

**REPORT TITLE** : **Geo-Environmental Report –  
Proposed Waste Recycling  
Facility, Llantrisant Business Park,  
Llantrisant**

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## **Executive Summary**

**The site has remained unused until the early 1990's when evidence suggests the site was used as a landfill.**

**Geologically the site is underlain by the rocks of the Upper Coal Measures (Hughes Sandstone). Glaciofluvial Deposits overlie the solid geology. Made ground associated with landfilling is also present.**

**In order to confirm the shallow ground conditions a site investigation was carried out comprising ten trial pits. The ground conditions encountered within the trial pits comprised of a Soft to firm light grey gravelly CLAY/ Loose to medium dense light brown clayey GRAVEL with inclusions of red brick to depths of between 0.8m and greater than 2m.**

**Six representative disturbed representative samples were tested for selected elements/compounds. No contamination was noted at the site in relation to commercial guidelines.**

**The risk to the aquatic environment was also considered to be low as due to the inert nature of the made ground leachate levels would also be low.**

**The risk from ground gas was also considered to be low due to the fact that no biodegradable materials were encountered. However, as a precautionary measure, it was recommended that for any future covered buildings that the recommendations for Gas Characteristic 2 should be incorporated in the design of any structures.**

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## **SECTION 1 Introduction and Proposed Development**

Tom Pritchard Contracting Limited (the Client) is proposing a new waste recycling station to be constructed on land adjacent to Glanmychydd Fach Farmhouse, Llantrisant.

Terra Firma (Wales) Limited have been commissioned to carry out a geo-environmental assessment of the above site.

Planabuild Limited are the Civil and Structural Engineers for the project.

The main objectives of the geo-environmental assessment programme were to:

- Identify the potential environmental liabilities at the site associated with any soil and groundwater contamination from past site uses.
- Provide a summary of the environmental conditions at the site, together with any necessary remediation works to render the site fit for its intended use.
- Provide recommendations with regard to any other geo-environmental aspects pertaining to the development such as methane and radon gas emissions.

The main objectives of the geo-environmental site investigation were to:

- Determine the type, strength and bearing characteristics of the shallow superficial and underlying solid geology.
- Provide recommendations for a suitable and economic foundation/floor slab solution for the development.
- Provide recommendations with regard to any other geo-technical aspects pertaining to the development.

In order to achieve the above objectives, Terra Firma (Wales) Limited carried out an assessment programme including a review of existing data, followed by a field investigation to confirm the composition of any waste present on site and also to collect and analyse soil samples from selected locations around the site.

### **1.1 Limitations and Exceptions of Investigation**

Tom Pritchard Contracting Limited has requested that a Geo-environmental Site Assessment (GSA) be performed in order to determine if contamination is present beneath the site, the affect if any of radon/landfill gas and to provide remedial recommendation (if necessary) for the safe development of the site.

The GSA was conducted and this report has been prepared for the sole internal reliance of Tom Pritchard Contracting Limited and its design and construction team. This report shall not be relied upon or transferred to any other parties without the express written authorisation of Terra Firma (Wales) Limited. If an unauthorised third party comes into possession of this report they rely on it at their peril and the authors owe them no duty of care and skill.

The report represents the findings and opinions of experienced geo-environmental consultants. Terra Firma (Wales) Limited does not provide legal advice and the advice of lawyers may also be required.

The subsurface geological profiles, any contamination and other plots are generalised by necessity and have been based on the information found at the locations of the exploratory holes and depths sampled and tested.

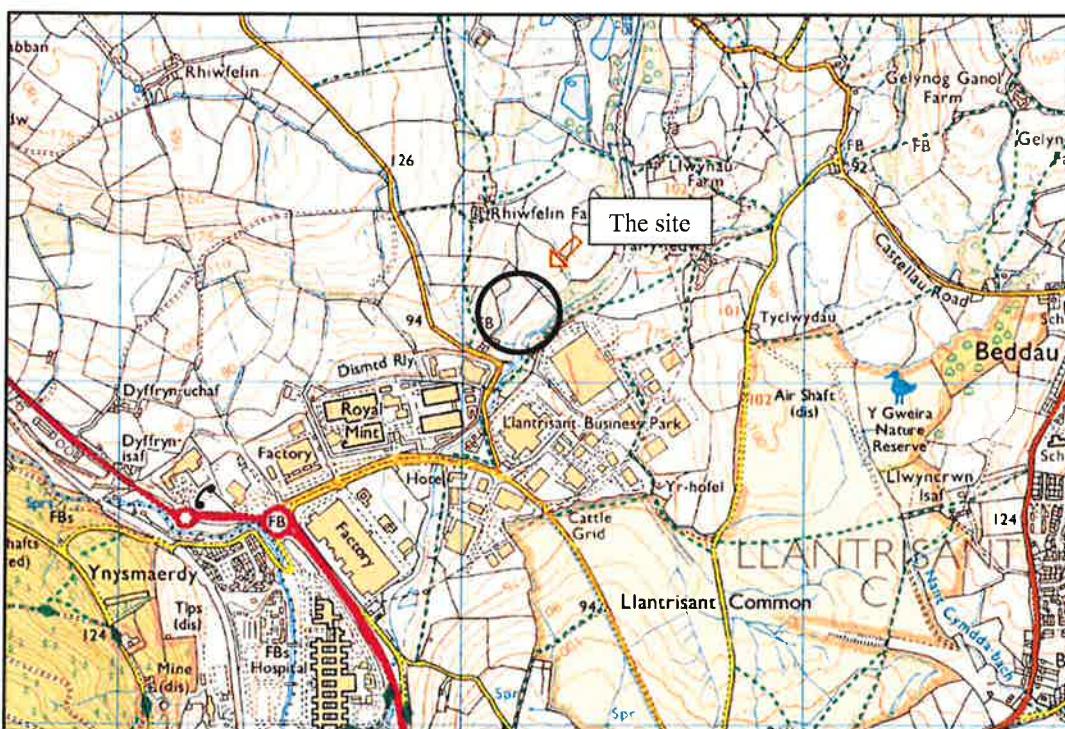
The site investigation was specifically limited by the following site constraints:

- water main crossing the site

## SECTION 2 Review of Existing Data

### 2.1 Physical Setting, Current Use and Site Conditions

The site entrance is located off Pantybrad Road at a National Grid Reference of 304125 185122. The location of the site is shown in **Figure 2.1**.



**Figure 2.1** Site Location

The site is irregular in shape and covers an area of 2.33 hectares. The site is located in a large field. The south eastern boundary is formed by the Nant Muchudd watercourse. The remaining boundaries of the site are located within the field in which the site is located.

The topography of the site slopes down in a south easterly direction towards the Nant Muchudd watercourse.

### 2.2 Site History

An Envirocheck history report was obtained for the site. The full report is presented in **Annex A**. The most relevant editions are summarised below.

#### 1875

The 1887 edition shows the site to be located across a number of fields. A river runs along the south eastern boundary of the site. There is a small building shown in the south western corner of the site. A small stream runs along the northern most boundary of the site. An old lime kiln is shown 60m south of the site.

#### 1900 and 1919

The 1900 map shows a rail line which runs on the southernmost side of the river south of the site. There are no changes to the site. A trial shaft is shown 60m south of the site.

## 2.2 Site History (Continued)

### 1940, 1961 and 1978

The 1940, 1961 and 1978 editions show no significant change to the site. The railway previously shown is now disused. Development has taken place 70m south of the site, mainly consisting of industrial units.

### 1990

The 1990 map now shows marshy ground in the northern part of the site.

### 2006 and 2013

The 2006 and 2013 editions show no significant change to the site or surrounding area.

## 2.3 Geology

The 1:50000-scale geological map of the area (Sheet 249 solid and drift editions) show the site to be underlain by the Hughes Member (Pennant Sandstone Formation) of the Carboniferous Period. These rocks generally consist of Mudstone, Siltstone and Sandstone.

Superficial deposits in the form of Glaciofluvial Deposits consisting of Sand and Gravel are shown to overlie the solid geology.

Some made ground is expected to overlie the superficial deposits.

## 2.4 Hydrology

Surface and perched groundwater flows from the site are likely to be in the direction of the Nant Muchudd watercourse, which flows south. Groundwater is likely to form part of the base flow of the watercourse.

## 2.5 Environment Agency Information

The 'What's in your back yard' feature on the Environment Agency website was consulted for information on the following:

### ***Hydrogeology***

According to the Environment Agencies Groundwater Protection Policy, the geology of the area is classed as a Secondary A Aquifer. Superficial deposits are not classified at the site.

### ***Pollution***

No incidents of pollution are noted within 400m of the site.

### ***Landfill Records***

The site itself is noted as a historic landfill. The site last received waste on the 10<sup>th</sup> January 1997. There is records of the site receiving inert and industrial waste.

### ***Flooding***

The site is not shown to be at risk of flooding, but a watercourse locates along the margin.

### ***Groundwater Source Protection Zones***

The site does not locate within a groundwater source protection zone.

## SECTION 3 Preliminary Risk Assessment

The following sub-sections detail a preliminary risk assessment that is based on the desk study information.

### 3.1 General

The contaminated land regime is set out in Part IIA of the Environmental Protection Act (EPA) 1990 and was introduced on the 1<sup>st</sup> April 2000 in England and 1<sup>st</sup> July 2001 in Wales.

Part IIA was introduced to achieve two aims:

- (1) The identification of contaminated land
- (2) The remediation of contaminated land that poses an unacceptable risk to human health and/or the environment

Under Part IIA the statutory definition of 'contaminated land' is:

"any land which appears to the local authority in whose area it is situated, to be in such a condition, by reason of substances in, on, or under the land, that:

- (a) Significant harm is being caused or there is a significant possibility of such harm being caused; or
- (b) Pollution of controlled waters is being, or is likely to be, caused."

For land to be classified as 'Contaminated Land' there must be a '**pollutant linkage**'. A pollutant linkage requires three essential elements:

- (1) **A CONTAMINANT** (hazard) - a substance that is in, on or under the land and has the potential to cause harm or to cause pollution of **controlled waters**
- (2) **A RECEPTOR** (target) - something which could be adversely affected by a contaminant
- (3) **A PATHWAY** – a route or means which either allows the contaminant to cause significant harm to that receptor, or that there is a significant possibility of such harm being caused to the receptor, or that pollution of controlled waters is being or likely to be caused.

The term 'Risk' is widely used in different contexts and situations, but a prescriptive definition is given by the Guidelines for Environmental Risk Assessment and Management (DEFRA *et al*, 2000):

*'Risk is a combination of the probability, or frequency, of occurrence of a defined hazard and the magnitude of the consequences of the occurrence'.*

A 'Hazard' is defined as '*a property or situation that in particular circumstances could lead to harm*'.

The classification of consequences and probability and determining the risk category are defined in the following sections.

### 3.2 Classification of Consequence

<b>Table 3.1 Classification of Consequence</b>	
<b>Classification</b>	<b>Definition</b>
Severe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Short term (acute) risk to human health likely to result in significant harm</li> <li>• Short term risk to controlled waters</li> <li>• Catastrophic damage to buildings/structures</li> <li>• Short term risk to an ecosystem or organism within the particular ecosystem</li> </ul>
Medium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Chronic damage to human health (long term risk)</li> <li>• Pollution of a sensitive water resource</li> <li>• A significant change in an ecosystem or organism within the ecosystem</li> </ul>
Mild	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pollution of non-sensitive water resources</li> <li>• Significant damage to buildings/structures</li> </ul>
Negligible	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Harm (not necessarily significant) which may result in financial loss</li> <li>• Non-permanent health effects to humans (easily prevented by PPE for example)</li> <li>• Easily repairable effects of structural (building) damage</li> </ul>

### 3.3 Classification of Probability

<b>Table 3.2 Classification of Probability</b>	
<b>Classification</b>	<b>Definition</b>
High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is a complete pollution linkage and an event appears very likely to occur in the short term and is inevitable in the long term.</li> <li>• Evidence of harm to the receptor</li> </ul>
Medium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is a complete pollution linkage which means that it is probable that an event will occur</li> <li>• The event is not inevitable but possible in short term and likely in the long term</li> </ul>
Low	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is a complete pollution linkage and circumstances are possible under which an event could occur</li> <li>• It is not certain that an event will occur in the long term, and it is less likely to occur in the short term</li> </ul>
Negligible	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• There is a complete pollution linkage but circumstances are such that it is improbable that an event would occur even in the long term</li> </ul>

### 3.4 Risk Assessment Matrix

By comparing the consequences of a risk and the probability of the risk of a pollution linkage, the likely risk category can be determined as shown in Table 3.3 below.

		Consequence			
		Severe	Medium	Mild	Negligible
Probability	High	High	High	Medium / Low	Near zero
	Medium	High	Medium	Low	Near zero
	Low	High / medium	Medium / Low	Low	Near zero
	Negligible	High / medium / Low	Medium / Low	Low	Near zero

#### High Risk

There is a high probability that severe harm could risk a receptor, or there is evidence that a receptor is being harmed. The risk if realised is likely to result in liability, and urgent investigation or remediation will be required.

#### Medium Risk

It is probable that harm will arise to a receptor. However it is relatively unlikely that such harm would be severe, or if harm does occur the harm is likely to be relatively mild. Investigation will be required to determine the liability, and some remedial works may be required in the long term.

#### Low Risk

It is possible that harm may arise to a receptor, but it is likely that the harm would be mild.

#### Near Zero Risk

There is a very low risk of harm to the receptor. In the event of harm being realised the harm is not likely to be severe.

The following sub-sections detail a preliminary risk assessment, based upon the desk study information.

### 3.5 Potential Sources of Contamination

The potential contamination beneath the site, whether in the matrix of soil or any groundwater will be related to the sites past use.

The site has been mainly agricultural throughout the years researched.

Significant contamination, is therefore, not expected over the majority of the site. However, landfilling has occurred on site which could pose a risk in regards to potential low level contamination and ground gas.

### 3.6 Potential Receptors

The potential receptors of any contamination are taken to be:

#### During Construction

- Construction workers
- Neighbouring site users
- Passers-by
- The Aquatic Environment - Surface waters, perched groundwater, rivers

#### Following Construction

- Site End Users - residents, visitors, maintenance contractors
- The Aquatic Environment - Surface waters, perched groundwater, watercourses.
- Building Materials - these are potentially at risk from aggressive ground conditions involving sulphates, sulphides, magnesium ions, ammonium ions, carbon dioxide, chloride ions and phenols.
- Vegetation upon the site is potentially at risk from phytotoxic contaminants.

### 3.7 Potential Pollution Linkages

The potential pollution linkages relating to human health and the protection of the aquatic environment on the site are as follow:

- Ingestion of soil and soil dust
- Ingestion of home grown vegetables
- Inhalation of soil dust, both indoors and outdoors
- Dermal contact with soil and soil dust
- Inhalation of radon gas
- Indoor migration of landfill gas/ground gas leading to potential risk of explosion
- Surface water runoff
- Leaching into the groundwater
- Groundwater transport
- Permeation of water pipes - Organic contaminants have the potential to be adsorbed into plastic water pipes which may be used for drinking water supply. Toxic and corrosive contaminants may also enter the potable water source.

