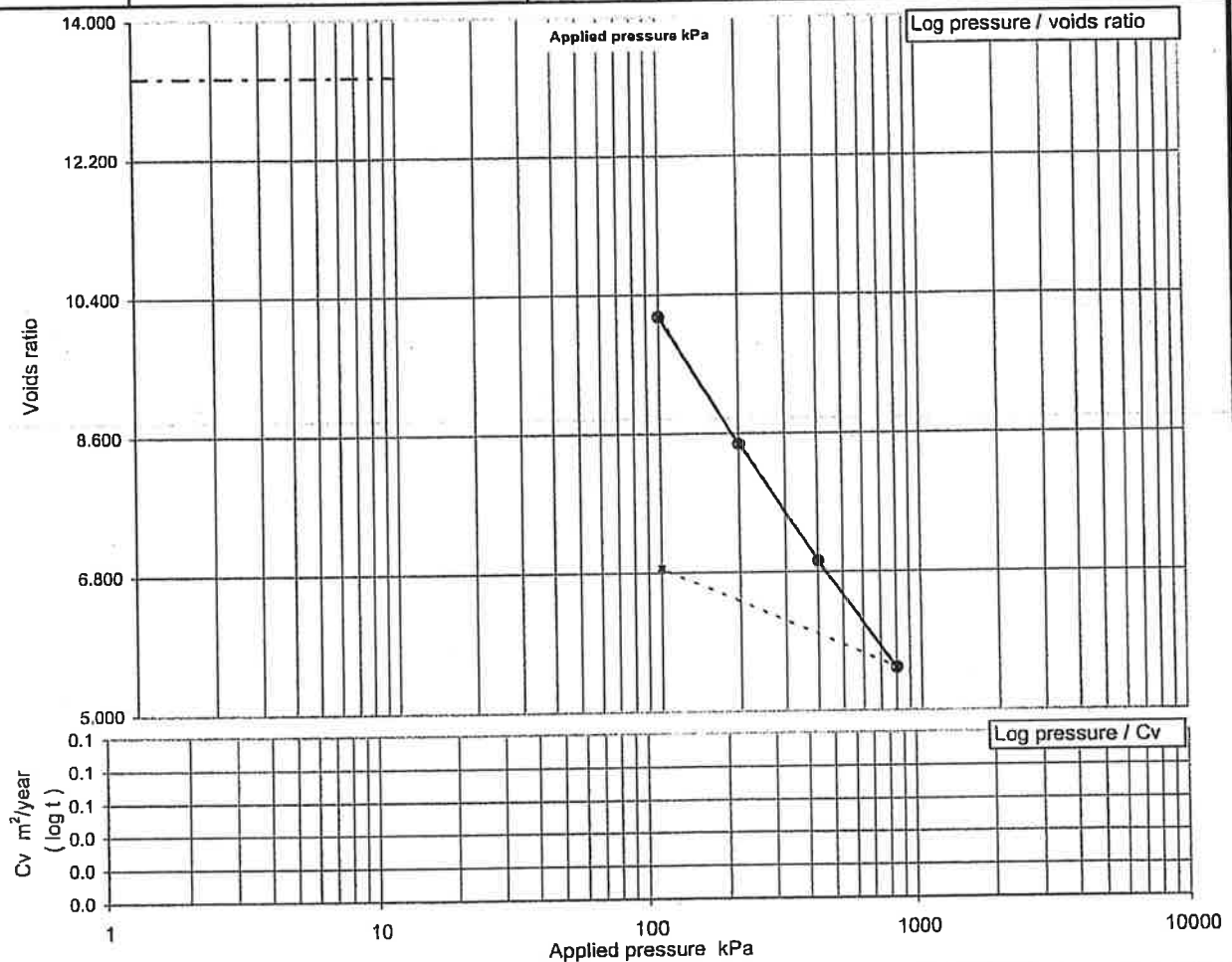


Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH3		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	9.00		
			Samp No	11	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200707090000000216		
			Spec Ref			

[illegible]

ONE DIMENSIONAL CONSOLIDATION TEST
BS 1377 : Part 5 : 1990 : clause 3

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH5		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	4.50		
			Samp No	4	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706270000000167		
			Spec Ref			

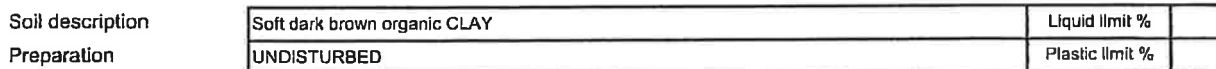


Soil description	Brown PEAT with wood pieces	Liquid limit %	
Preparation		Plastic limit %	

Specimen details	Initial	Final	
Particle density	2.65	assumed	Mg/m ³
Diameter	74.93		mm
Height	18.94	10.44	mm
Voids ratio	13.251	6.858	
Moisture content	485	272	%
Bulk density	1.09	1.25	Mg/m ³
Dry density	0.19	0.34	Mg/m ³
Saturation	97	105	%
Average temperature for test	20		°C
Swelling pressure	not measured		kPa
Notes :			

Specimen taken 425 mm from base of sample

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH5		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	6.50		
			Samp No	8	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706270000000171		
			Spec Ref			

[illegible]

Specimen taken 0 mm from base of sample

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH5		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	8.50		
			Samp No	11	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706270000000175		
			Spec Ref			



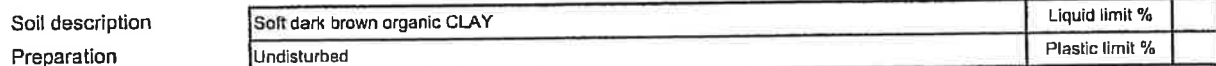
Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH6		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	9.00		
			Samp No	12	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706180000000113		
			Spec Ref			



Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH7		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	10.50		
			Samp No	9	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706190000000128		
			Spec Ref			



Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH8		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	7.50		
			Samp No	7	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200707020000000200		
			Spec Ref			



Specimen taken 0 mm from base of sample

[illegible]

Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No		BH9	
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)		5.50	
			Samp No	4	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706270000000179		
			Spec Ref			



Project No	H7043	Sample Details:	Hole No	BH9		
Project Name	BP Llandarcy		Depth (m BGL)	7.50		
			Samp No	6	Type	U
			ID	ESGH7043200706270000000181		
			Spec Ref			