### 3.8 Qualitative Preliminary Risk Assessment

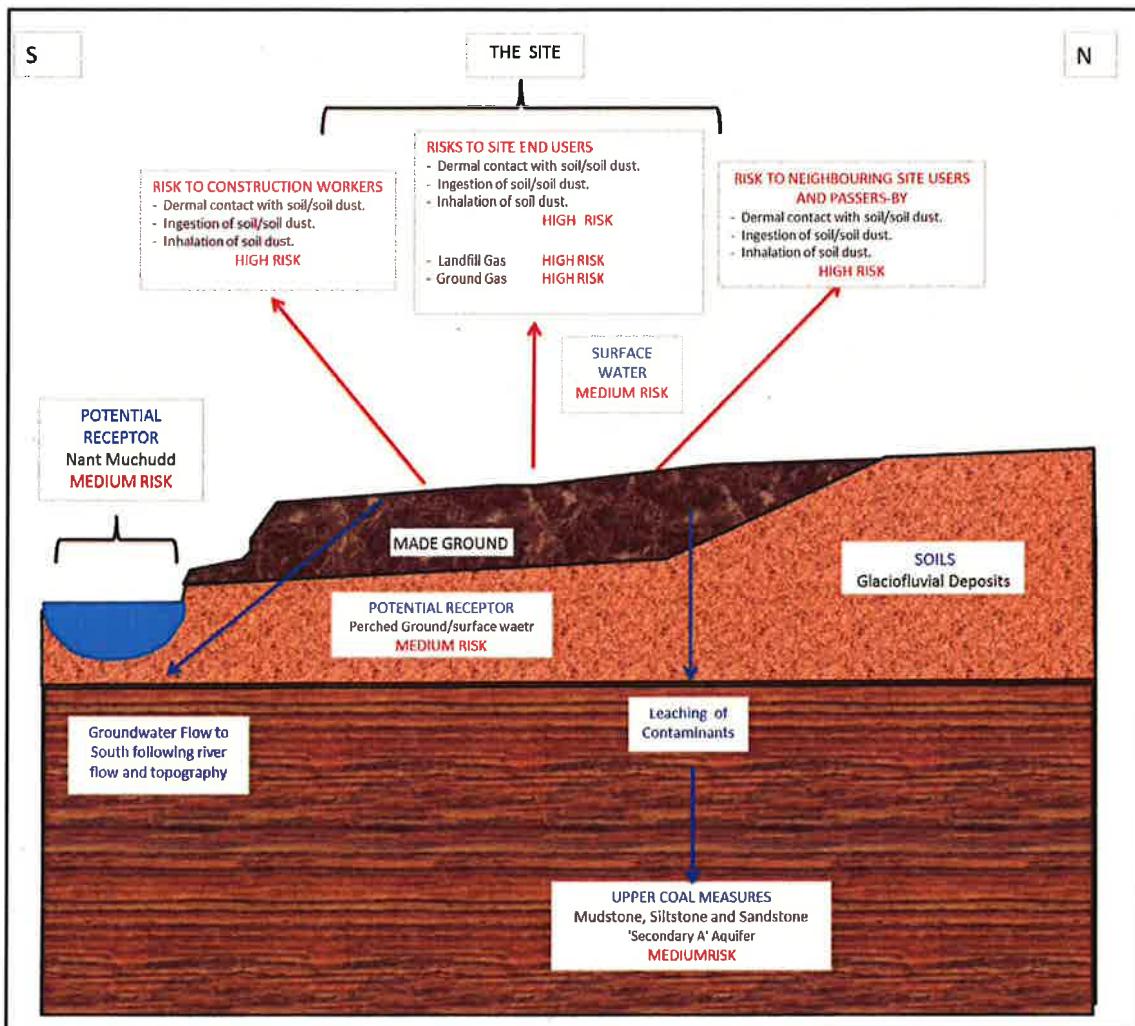
A Qualitative Preliminary Risk Assessment (QPRA) aims to make initial assumptions about potential risks posed towards the human health and to the aquatic environment during all stages of the development. Where it is assumed that a potential pollution pathway exists, there is a potential source, a potential receptor and a likely pathway, which links the two. The QPRA can be refined into a qualitative and quantitative risk assessment once the site investigation and laboratory soil chemical testing/environmental assessment has been undertaken. The risk assessment is presented in Table 3.4 on the following page.

### 3.8 Qualitative Preliminary Risk Assessment (Continued)

<b>Table 3.4 Preliminary Risk Assessment</b>			
Potential Source	Potential Pathway	Potential Target	Preliminary Risk Assessment
Made Ground and contaminated soils	Ingestion	Construction workers	<b>High Risk</b>
	Dermal contact	Site end Users	
	Inhalation of soil/dust		
Made ground and contaminated soils	Surface runoff	Groundwater/surface water	<b>Medium Risk</b>
	Leaching		
	Groundwater transport		
Made ground and contaminated soils	Surface runoff	Building Materials	<b>Low Risk</b>
	Leaching		
	Groundwater transport		
Landfill Gas	Inhalation	Site end users Construction workers Neighbouring site users/passersby	<b>High Risk</b>

### 3.9 Preliminary Site Conceptual Model

A preliminary site conceptual model is presented in **Figure 3.1** below. It should be noted that the SCM is generalised and not to scale.



**Figure 3.1 Preliminary Site Conceptual Model**

## **SECTION 4 Field Investigation**

### **4.1 Site Works**

A geo-environmental site investigation was undertaken in accordance with BS5930:1999, during March 2014. The investigation comprised the excavation of ten trial pits, and chemical testing.

The trial pits were excavated using a tracked 360° excavator.

The fieldworks were supervised by Terra Firma (Wales) Limited, who also logged the trial pits to the requirements of BS5930: 1999.

The detailed trial pit logs are presented in **Annex B**. The locations are presented in **Drawing 01**.

### **4.2 Exploratory Strategy**

It is considered that the number and spacing of trial pits was adequate to provide a general characterisation of the waste present at the site.

### **4.3 Sampling Regime**

During the intrusive investigation small disturbed soil samples were collected. The sample locations and depths are illustrated in the **Table 4.1**.

<b>Table 4.1 Sample Descriptions</b>		
<b>Sample No.</b>	<b>Depth (m)</b>	<b>MCERTS Description</b>
TP3	0.50	Brown gravelly sandy CLAY with odd rootlets
TP3	1.2	Dark brown clayey gravelly SAND
TP4	0.5	Dark brown gravelly sandy CLAY with numerous rootlets
TP7	1.00	Brown gravelly sandy CLAY
TP8	0.50	Brown dark brown gravelly sandy CLAY with odd rootlets
TP9	0.5	Brown gravelly sandy CLAY with odd rootlets

### **4.4 Quality Assurance**

Care was taken to ensure that sampling quality assurance occurred during site works. This included the following measures:

- The use of nitrile gloves at each sampling point.
- Stainless steel shovels were used to collect soil samples. The tool was cleaned with distilled water between each sample point.
- Soil samples were stored at a temperature below 4 degrees.
- No head space was left in sample containers.

## 4.5 Ground Conditions

The shallow ground conditions encountered by the exploratory holes can in general be summarised as shown in **Table 4.2**.

<b>Table 4.2 Summary of Ground Conditions</b>			
<b>Depth (m)</b>	<b>Thickness (m)</b>	<b>Stratum</b>	
GL - 0.8/>1.8	0.8/-	<b>MADE GROUND.</b> Soft to firm light grey gravelly <b>CLAY</b> / Loose to medium dense light brown clayey <b>GRAVEL</b> with inclusions of red brick	
0.8 - > 2.0	-	Soft orange brown silty gravelly <b>CLAY</b>	

No Groundwater was encountered.

## 4.6 Laboratory Chemical Testing

During the current site works a number of soil samples were taken and despatched to the laboratories of Derwentside Environmental Testing Services for laboratory chemical testing.

The following chemical tests were undertaken:

### 4.6.1 Soils

<b>Metals</b>	<b>Semi Metals/Non-Metals</b>	<b>Inorganic Chemicals</b>	<b>Others</b>
Cadmium	Arsenic	Cyanide	pH
Chromium	Selenium	Sulphate	Asbestos
Lead		Sulphide	
Mercury			
Nickel			
Zinc			
Copper			

### Organic Chemicals

Phenol  
Polyaromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)

The results of the above chemical tests for soil are presented in **Annex C**.

## 4.7 Soil Plasticity Testing

During the investigation three samples of the in-situ superficial clay was taken and submitted for plasticity testing. The test results are presented in **Annex D**. The sample from TP1 at 1.5m was found to be of very high plasticity. The sample taken from TP6 at 1.2m was found to be of intermediate plasticity. The sample taken from TP9 at 1.0m was found to be of high plasticity. In line with the NHBC (Chapter 4.2), the samples was calculated as having a modified plasticity indices of 13.5%, 23% and 19%. Soils with an index value of 20-40% are classified as having a medium volume change potential. Values below this are deemed to have a low shrinkage potential.

## **SECTION 5 Risk Assessment and Evaluation of Analytical Results**

### **5.1 Risk Assessment**

#### **5.1.1 Introduction**

The results obtained from the investigation, which are discussed in detail in Section 5.2, were used to conduct an environmental risk assessment for the site. The risk assessment aimed to:

- Identify sensitive receptors
- Determine pathways for contaminant migration to the receptors
- Estimate contaminant impact on receptors
- Establish whether remedial action is required
- Calculate remediation target levels if required

The future use of the site i.e. whether it is to be used for residential or commercial purposes has an impact on any risk assessment.

In this case commercial guidelines are appropriate.

#### **5.1.2 Methodology**

Environmental risk assessment evaluates the risk to receptors via an analysis of the 'source-pathway-target' linkage. In order for a risk to be present, there must be a contaminant source capable of causing a health risk, a vulnerable receptor, and a pathway linking the two.

This sort of risk assessment is usually conducted using a tiered approach. Tier 1 consists of a comparison of the analytical results obtained from the site investigation with Soil Guideline Values (SGV's) specific to the type of development obtained from The Environment Agency Contaminated Land Exposure Assessment (CLEA) Guidelines.

Where SGV values are not available reference has been made to or Generic Assessment Criteria (GAC) provided by Land Quality Management Limited (LQM) and the Chartered Institute of Environmental Health (CIEH).

Should Tier 1 levels be exceeded, a choice is made either to remediate the site to conservative Tier 1 levels, or proceed to Tier 2. Tier 2 makes use of site-specific data to evaluate acceptable concentrations of chemicals for the particular conditions present at the site.

At each tier, the amount and detail of investigation work increases as more site-specific data are needed to refine the characterisation of the site. Conversely, as site conditions are better understood, a more site-specific remediation strategy can be determined.

For Tier 1, the site itself is considered to be the receptor. Therefore, attenuation of contaminants between the source and receptor is not considered.

A summary of the chemical test results which include the regulatory SGVs or GACs used in the Tier 1 assessment is given in the tables on the following pages.

### **5.1.3 Sources**

The sources of contamination considered in the risk assessment are taken to be concentrations of chemicals beneath the site.

The made ground at the site is considered the source of potential contamination, but the risk assessment does not take into account the origins of the chemicals.

### **5.1.4 Pathways**

The various pathways considered in the risk assessment are given below:

- Direct contact/inhalation/ingestion of affected superficial soils, up to 1.0m in depth
- Wind born dust from affected superficial soils
- Leaching from soils to groundwater and surface water
- Groundwater and surface water transport

### **5.1.5 Potential Receptors**

Potential receptors include site workers, future on site users and visitors, businesses and residents in the area surrounding the site, surface waters, persons who may come into contact with water in the vicinity of the site, and aquatic life within these waters.

## **5.2 Evaluation of Analytical Results**

### **5.2.1 Soils**

For Tier 1, the site itself is considered to be the receptor. Therefore, attenuation of contaminants between the source and receptor is not considered.

A summary of the chemical test results which include the regulatory Soil Guideline Values (SGV's) /Generic Assessment Criteria (GAC) used in the Tier 1 assessment are given in Table 5.1 on the following page:

### 5.2.1 Soils (Continued)

**Table 5.1 Summary of Soil Chemical Test Results  
Standard Suite**

Substance	SGV/ GAC (mg/kg)	Source	Measured Concentrations of Tested Substances (mg/kg)		95% UCL	Number of exceedence s
			Minimum	Maximum		
Arsenic	640	CLEA	7.9	12	8.49	0
Cadmium	230	CLEA	0.5	0.7	0.58	0
Chromium III	30400	CIEH	20	28	23.44	0
Chromium	30400	CLEA	20	28	23.44	0
Hexavalent Chromium	35	CIEH	<1.0	<1.0	0.90	0
Copper	71700	CLEA	16	30	19.07	0
Lead	750	CLEA	15	31	30.00	0
Mercury	3600	CLEA	<0.05	0.17	0.08	0
Nickel	1800	CLEA	17	24	18.60	0
Selenium	13000	CLEA	<0.5	<0.5	0.45	0
Zinc	665000	CIEH	40	83	57.62	0
Cyanide total	480	CLEA	<0.1	0.2	0.13	0
Organic matter	-	-	1.7	5.7	3.22	0
Total Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub>	2400	BRE	300	500	340	0
pH	-	-	7.5	8.9	7.34	0
PAH	*	-	<1.6	37	13.92	-
Phenol – Monohydric	3200	CLEA	<0.3	<0.3	<0.3	0

Notes:

- CLEA - Soil Guideline Values for residential development
- CIEH - Generic Assessment Criteria for a commercial setting, developed as Land Quality Management by the Chartered Institute of Environmental Health
- BRE - British Research Establishment (buried concrete risk assessment only, not human health related)
- A total of six samples were tested for all substances apart from asbestos
- Three samples were tested for asbestos
- \*See speciated PAH results

### 5.2.1 Soils (Continued)

**Table 5.2 Summary of Soil Chemical Test Results  
Speciated Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons**

Substance	GAC (mg/kg)	Source	Measured Concentrations of Tested Substances (mg/kg)		95% UCL	Number of exceedences
			Minimum	Maximum		
Acenaphthene	85000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	0.7	0.27	0
Acenaphthylene	84000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	0.2	0.11	0
Anthracene	530000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	0.8	0.31	0
Benzo(a)anthracene	90	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	3.3	1.25	0
Benzo(a)pyrene	14	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	3.8	1.44	0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	100	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	3.4	1.27	0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	140	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	1.6	0.61	0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	650	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	2.4	0.91	0
Chrysene	140	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	3.8	1.42	0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	13	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	0.7	0.35	0
Fluoranthene	23000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	5.4	2.00	0
Fluorene	64000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	0.6	0.24	0
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	200	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	2.4	0.90	0
Naphthalene	22000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	3.1	1.18	0
Phenanthrene	54000	LQM/CIEH	<0.1	4.5	1.69	0
Pyrene						

Notes:

- CIEH - Chartered Institute of Environmental Health Generic Assessment Criteria for a commercial development
- Six samples was tested for Speciated PAH
- PAH - Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons

### 5.3 Contaminants of Concern in Soils

Contaminants of concern are those whose measured concentrations are found to be above the relevant Tier 1 CLEA Soil Guideline Value, CIEH Generic Assessment Criteria or laboratory detection limits.

All of the substances tested for were found to be below the Tier 1 threshold values (commercial).

## **SECTION 6 Quantitative Risk Assessment/Mitigation Measures**

The following risk assessment and mitigation measures are based upon information compiled in the desk study, site investigation and the chemical test results.

### **6.1 Site Summary**

The site entrance is located off Pantybrad Road at a National Grid Reference of 304125 185122.

The site is irregular in shape and covers an area of 2.33 hectares. The site is located in a large field. The south eastern boundary is formed by the Nant Muchudd watercourse. The remaining boundaries of the site are located within the field in which the site is located.

The topography of the site slopes down in a south easterly direction towards the Nant Muchudd watercourse.

### **6.2 Risks to Human Health**

The site has been assessed using Human Health Guidelines for commercial use.

Chemical testing of soil samples revealed no exceedences in any contaminant tested for.

A site risk assessment is presented below and considers the following receptors/targets:

- Future Site Occupiers
- Site Visitors/Passers-by and neighbours during construction phase
- Construction workers

The potential routes of exposure (pathway) considered are:

- Ingestion of soil
- Ingestion of soil dust
- Dermal contact with soil/dust
- Inhalation of fugitive soil

## 6.2 Risks to Human Health (Continued)

A Qualitative and Quantitative Risk Assessment is presented in the following table.

<b>Table 6.1 - Human Health Risk Assessment</b>				
<b>Source</b>	<b>Pathway</b>	<b>Target</b>	<b>Risk Assessment</b>	<b>Mitigation Measures</b>
In-Situ Soils	Dermal contact with soil/dust Inhalation of soil/dust/vapours Ingestion of soil/dust	Construction workers	<b>Low risk</b> to construction workers involved in excavation phase of development	COSHH assessment and good level of PPE/ hygiene by site workers/ staff; dust suppression measures if required.
	Inhalation of fugitive soil dust/vapours Ingestion of soil dust Dermal contact with soil dust	Passersby, neighbouring site occupants	<b>Low risk</b> during construction phase	The site should be managed well including screening and dust suppression measures if required
	Dermal contact with soil dust Inhalation of soil/dust Ingestion of soil/dust/vegetation	Site end users – residents and visitors	<b>Low risk</b> to future site users from contamination.	Site will be capped with hardstanding removing pathway
Landfill /Ground Gas	Inhalation of gas Explosions	Site end users	<b>Low Risk</b> to future site users	Waste was recovered as inert fill with no biodegradable materials and unlikely to produce significant gas

During construction phases, potential human health risks should be mitigated by:

- COSHH Assessment and good standards of site hygiene, PPE etc;
- Appropriate H&S instructions being in place to cover the above;

It should be noted that the appointed contractor should provide Method Statements and Risk Assessments to deal with these matters.

If during the development materials are encountered that are significantly different to those encountered in the investigation, the occurrence should be reported to the Engineer and appropriate action taken prior to continuing with the works.

## 6.3 Risks to the Aquatic Environment

The chemical test results have shown low levels of the determinants tested for. Leachate levels will also be similarly low.

In addition, the site will be capped with hard standing, reducing infiltration and the potential for leaching of contaminants.

There should therefore be no risk to the aquatic environment.

#### **6.4 Assessment of the Risk from Ground Gas**

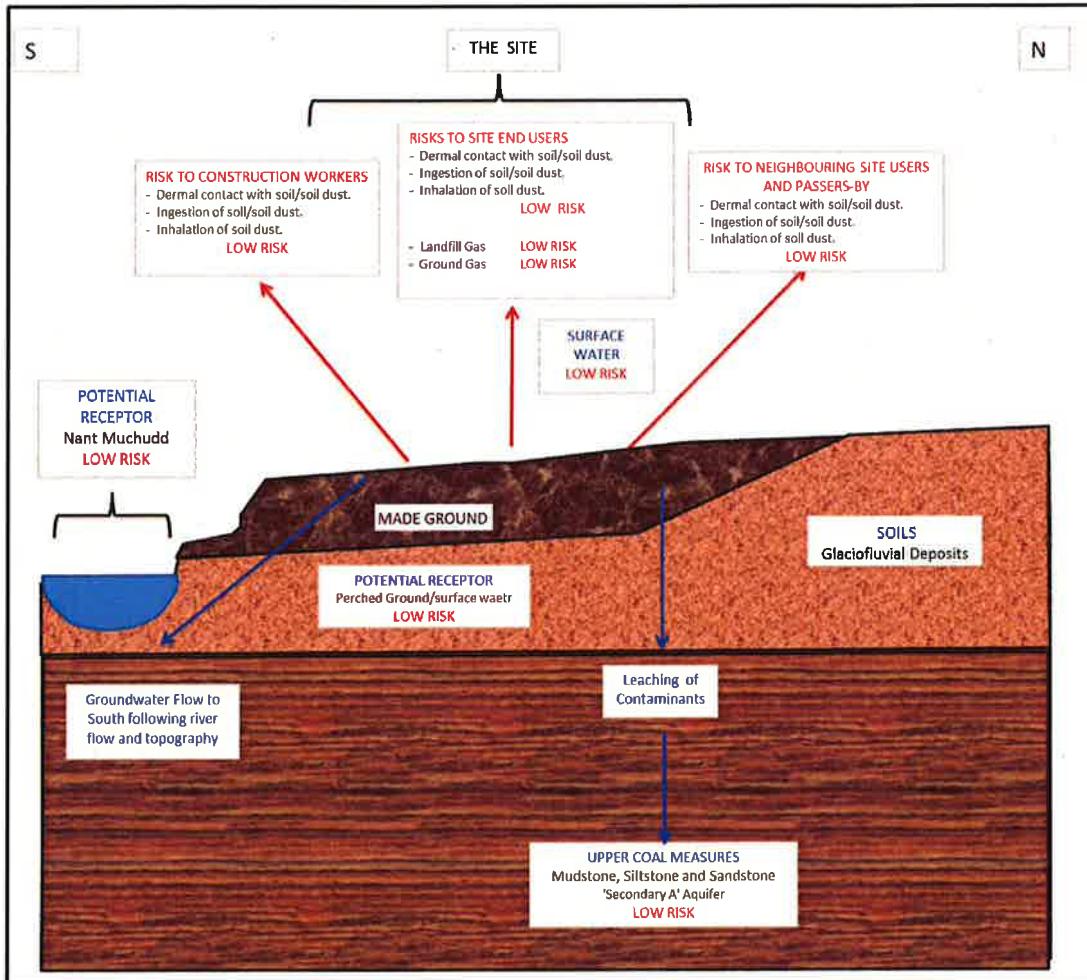
It is understood that that development will not consist of any covered buildings other than a gate house. The type of development combined with the lack of biodegradable materials in the made ground makes the potential risk from ground gas negligible.

However, as a precaution it is recommended that for any covered buildings to be constructed on site that Gas Characteristic Situation 2 is used and the recommended measures incorporated for the future buildings.

Such measures will include the use of a methane membrane and underfloor venting.

## 6.4 Refined Site Conceptual Model

The site conceptual model (SCM) is presented in **Figure 6.1** below. It should be noted that the SCM is generalised and not to scale.



**Figure 6.1 Final Site Conceptual Model**

**ANNEX A  
Envirocheck History Report**



Historical Mapping Legends

**Ordnance Survey County Series and  
Ordnance Survey Plan 1:2,500**

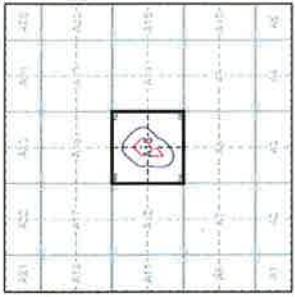
onal Grid Data 1:2,500 and  
1:1,250

**Ordnance Survey Plan, Additional SIMs and  
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information**  
**1:2,500 and 1:1,250**

Mapping Type	Date	Pg
Glamorganshire	12,500	1875 - 1876
Glamorganshire	12,500	1900
Glamorganshire	12,500	1919
Glamorganshire	12,500	1940
Ordnance Survey Plan	12,500	1960 - 1962
Additional SMs	12,500	1960 - 1986
Ordnance Survey Plan	12,500	1972 - 1978
Supplement of Unpublished Survey Information	12,500	1973 -
Additional SMs	12,500	1988 - 1989
Ordnance Survey Plan	12,500	1990 - 1991
Additional SMs	12,500	1990 - 1993
Large-Scale National Grid Data	12,500	1993
Large-Scale National Grid Data	12,500	1994
Large-Scale National Grid Data	12,500	1996

**Historical Mapping & Photography included:**

Historical Map - Segment A13



### **Order Details**

<b>Customer Ref:</b>	1234567890
<b>National Grid Reference:</b>	304170, 185160
<b>Slice:</b>	A
<b>Site Area (Ha):</b>	2.33
<b>Search Buffer (m):</b>	100

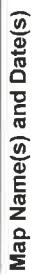
**Landmark**  
University Center



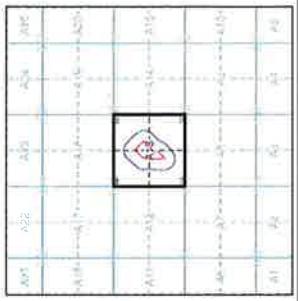
Glamorganshire

Published 1875 - 1876  
Source man scale - 1:2

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:250,000 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1861 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1936, OS maps were based on the Cassini projection, with independent surveys at a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.



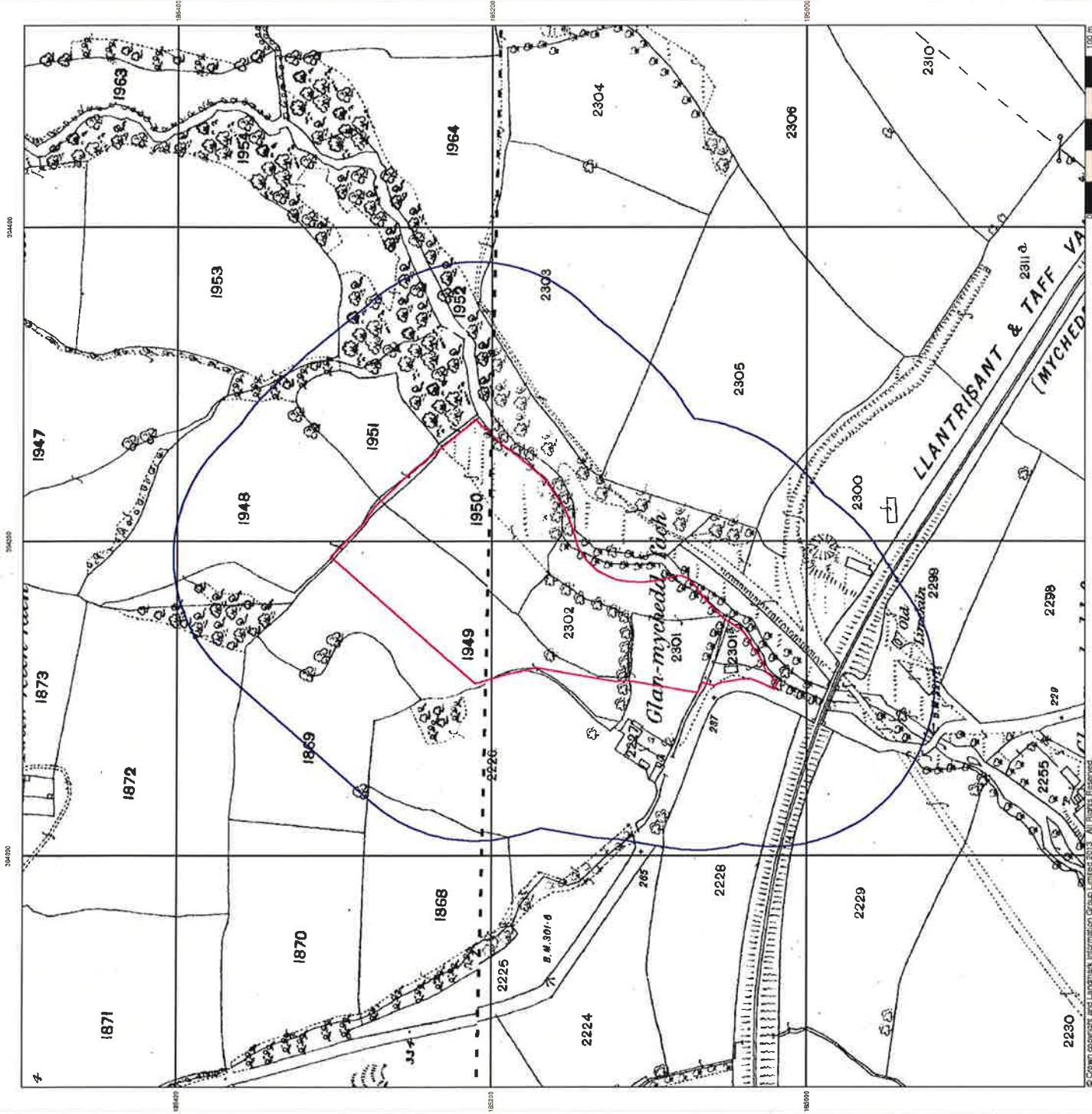
Historical Map - Segment A13



### Order Details

reference: 304170, 185160  
A 2.33  
m): 100

**Site Details**





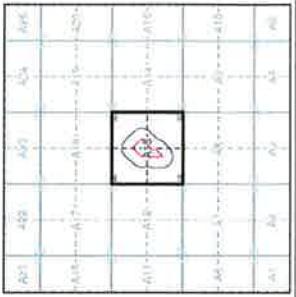
## Glamorganshire Published 1900

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1866 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the survey date. Before 1936, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

### Historical Map - Segment A13

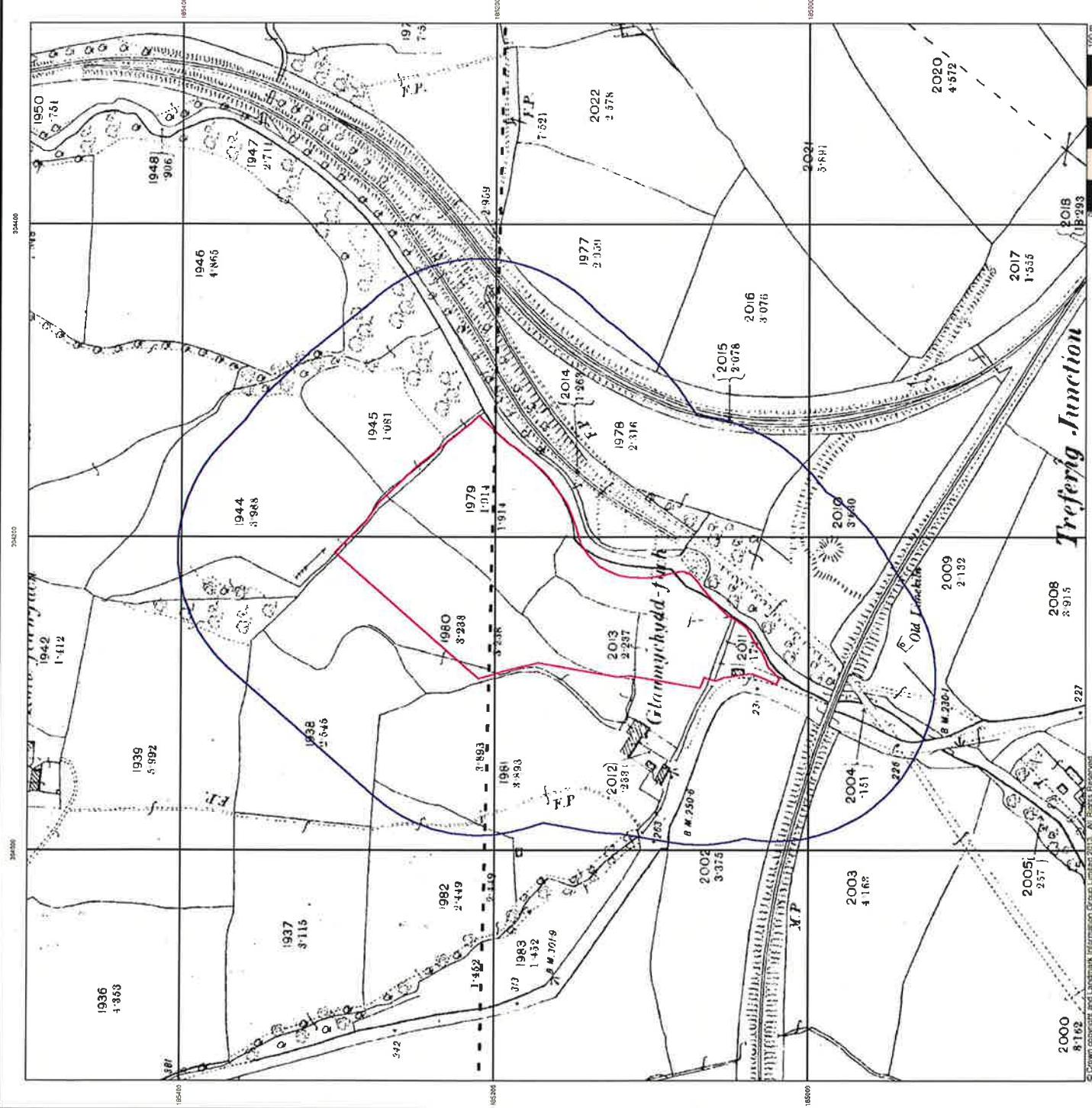


Order Number:	54430027_1_1
Customer Ref:	12640
National Grid Reference:	30410, 185160
A	
Slice:	
Site Area (Ha):	2.33
Search Buffer (m):	100

Site Details  
Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



Tel: 0844 84 9552  
Fax: 0844 84 9551  
Web: www.landmarkgroup.co.uk

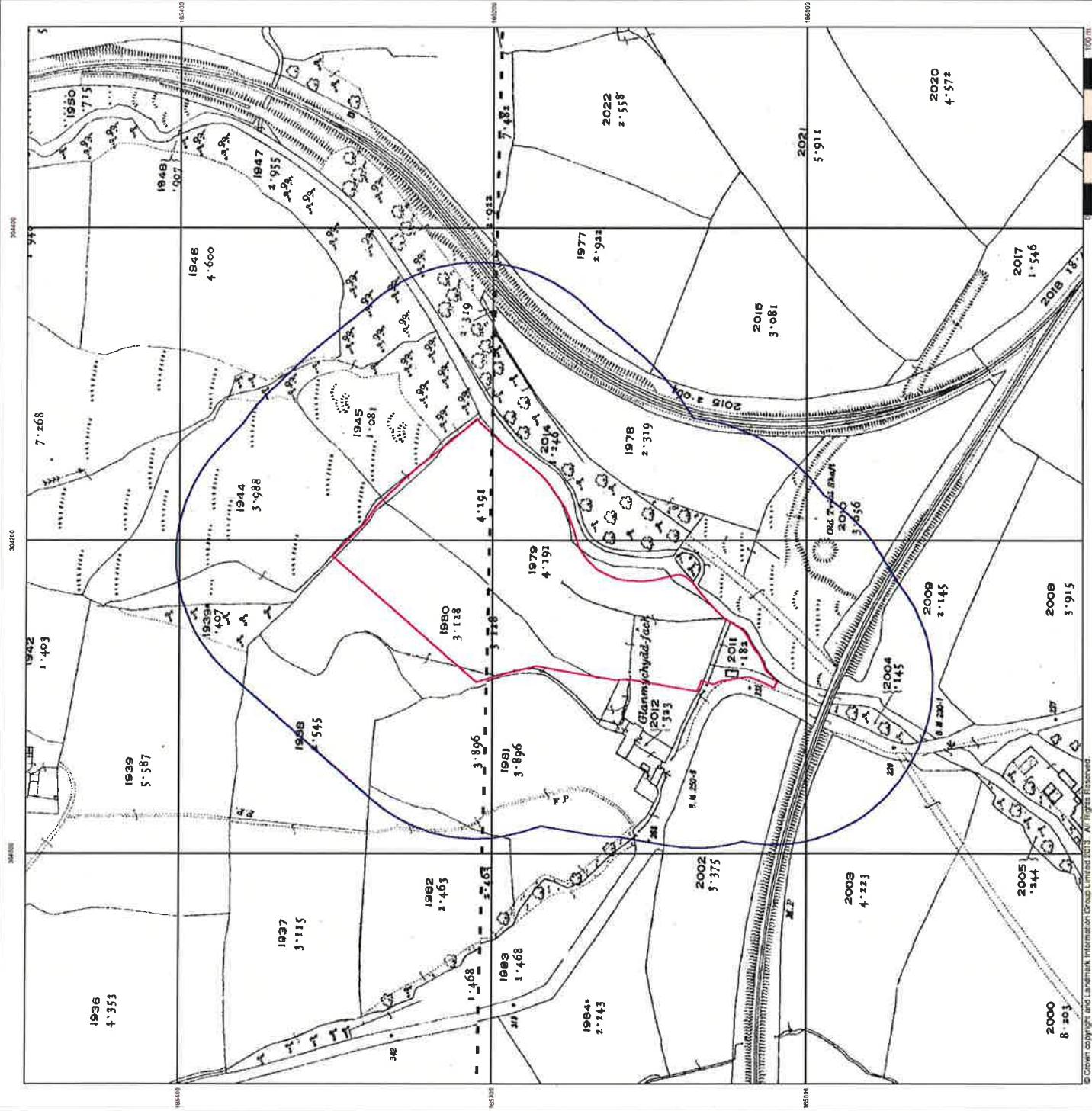




Glamorganshire  
Published 1919

Source map scale = 1:2,500

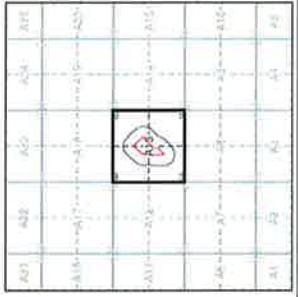
The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:250,000 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date shown is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini projection, with independent surveys in a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.



Map Name(s) and Date(s)

036.06  
1919  
1,2,500  
  
1819

Historical Map - Segment A13



### Order Details

Order Number: 5430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

## Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP

**Landmark**  
Engineering Services  
 Tel: 0844 844 9952  
Fax: 0844 844 9951  
Web: www.landmark-engineering.co.uk

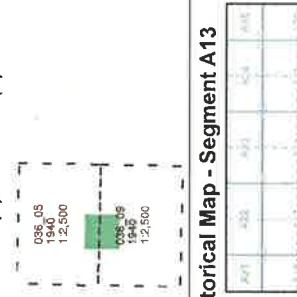


## Glamorganshire Published 1940

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's in 1854. The 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1935, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



### Historical Map - Segment A13





## Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1960 - 1962 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1886 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the defined parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1936, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

	ST0385	1960	12,500
	ST0385	1961	12,500
	ST0384	1962	12,500
	ST0384	1961	12,500
	ST0384	1962	12,500

### Historical Map - Segment A13

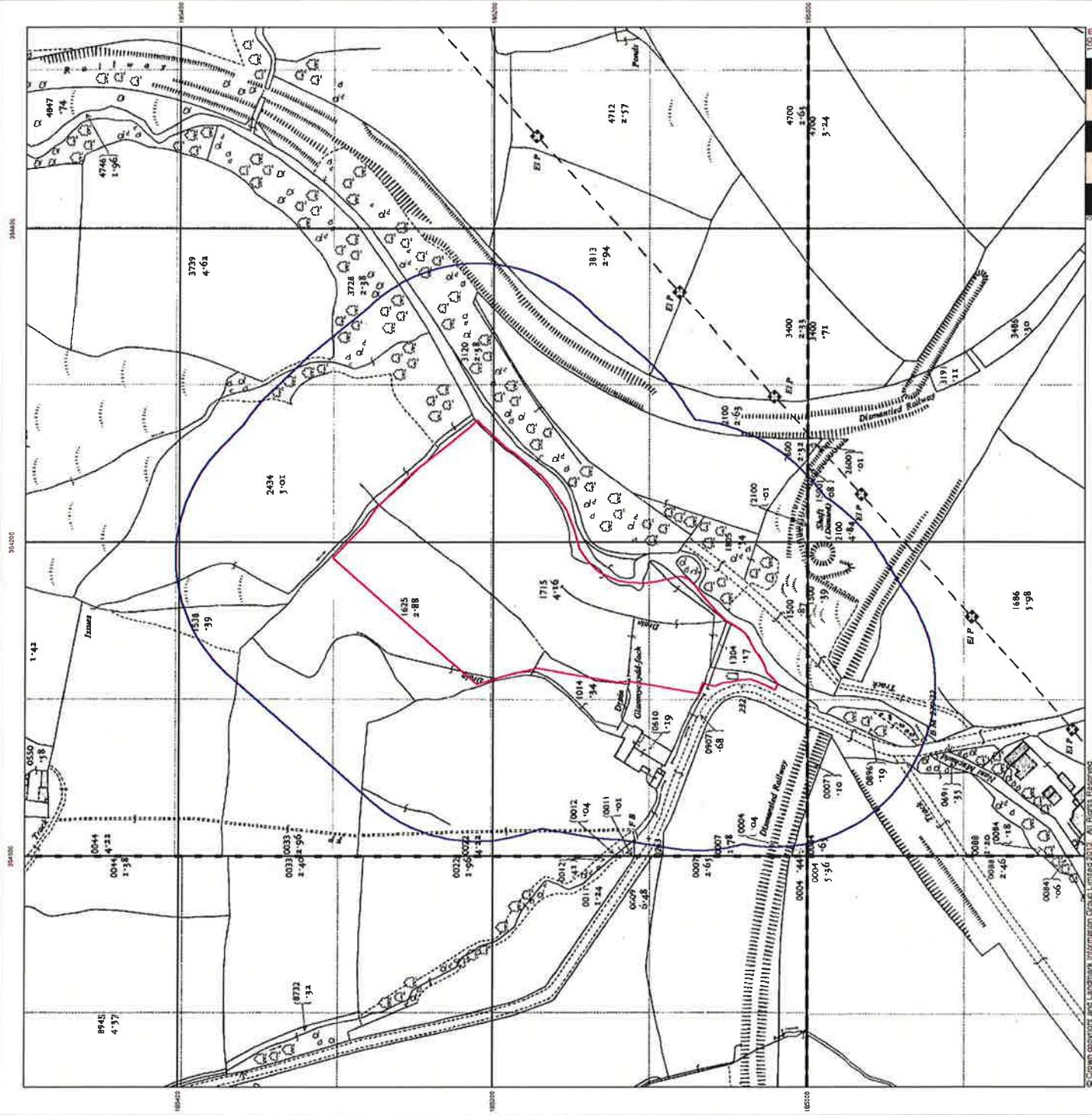


**Order Details**  
Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 3041170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

**Site Details**  
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Web: www.landmarkgroup.co.uk





**Additional SIMs  
Published 1960 - 1986  
Source map scale - 1:2,500**

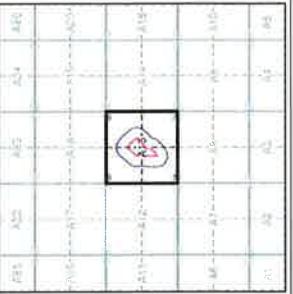
The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions of an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

**Map Name(s) and Date(s)**

ST0395	1980
	1:2,500
ST0394	1981
	1:2,500
ST0384	1985
	1:2,500



**Historical Map - Segment A13**



**Order Details**

Order Number:

54430027\_1.1

Customer Ref:

12640

National Grid Reference:

A

Slice:

A

Site Area (Ha):

2.33

Search Buffer (m):

100

**Site Details**

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## Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1972 - 1978

Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938 all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

### Historical Map - Segment A13

Map Ref	Date	Scale
ST0485	1878	1:2,500
ST0484	1872	1:2,500
ST0484	1978	1:2,500



### Order Details

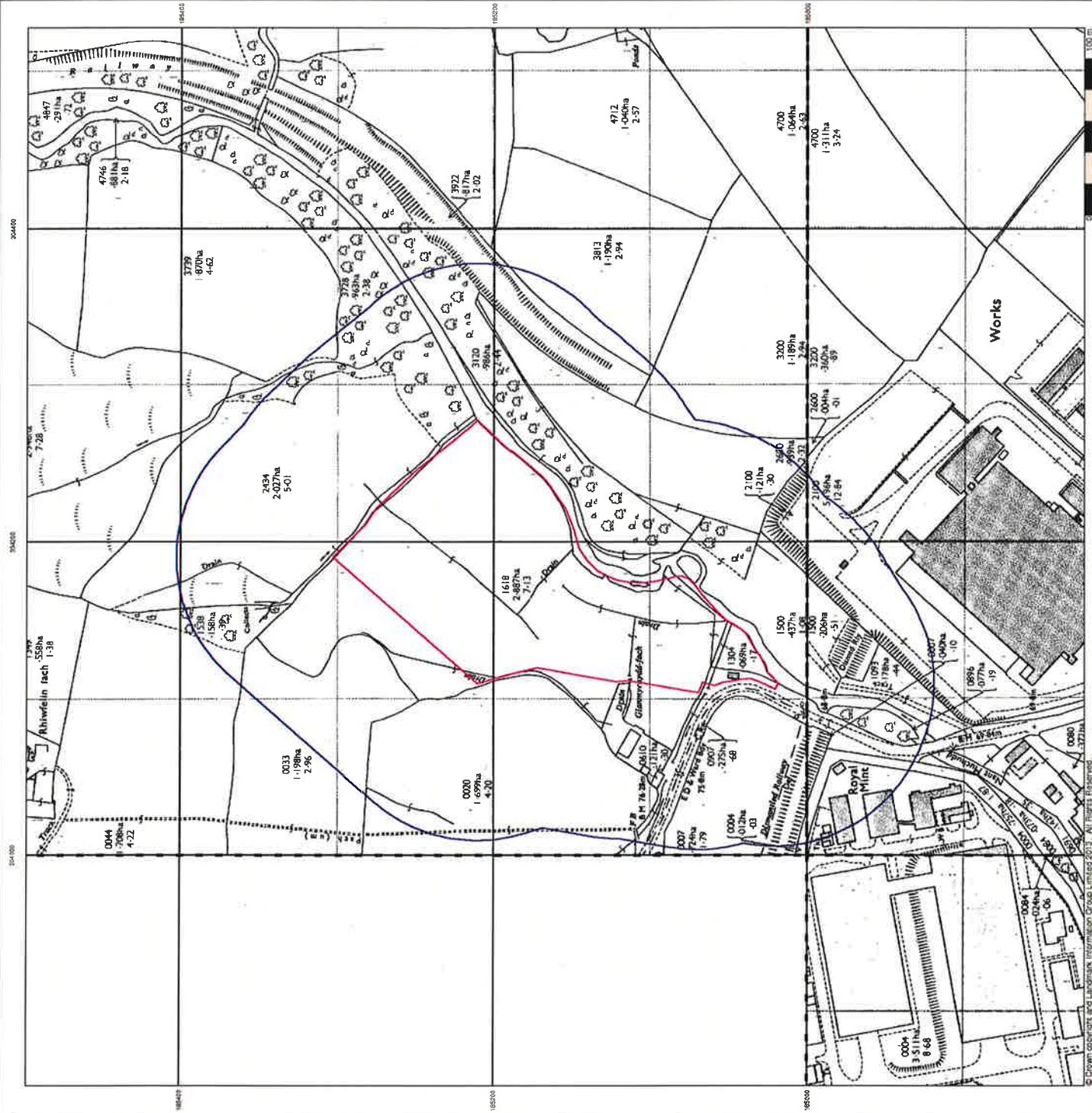
Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304110, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details  
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A Landmark Information Group Service v47.0 19-Mar-2014 Page 8 of 15





**Supply of Unpublished Survey  
Information**

**Published 1973**

**Source map scale - 1:2,500**

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a 'work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

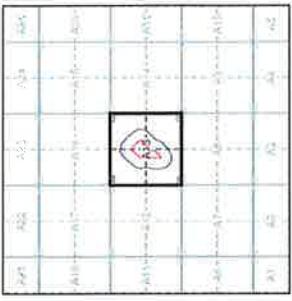
**Map Name(s) and Date(s)**



ST0394  
1973  
1:2,500



**Historical Map - Segment A13**



**Order Details**

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

**Site Details**  
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#### Additional SIMs

**Published 1988 - 1989**

**Source map scale - 1:2,500**

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions of an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



ST0394	ST0484
1988	1999
1:2,500	1:2,500

#### Historical Map - Segment A13



#### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1

Customer Ref: 12640

National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160

Slice: A

Site Area (Ha): 2.33

Search Buffer (m): 100

#### Site Details

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## Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1990 - 1991 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1988, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

ST0485	1891	00
ST0486	1990	1:2,500

### Historical Map - Segment A13



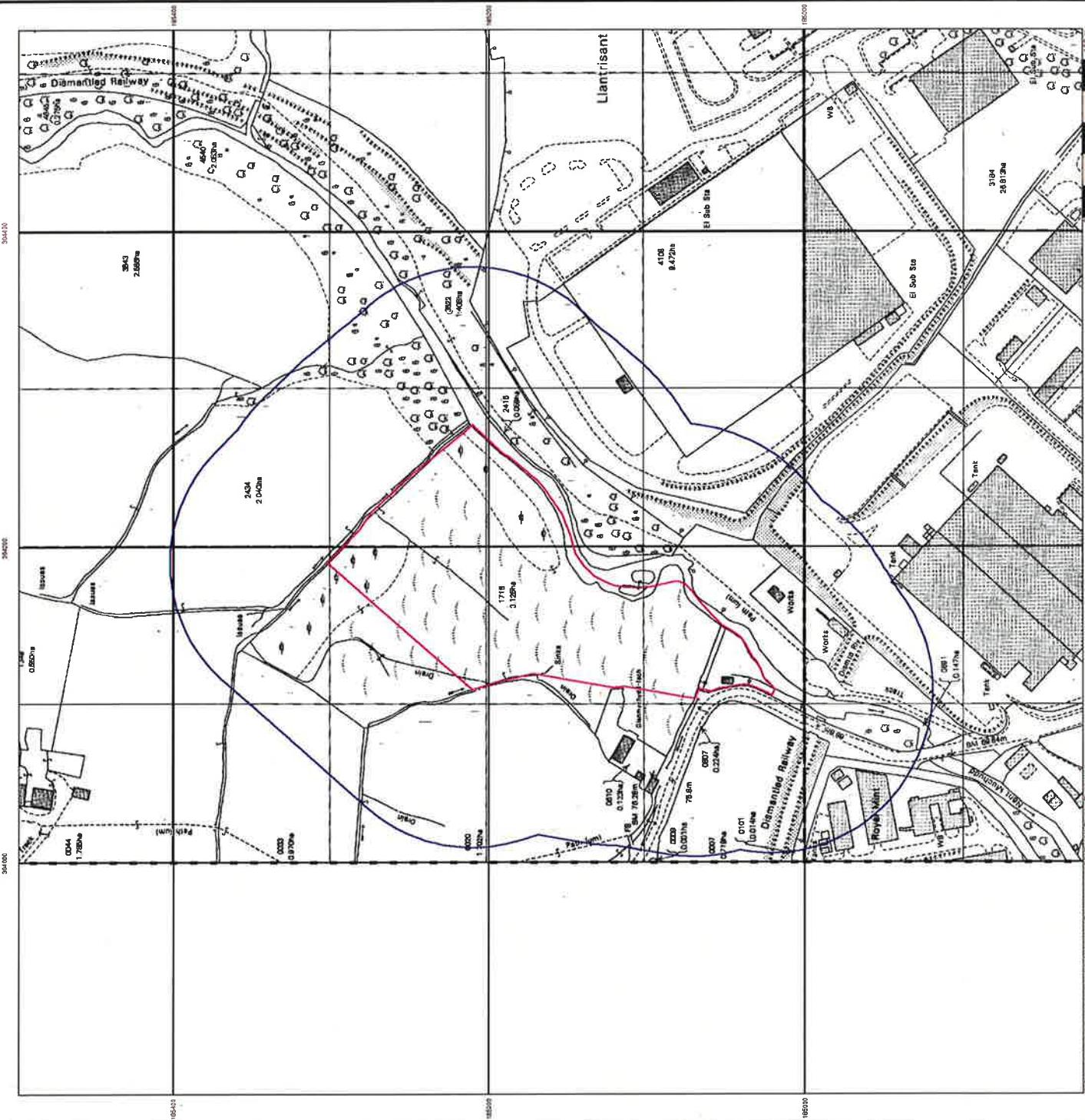
### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details  
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**Additional SIMs**  
**Published 1990 - 1993**  
**Source map scale - 1:2,500**

The SIM cards ('Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Microfilm') are further minor editions of mapping which were produced and published between the main editions of mapping as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

**Map Name(s) and Date(s)**



ST0684	ST0684
1990	1993
1:2,500	1:2,500



**Historical Map - Segment A13**



**Order Details**  
Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

**Site Details**  
Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP





## Large-Scale National Grid Data Published 1993

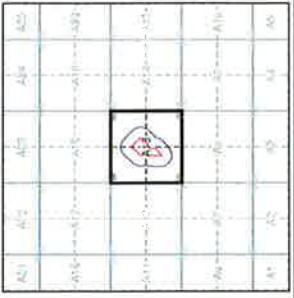
### Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's Survey of Information on Microfilm) in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

ST085	1993	ST085	1993
12,500		12,500	
ST084	1993	ST084	1993

### Historical Map - Segment A13



### Order Details

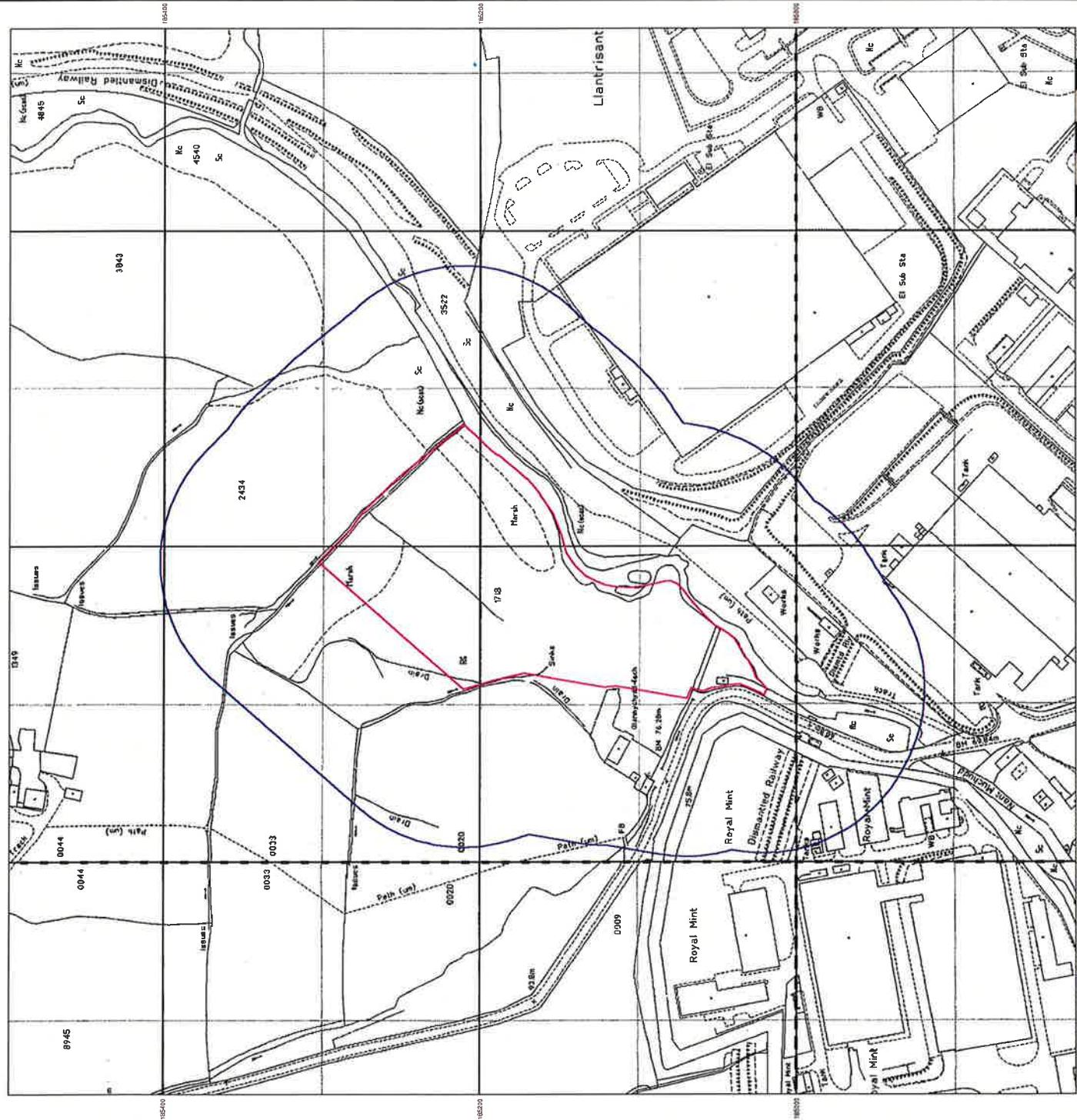
Order Number: 54430027\_1.1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304110, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

### Site Details

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Fax: 0844 844 9951  
Web: www.enrichcheck.co.uk







## Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1996

### Source map scale - 1:2,500

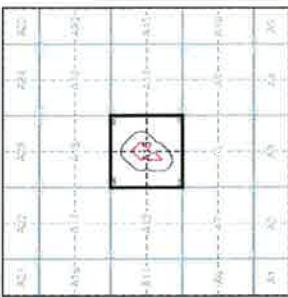
'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SM cards (Ordnance Survey's Survey of Information on Microfilm) in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the forerunners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)



ST0384  
1996  
1:2,500

### Historical Map - Segment A13



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 100

**Site Details**  
Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



Tel: 0844 844 9952  
Fax: 0844 844 9951  
Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



## Historical Mapping Legends

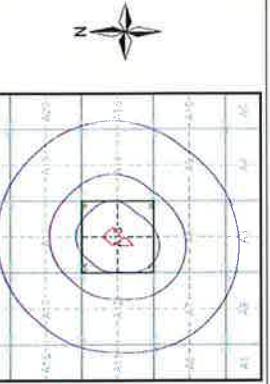
Ordnance Survey Plan 1:10,000

Historical Mapping & Photography included:		Historical Mapping & Photography included:	
Gravel Pit	Sand Pit	Chalk Pit, Clay Pit or Quarry	Gravel Pit
Quarry	Shingle	Sand Pit	Refuse tip or slag heap
Osiers	Reeds	Refuse or Slag Heap	Rock (scattered)
Mixed Wood	Deciduous	Lake, Loch or Pond	Boulders (scattered)
Fir	Fusee	Dunes	Shingle
Arrow denotes flow of water	Trigonometrical Station	Coniferous Trees	Sand
Site of Antiquities	Bench Mark	Orchard	Slopes
Pump, Guide Post, Signal Post	Well, Spring, Boundary Post	Bracken	Underground detail
-285 Surface Level	Instrumental Contour	Heath	Narrow gauge railway
Sketched Contour	Minor Roads	Marsh	Single track railway
Main Roads	Fenced	Building	Civil, parish or community boundary
	Un-Fenced	Glasshouse	Constituency boundary
Road over River	Raised Road	Sloping Masonry	County boundary (England only)
Road over Canal	Railway over River	Electricity Transmission Line	County, District, Unitary, Metropolitan, London Borough boundary
Road over Stream	Level Crossing	Direction of Flow of Water	Area of wooded vegetation
Road over River or Canal	Road over Stream	Shingle	Non-coniferous trees
Road over Stream	Railway over River	Sand	Coniferous trees
County Boundary (Geographical)	Road over Stream	Pylon	Positioned tree
County & Civil Parish Boundary	Railway over River	Pole	Orchard
+ + + + +	Level Crossing	Electricity Transmission Line	Coppice or Osiers
Administrative County, County Borough or County of City	Road over Stream	Standard Gauge Multiple Track	Heath
Municipal Borough, Urban or Rural District, Burgh or District Council	Railway over River	Standard Gauge Single Track	Marsh, Salt Marsh or Reeds
Borough, Burgh or County Constituency	Road over Stream	Footbridge	Flow arrows
Civil Parish	Railway over River	Siding, Tramway or Mineral Line	Mean low water (springs)
Shown alternately when coincidence of boundaries occurs	Road over Stream	Narrow Gauge	Electricity transmission line (with poles)
BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone	Road over Stream	Geographical County	Triangulation station
Ch Church	Railway over River	Administrative County, County Borough or County of City	Pylon, flare stack or lighting tower
CH Club House	Road over Stream	Municipal Borough, Urban or Rural District, Burgh or District Council	Glasshouse
F E Sta Fire Engine Station	Railway over River	Borough, Burgh or County Constituency	Important Building
FB Foot Bridge	Road over Stream	Civil Parish	
Fn Fountain	Railway over River	Shown only when coincident with other boundaries	
GP Guide Post	Road over Stream	Shown alternately when coincidence of boundaries occurs	
MP Mile Post	Railway over River	BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone	
MS Mile Stone	Road over Stream	Ch Church	
W Well	Railway over River	CH Club House	
	Road over Stream	F E Sta Fire Engine Station	
	Railway over River	FB Foot Bridge	
	Road over Stream	Fn Fountain	
	Railway over River	GP Guide Post	
	Road over Stream	MP Mile Post	
	Railway over River	MS Mile Stone	
	Road over Stream	W Well	

1:10,000 Raster Mapping

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Page No.
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1884 - 1885	3
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1900	4
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1921	5
Historical Aerial Photography	1:10,560	1947 - 1953	6
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1953	7
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1884 - 1885	8
Rhondda Cynon Taff	1:10,000	1978	11
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1980 - 1984	12
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1993	13
10K Raster Mapping	1:10,000	2006	14
VectorMap Local	1:10,000	2013	15

## Historical Map - Slice A



## Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

## Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



Russian Military Mapping Legends

1:5,000 and 1:10,000 mapping

1:25,000 mapping

Key to Numbers on Mapping

<b>a.</b>	<b>Not drawn to scale</b>	<b>b.</b> Drawn to scale	<b>c.</b> Drawn to scale
	Military and Industrial Buildings		
188.0			
0.2			
180.2			
17			
243.8			
188.0			
0.2			
<b>Russian Alphabet (For reference and phonetic interpretation of map text)</b>	<b>А а (A)</b>	<b>Ч ч (CH)</b>	<b>И и (I)</b>
	<b>Б б (B)</b>	<b>П п (P)</b>	<b>У у (U)</b>
	<b>В в (V)</b>	<b>Р р (R)</b>	<b>М м (M)</b>
	<b>Г г (G)</b>	<b>С с (S)</b>	<b>Ш ш (SH)</b>
	<b>Д д (D)</b>	<b>К к (K)</b>	<b>Э э (E)</b>
	<b>Е е (E)</b>	<b>Л л (L)</b>	<b>Ү ү (U)</b>
	<b>Ж ж (ZH)</b>	<b>М м (M)</b>	<b>Ӯ Ӯ (U)</b>
	<b>Ғ Ғ (ZH)</b>	<b>Ӧ Ӧ (O)</b>	<b>Ӯ Ӯ (U)</b>

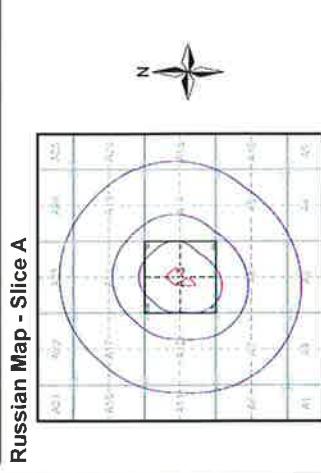
**Historical Mapping & Photography included:**



 terra firma

**Historical Mapping & Photography included:**

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1884 - 1885	3
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1900	4
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1921	5
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1921	6
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1921 - 1953	
<b>Historical Aerial Photography</b>			
Glamorganshire	1:10,560	1947 - 1949	8
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1953	9
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1964 - 1965	10
Rhondda Cynon Taff	1:10,000	1974 - 1976	11
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1978	12
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1980 - 1984	13
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:10,000	1983	14
10K Raster Mapping	1:10,000	2006	15
VectorMap Local	1:10,000	2013	



## Order Details

Site Details	
Order Number:	54430027_1_1
Customer Ref:	1640
National Grid Reference:	304170, 185166
Slice:	A
Site Area (Ha):	2.33
Search Buffer (m):	1000

**Landmark**  
Information Group

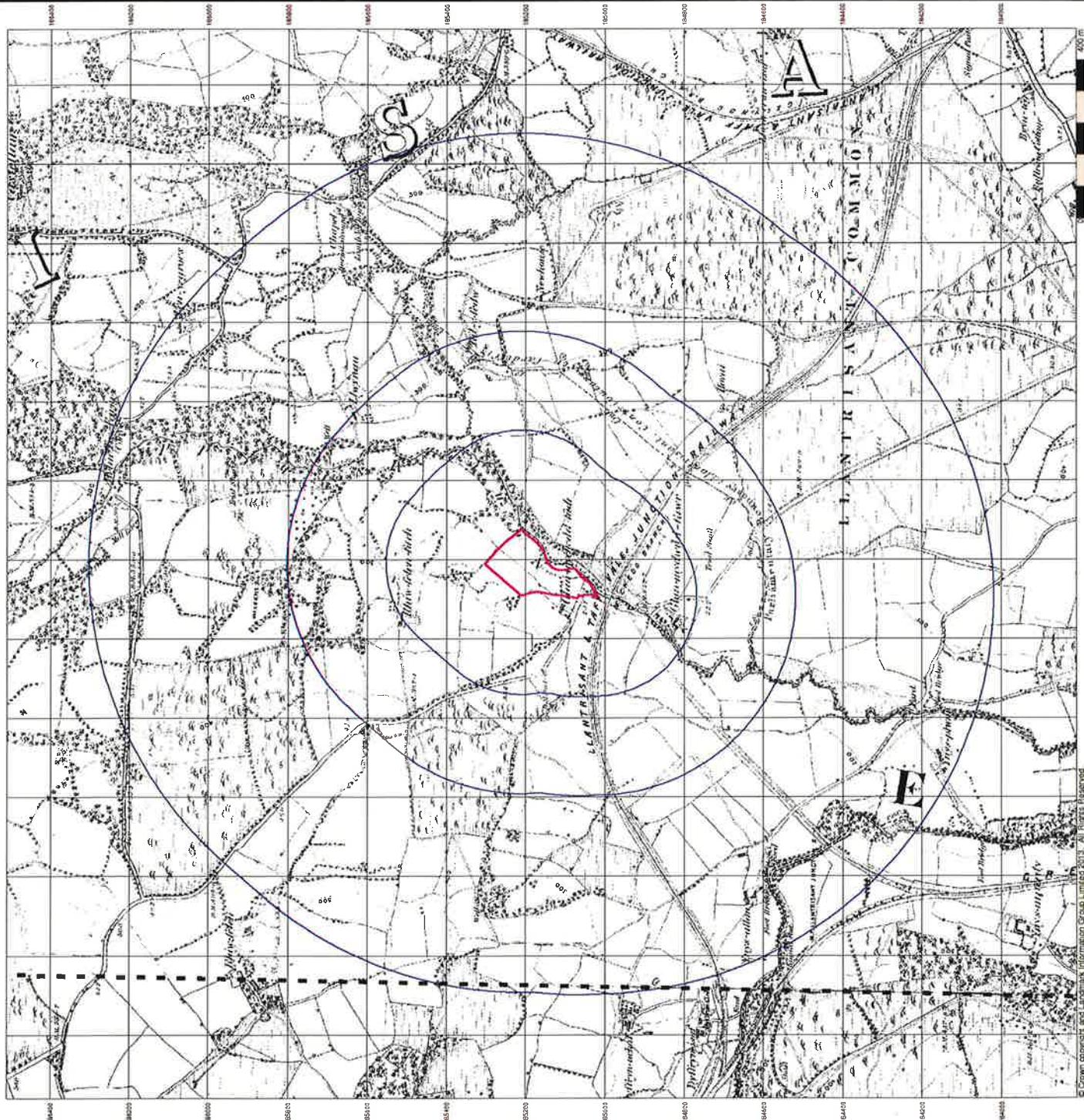


## Glamorganshire

**Published 1884 - 1885**

### Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlining areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

03500  
1884  
1:10,560

03500  
1885  
1:10,560

### Historical Map - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1.1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304110, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



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## Glamorganshire Published 1900

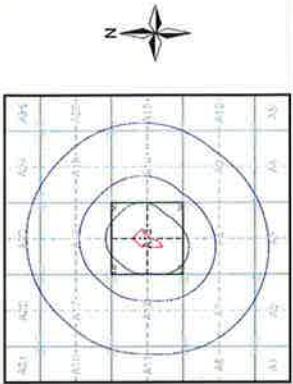
### Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. The 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. These maps were often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1858 all OS maps were based on the Cassini projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in adjoining areas. In the late 1840's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1870, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

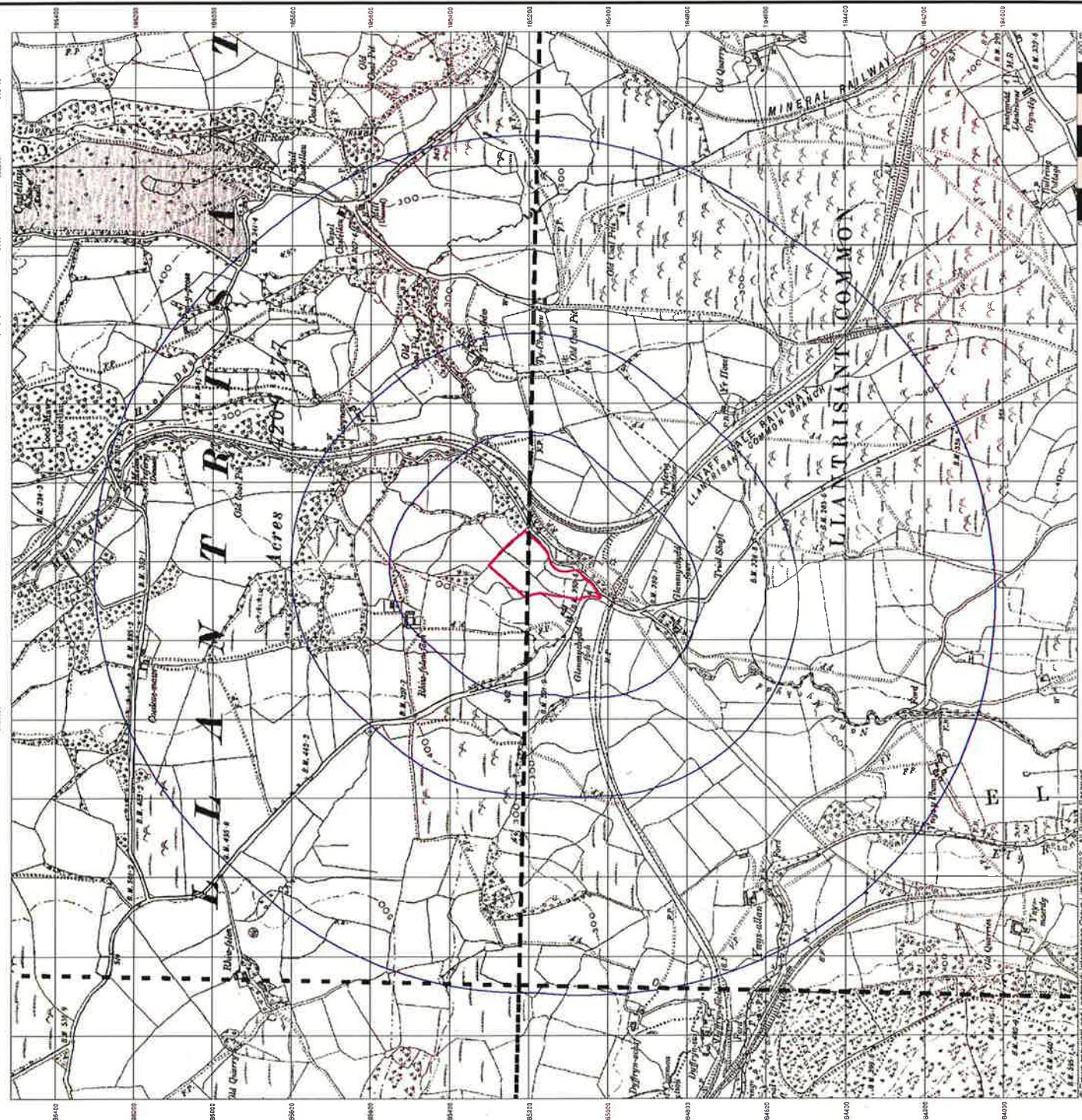
	03SNE 1900 1:10,560	03ENW 1900 1:10,560	03SE 1900 1:10,560	03SW 1900 1:10,560

### Historical Map - Slice A



**Order Details**  
Order Number: 54430027\_1-1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

**Site Details**  
Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



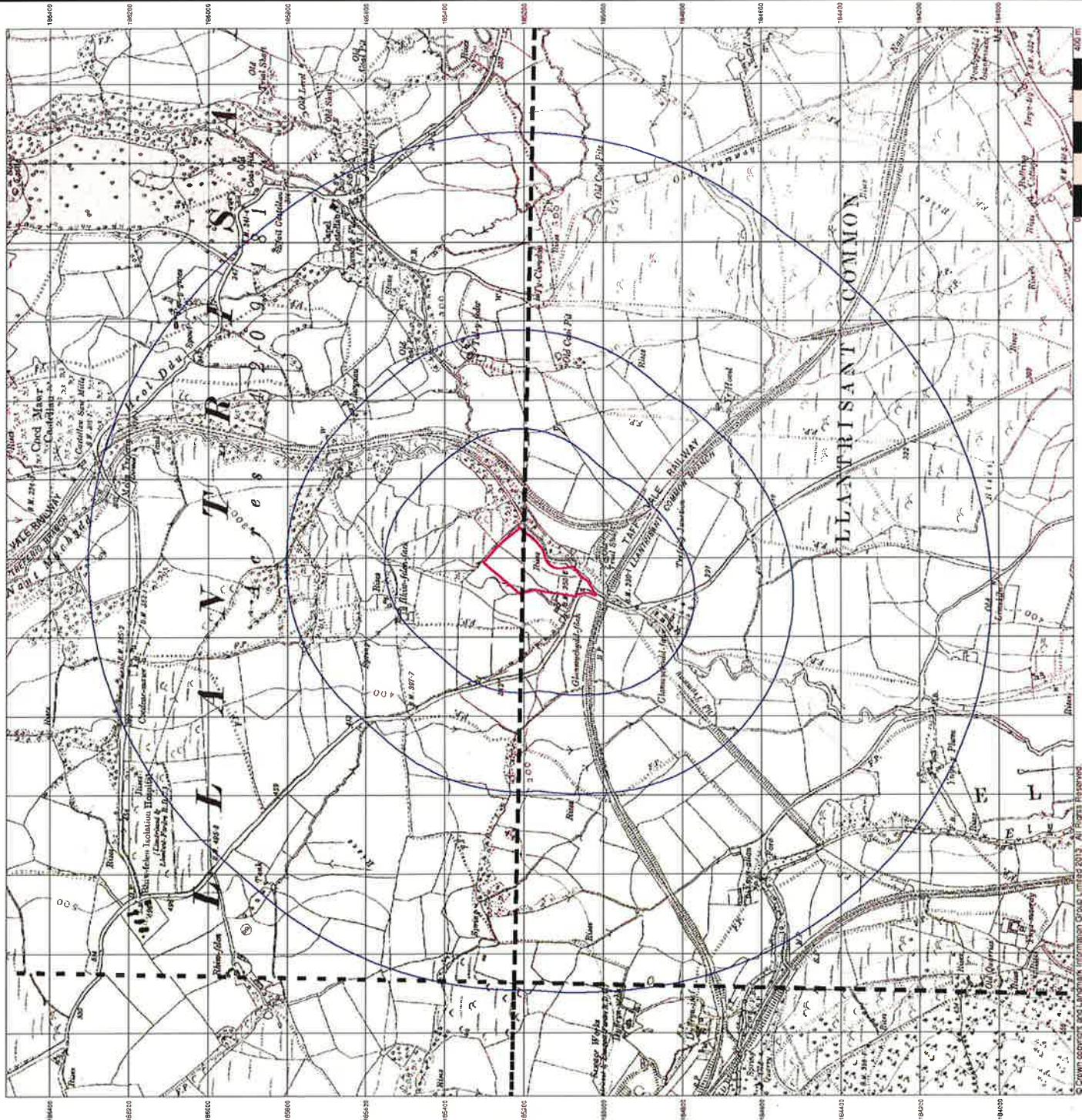


## Glamorganshire

Published 1921

Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,000 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas, these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The survey date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



### Map Names(s) and Date(s)

03SE	1921	03BNW	1921
1:10,560		1:10,560	
03SW	1921	03SE	1921
1:10,560		1:10,560	

### Historical Map - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304110, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyddun, CF72 8LP



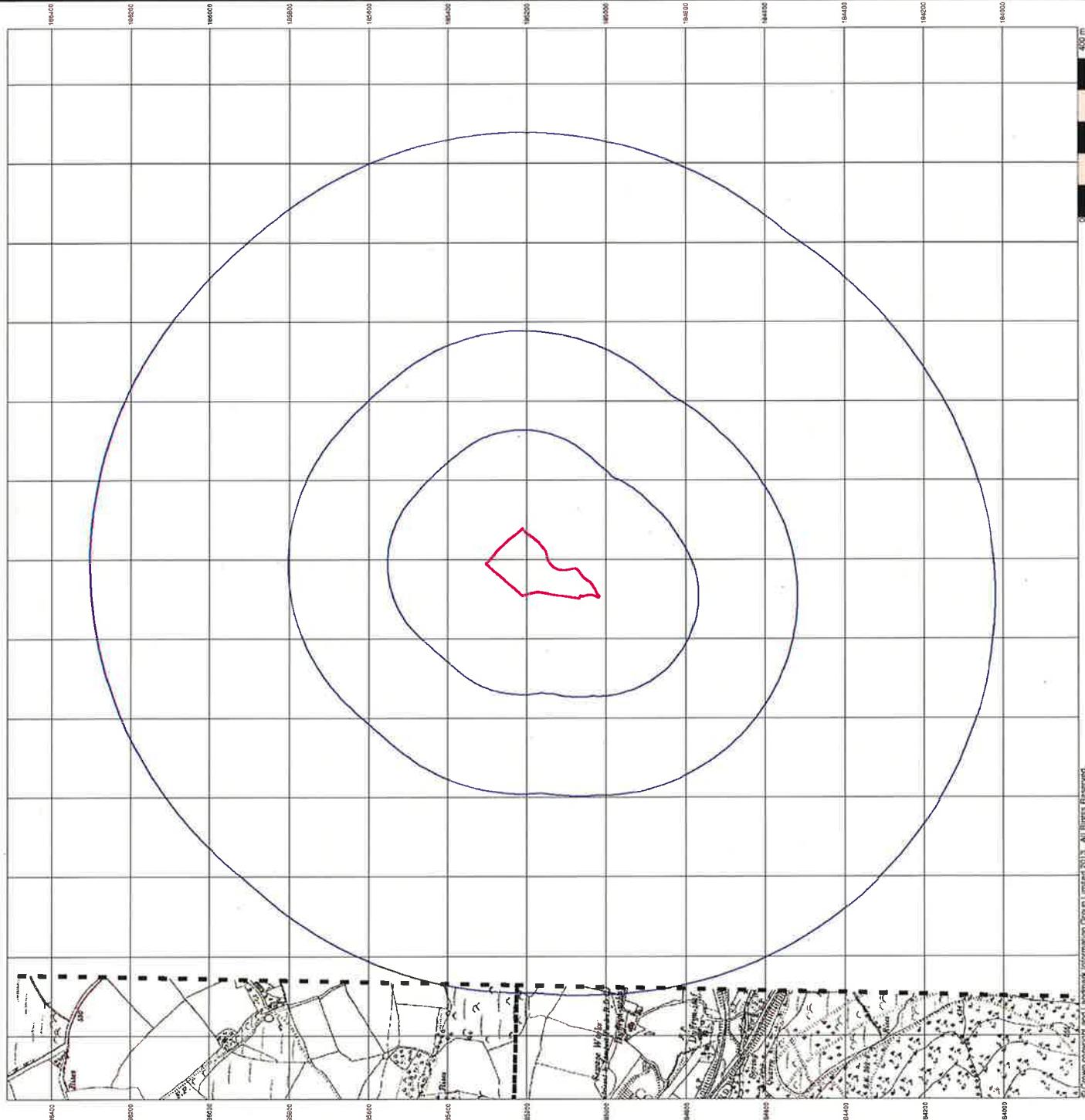
Tel: 0844 844 9252  
Fax: 0844 844 9251  
Web: www.landmarkuk.co.uk



## Glamorganshire Published 1921

### Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1958, all OS maps were based on the Cassini I Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in ordinary areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished, with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



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Fax: 0844 844 9951  
Web: www.landmark.co.uk

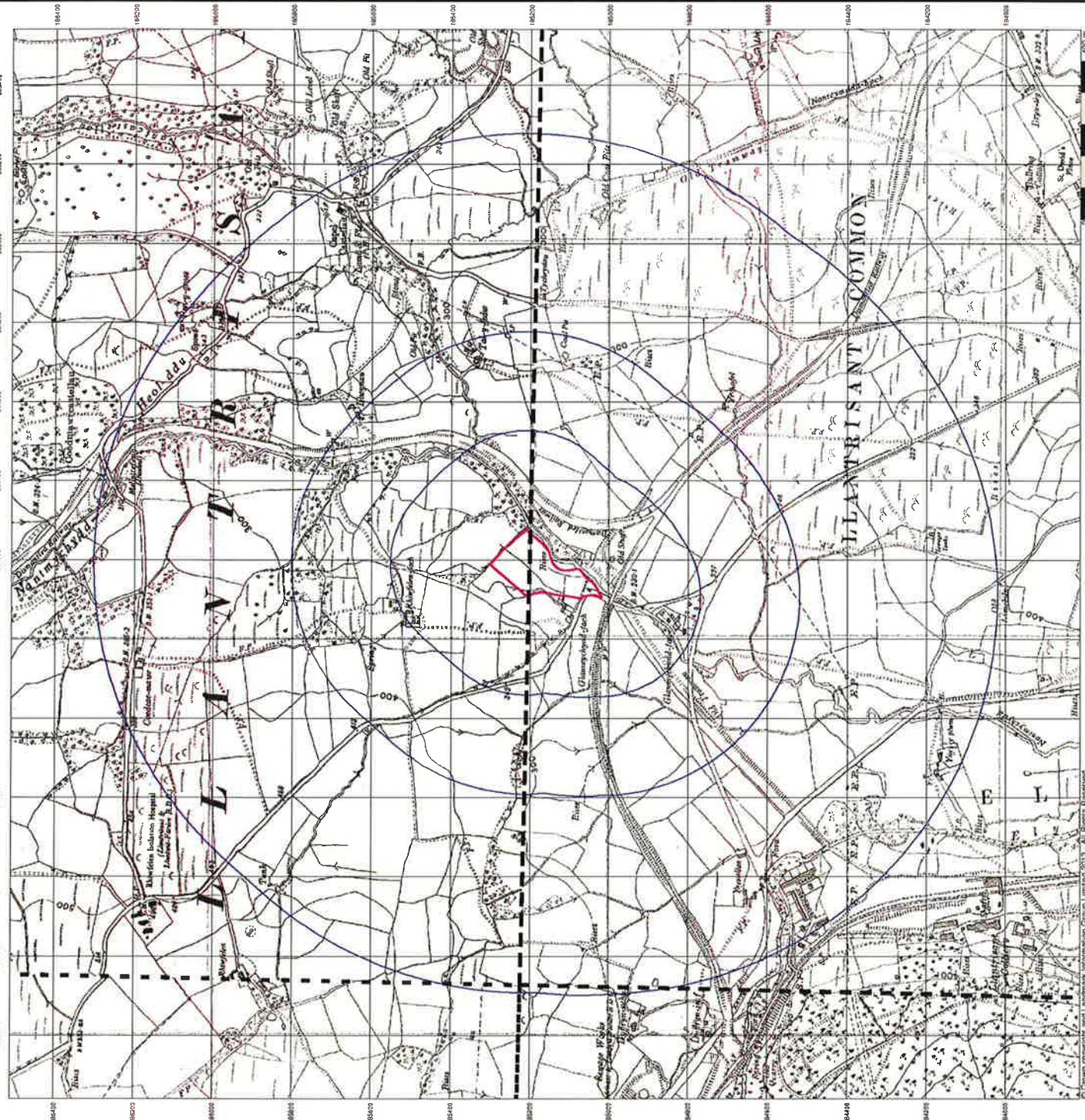


## Glamorganshire

Published 1947 - 1953

Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The surveyed date given therefore is often some years later than the survey date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



Map Name(s) and Date(s)

	03NE	1953	03NW	1947	1:10,560
	03SE	1953	03SW	1947	1:10,560
	03SE	1953	03SW	1947	1:10,560

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



Information Group

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## Historical Aerial Photography

Published 1947 - 1949

Source map scale - 1:10,560

The Historical Aerial Photos were produced by the Ordnance Survey at a scale of 1:1250 and 1:10,560 from Air Force photography. They were produced between 1944 and 1951 as an interim measure, pending preparation of conventional mapping, due to post war resource shortages. New security measures in the 1950's meant that every photograph was re-checked for potentially unsafe information with security sites replaced by fake fields or clouds. The original editions were withdrawn and only later made available after a period of fifty years although due to the occurrence of the editing, without viewing both revisions it is not easy to spot the edits. Where available Landmark have included both revisions. Where

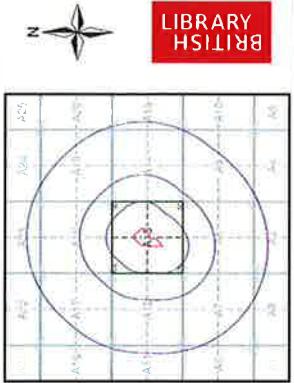
© Landmark Information Group and/or Data Suppliers 2010.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

STOB NW	STOB NE
1949	1947
1:10,560	1:10,560

STOB SW	STOB SE
1949	1947
1:10,560	1:10,560

## Historical Aerial Photography - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 3041170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

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Historical Group

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## Glamorganshire

Published 1953

### Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:10,560 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938 all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

036NW	1953
110560	
036SW	1953
	1:10 560

### Historical Map - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1.1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

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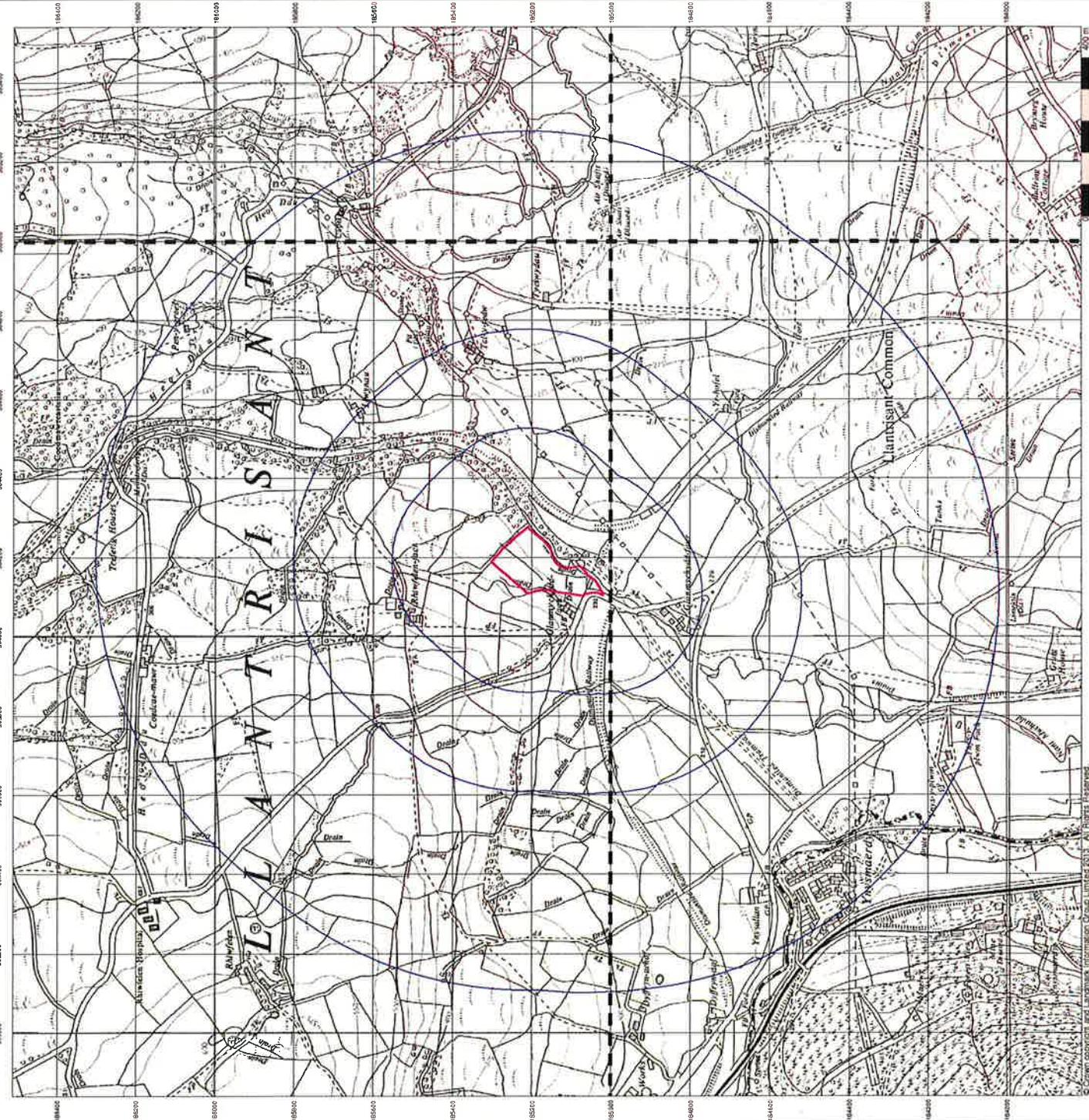
Tel: 0844 844 9852  
Fax: 0844 844 9851  
Web: www.landmark.co.uk



## Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1964 - 1965

### Source map scale - 1:10,000

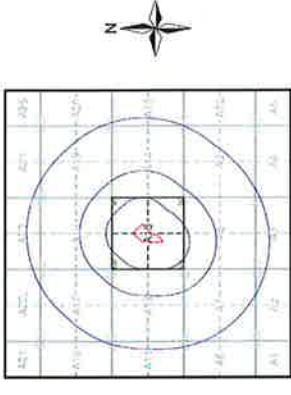
The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas, these maps were used to update the 1:10,000 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1903 all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

ST08SW	ST08NE	1:10,560
1965	1965	1:10,560
110.560	110.560	

### Historical Map - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1.1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 3041170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

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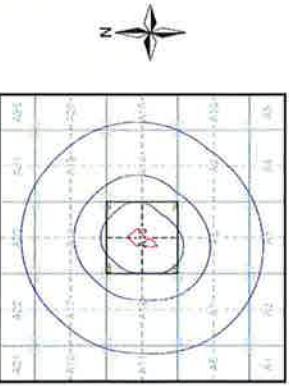
## Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1974 - 1976 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,500 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the survey date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in ordinary areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced which updated the 1:10,500 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished, with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

	ST08NW	ST08NE
	1974   1976   110,000	
	ST08SW	ST08SE
	1975   1974   110,000	

### Historical Map - Slice A

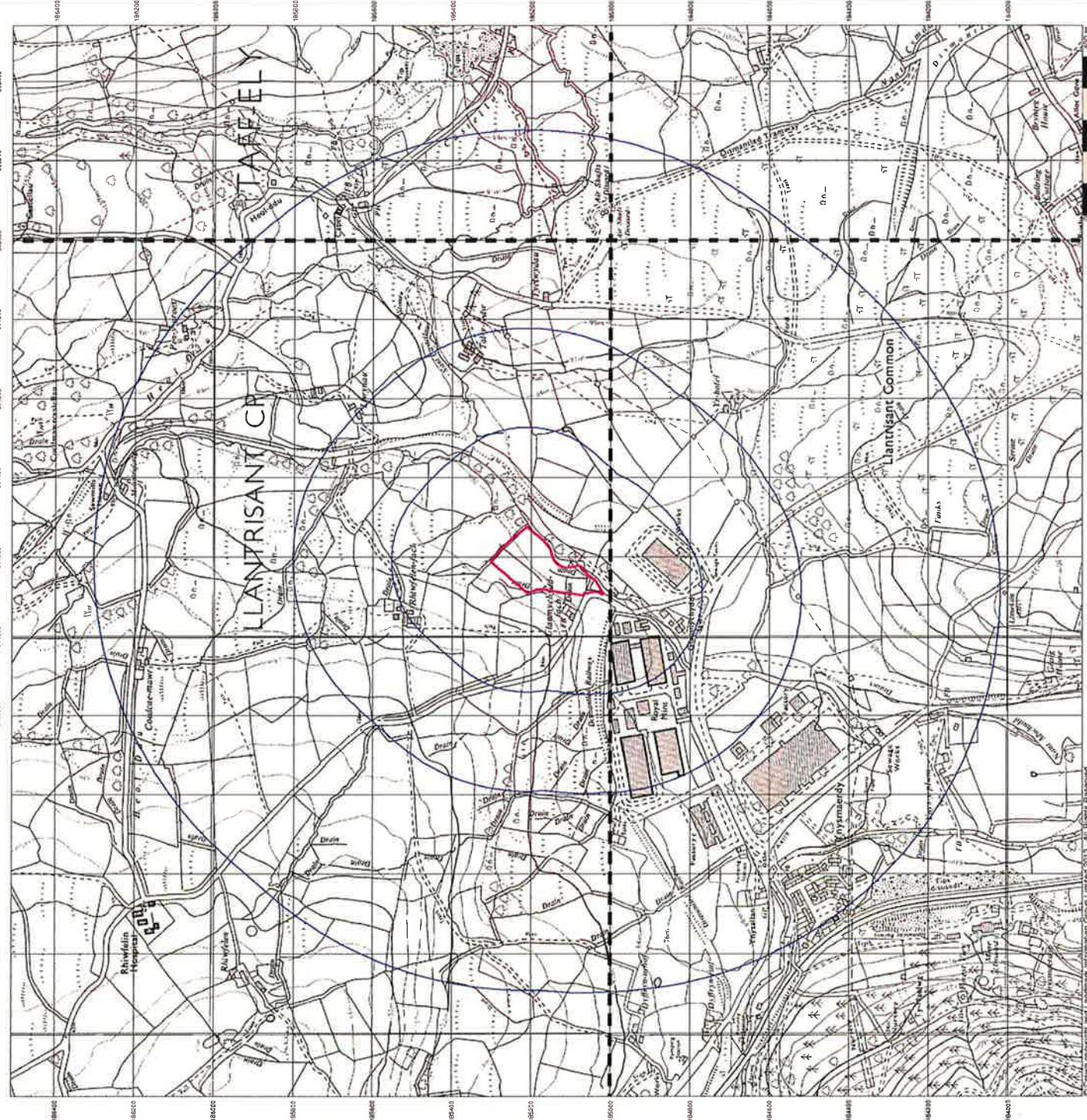


### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1-1  
 Customer Ref: 12640  
 National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
 Slice: A  
 Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
 Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP





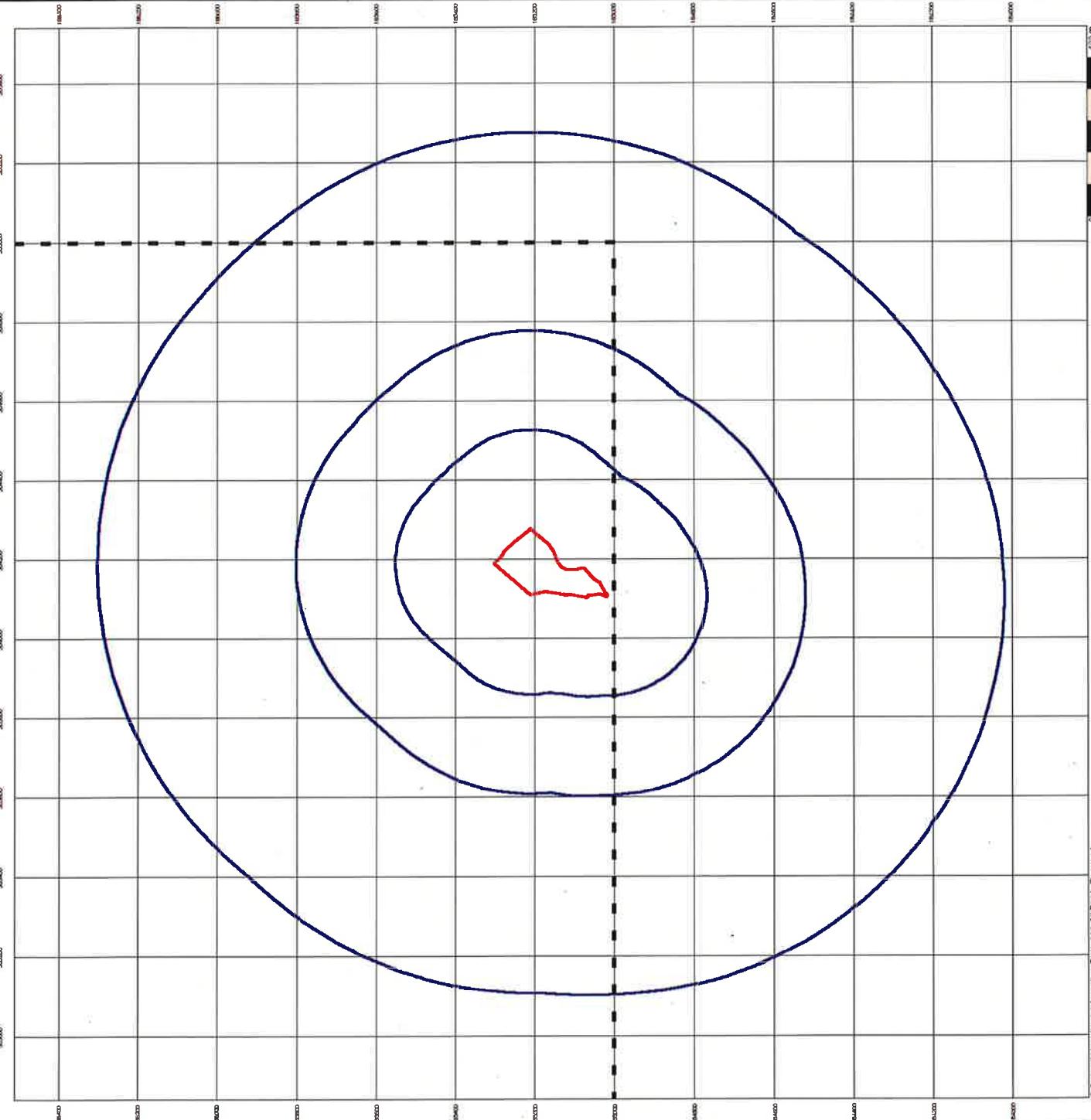
## Rhondda Cynon Taff

Published 1978

### Source map scale - 1:10,000

These maps were produced by the Russians during the Cold War between 1950 and 1997 and cover 103 towns and cities throughout the U.K. The maps are produced at 1:25,000, 1:10,000 and 1:5,000 scale, and show detailed land use, with colour-coded areas for residential, green areas, and non-developed areas. Buildings are coloured black and important building uses (such as hospitals, post offices, factories etc.) are numbered, with a numbered key describing their use.

They were produced by the Russians for the benefit of navigation, as well as strategic military sites and transport hubs, for use if they were to have invaded the U.K. The detailed information provided indicates that the areas were surveyed using land-based personnel, on the ground, in the cities that are mapped.



### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

STORBNW  
1978  
1:10,000

### Russian Map - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 5443027\_1.1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



Information Group

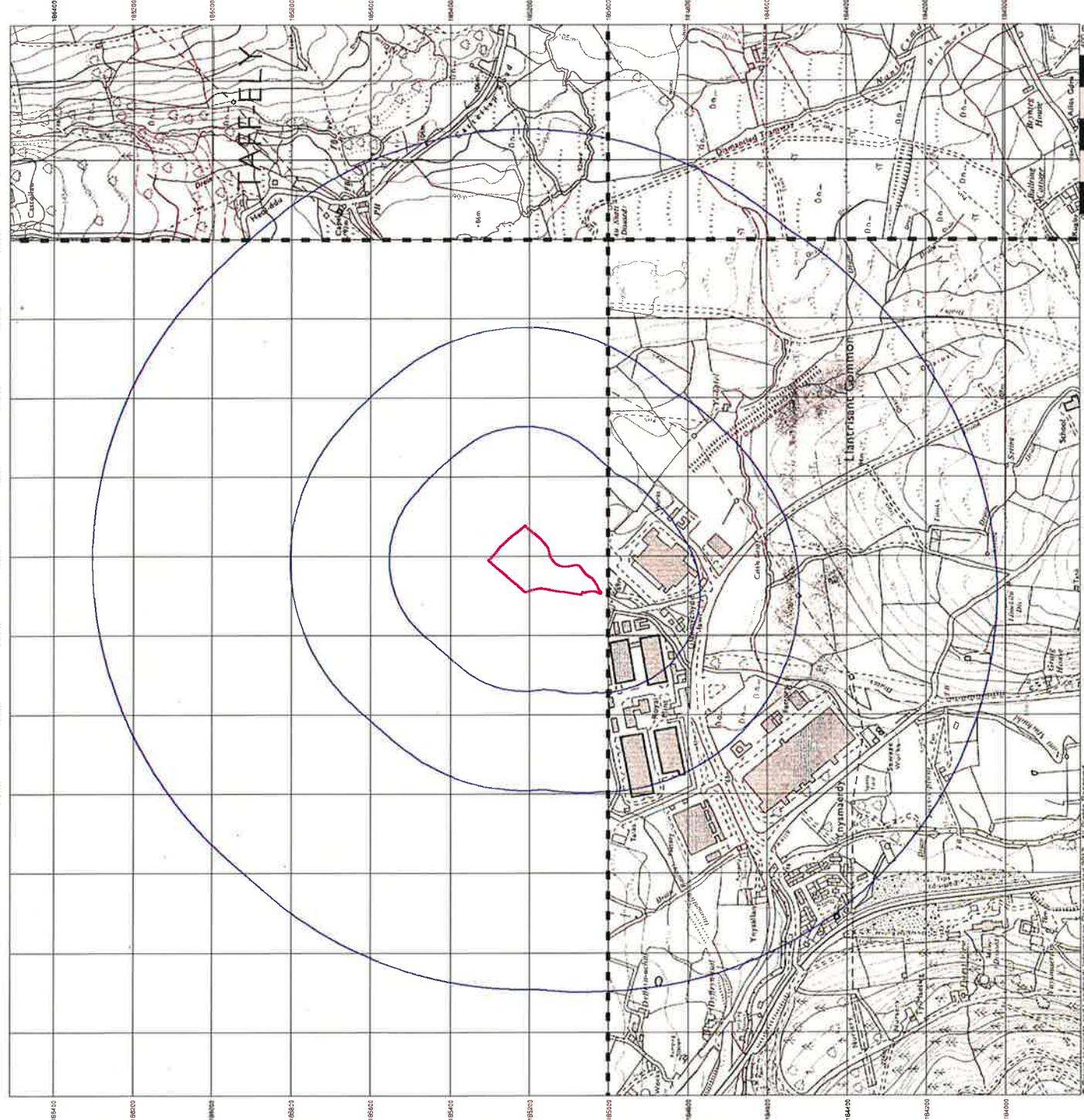
v47.0 19-Mar-2014 Page 12 of 16



## Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1980 - 1984

### Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas. These maps were used to update the 1:10,000 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys in outlying county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished, with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

	STOBNE	1984	1:10,000
	STOBSE	1982	1:10,000

### Historical Map - Slice A



### Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 304110, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

### Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



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Fax: 0844 844 9955  
Web: www.landmarkgroup.co.uk

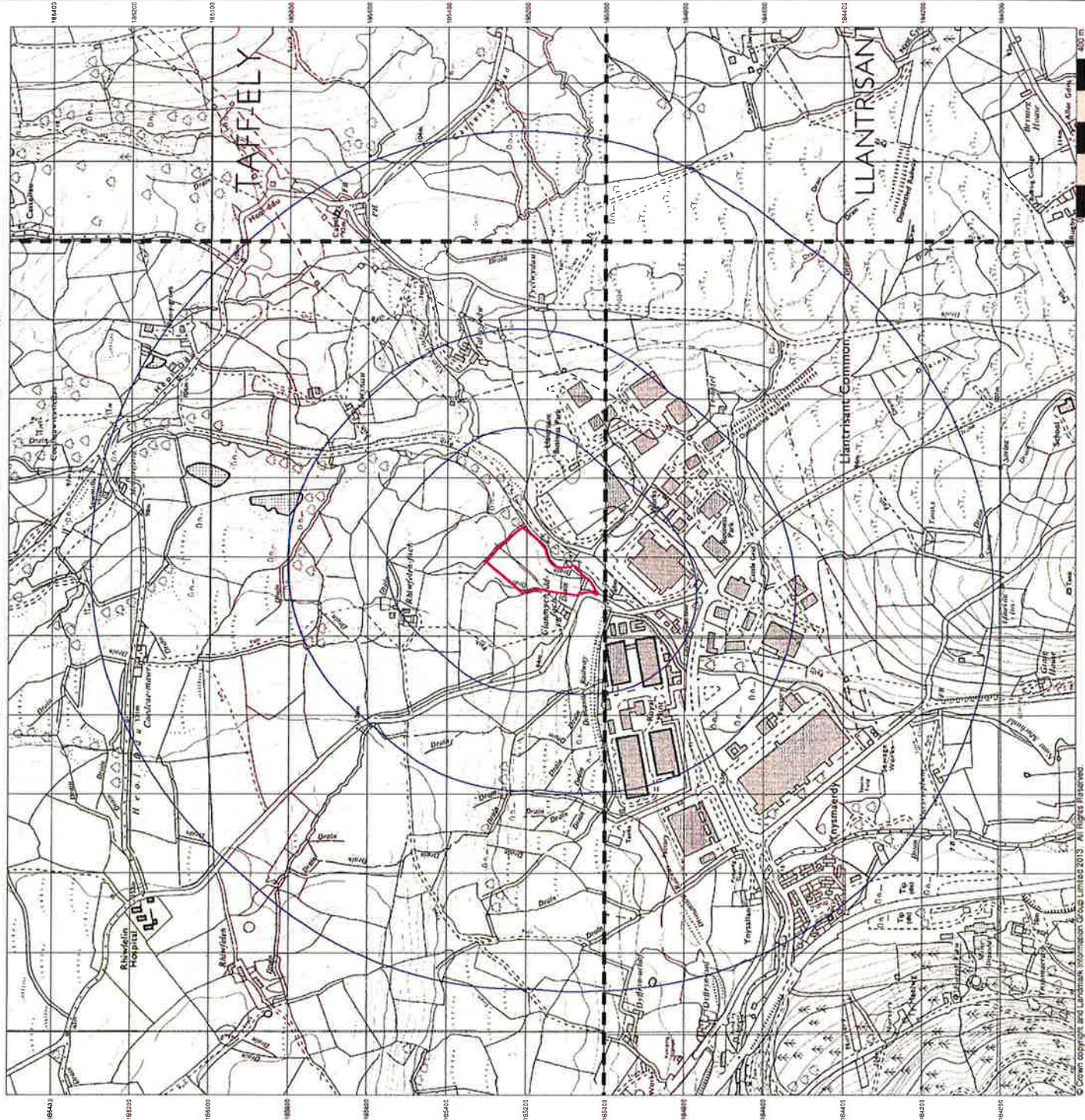


## Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1993

Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:12,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,000 maps. The published date given here is often some years later than the surveyed date. These maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties. Giving rise to significant inaccuracies in ordinary areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. These maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.



## Map Name(s) and Dates

Map Name	Ref	Date	Scale
ST08NW	ST08NE	1993	1:10,000
ST08SW	ST08SE	1993	1:10,000

## Historical Map - Slice A



## Order Details

Order Number: 54430027\_1\_1  
Customer Ref: 12640  
National Grid Reference: 3041170, 185160  
Slice: A  
Site Area (Ha): 2.33  
Search Buffer (m): 1000

## Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontrhydfendigaid, CF72 8LP



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Fax: 0844 344 9951  
Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



## 10k Raster Mapping

### Published 2006 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were produced from the Ordnance Survey's old 1:10,000 colour raster mapping. These maps are derived from LandPlan which replaced the old 1:10,000 maps originally published in 1970. The data is highly detailed showing buildings, fences and field boundaries as well as all roads, tracks and paths. Road names are also included together with the relevant road number and classification. Boundary information depiction includes county, unitary authority, district, civil parish and constituency.

#### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

STORNWY	STORNE
2006	2006
1:10,000	1:10,000

#### Historical Map - Slice A



#### Order Details

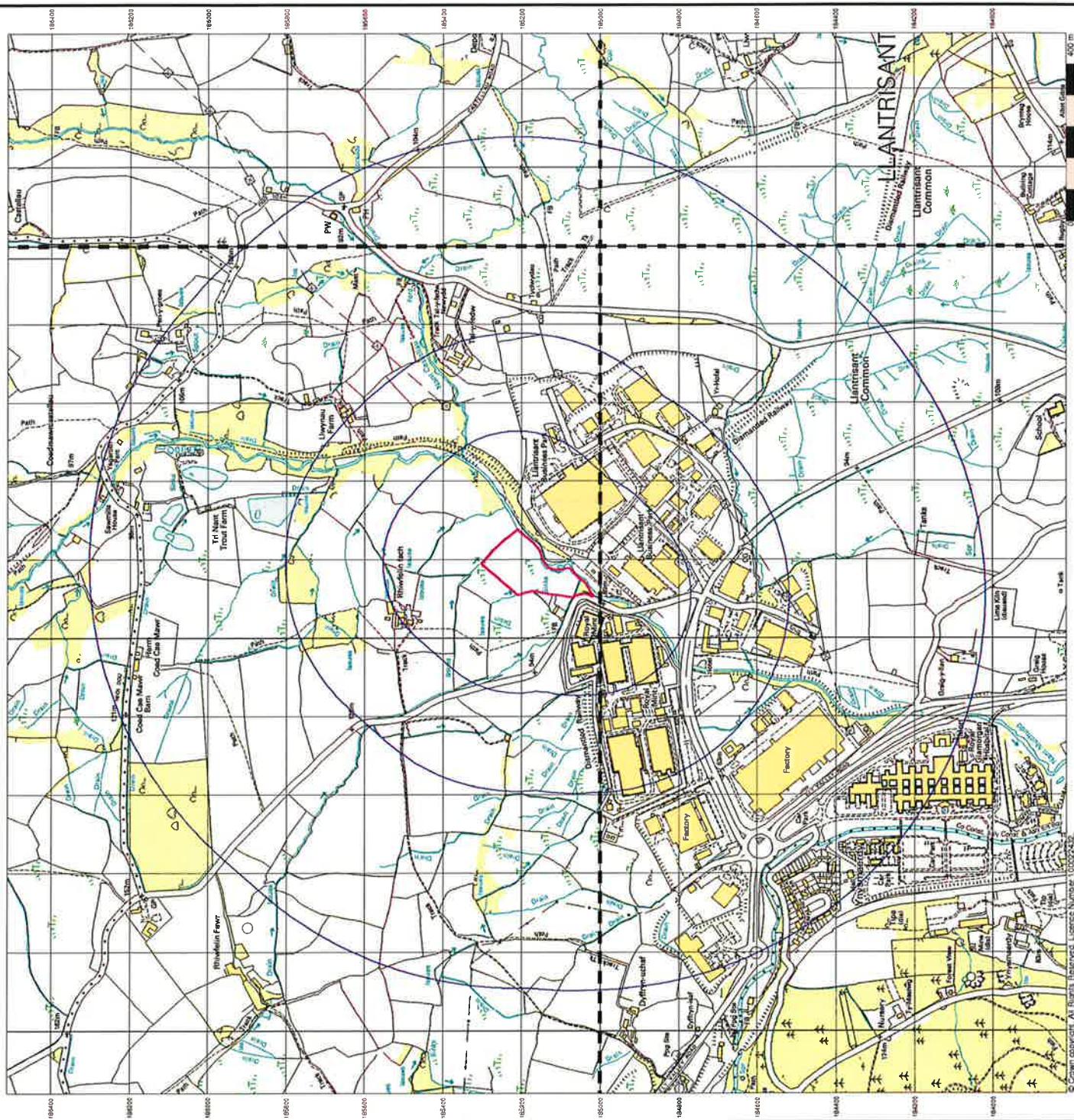
Order Number:	54430027_1.1
Customer Ref:	12640
National Grid Reference:	3041170, 185160
Slice:	A
Site Area (Ha):	2.33
Search Buffer (m):	1000

#### Site Details

Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP



Information Group





## VectorMap Local Published 2013

### Source map scale - 1:10,000

VectorMap Local (Raster) is Ordnance Survey's highest detailed 'background' mapping product. These maps are produced from OS's VectorMap Local, a simple vector dataset at a nominal scale of 1:10,000, covering the whole of Great Britain, that has been designed for creating graphical mapping. OS VectorMap Local is derived from large-scale information surveyed at 1:2500 (covering major towns and cities), 1:2500 scale (smaller towns, villages and developed rural areas), and 1:10,000 scale (mountain, moorland and river estuary areas).

### Map Name(s) and Date(s)

ST09NW	ST09NE	Variable
2013	2013	Variable
ST09SW	ST09SE	Variable

### Historical Map - Slice A

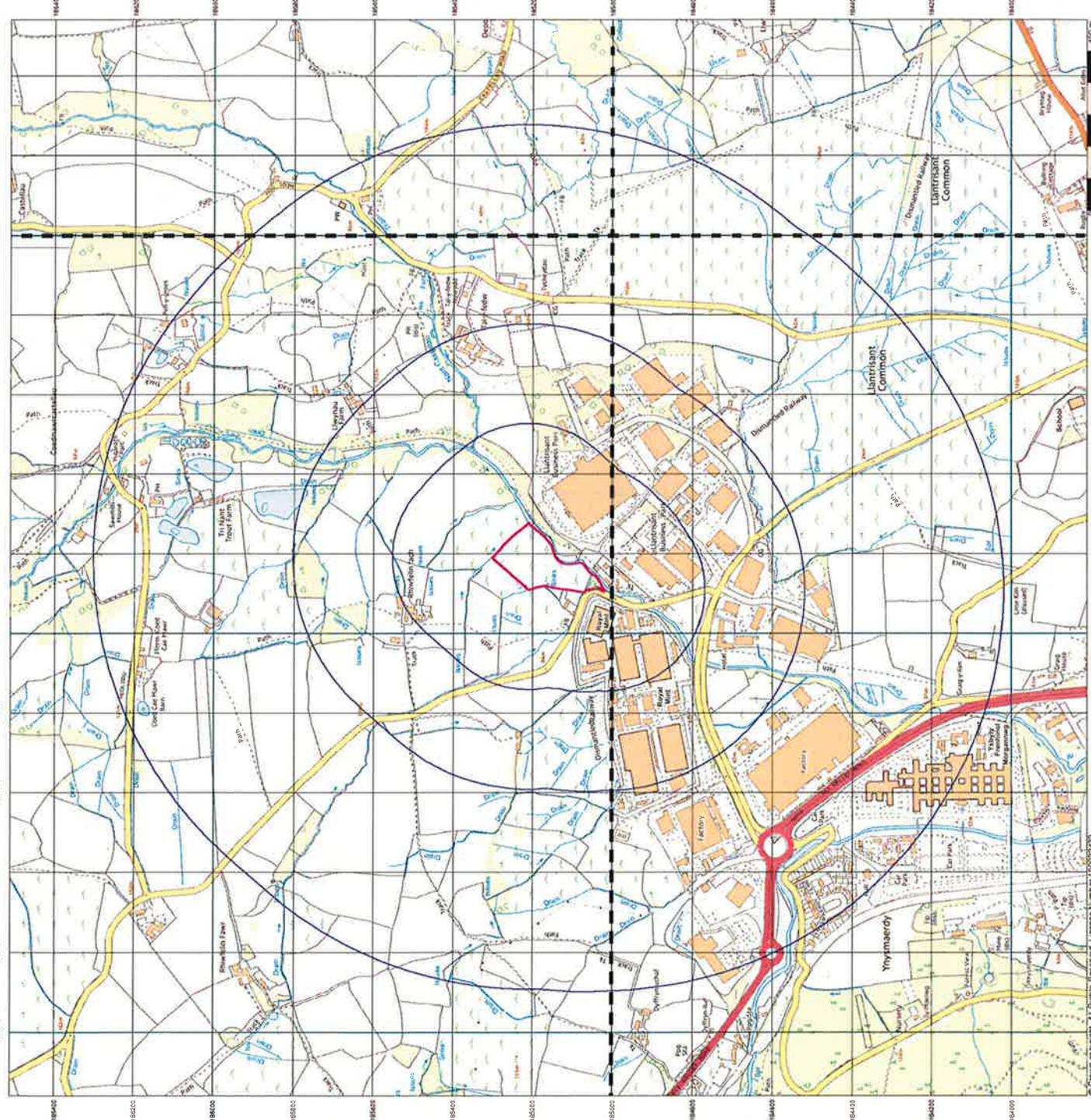


Order Details	Order Number:	54430027_1_1
Customer Ref:	12640	
National Grid Reference:	304170, 185160	
Slice:	A	
Site Area (Ha):	2.33	
Search Buffer (m):	1000	

Site Details	Llantrisant, Pontyclun, CF72 8LP
--------------	----------------------------------



Tel: 0844 844 9952  
Fax: 0844 844 9951  
Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



**ANNEX B  
Trial Pit Logs**



Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HBTel: 029 20 735 354  
Fax: 029 20 735 433  
Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP1

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name  
Recycling FacilityProject No.  
12640Co-ords: -  
Level: -Date  
03/03/2014

Location: Llantrisant

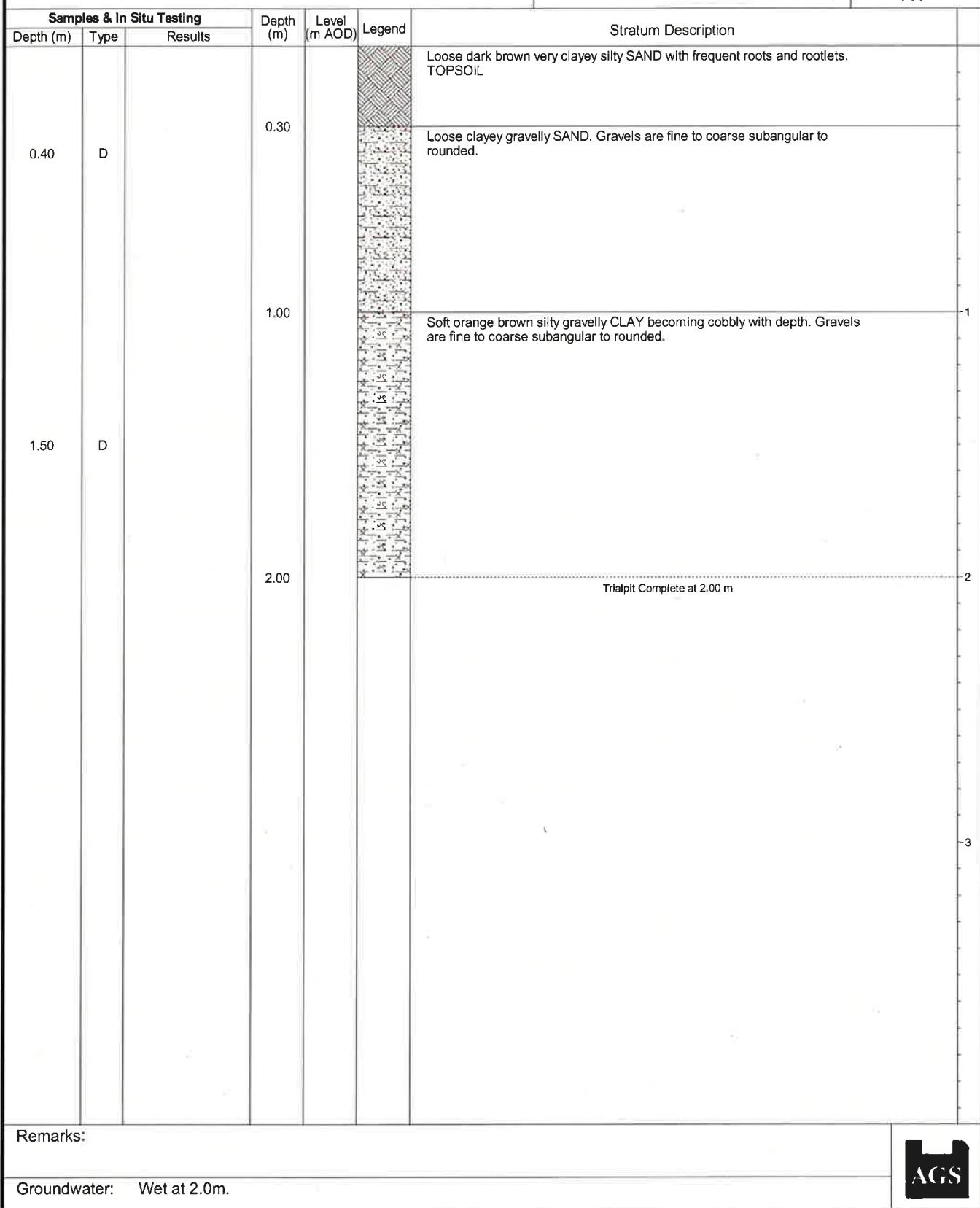
Dimensions: 1.50m

Scale  
1:20

Client: Tom Pritchard

Depth  
2.00m

1.00m

Logged By  
TW



Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn

Cardiff

CF23 7HB

Tel: 029 20 735 354

Fax: 029 20 735 433

Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

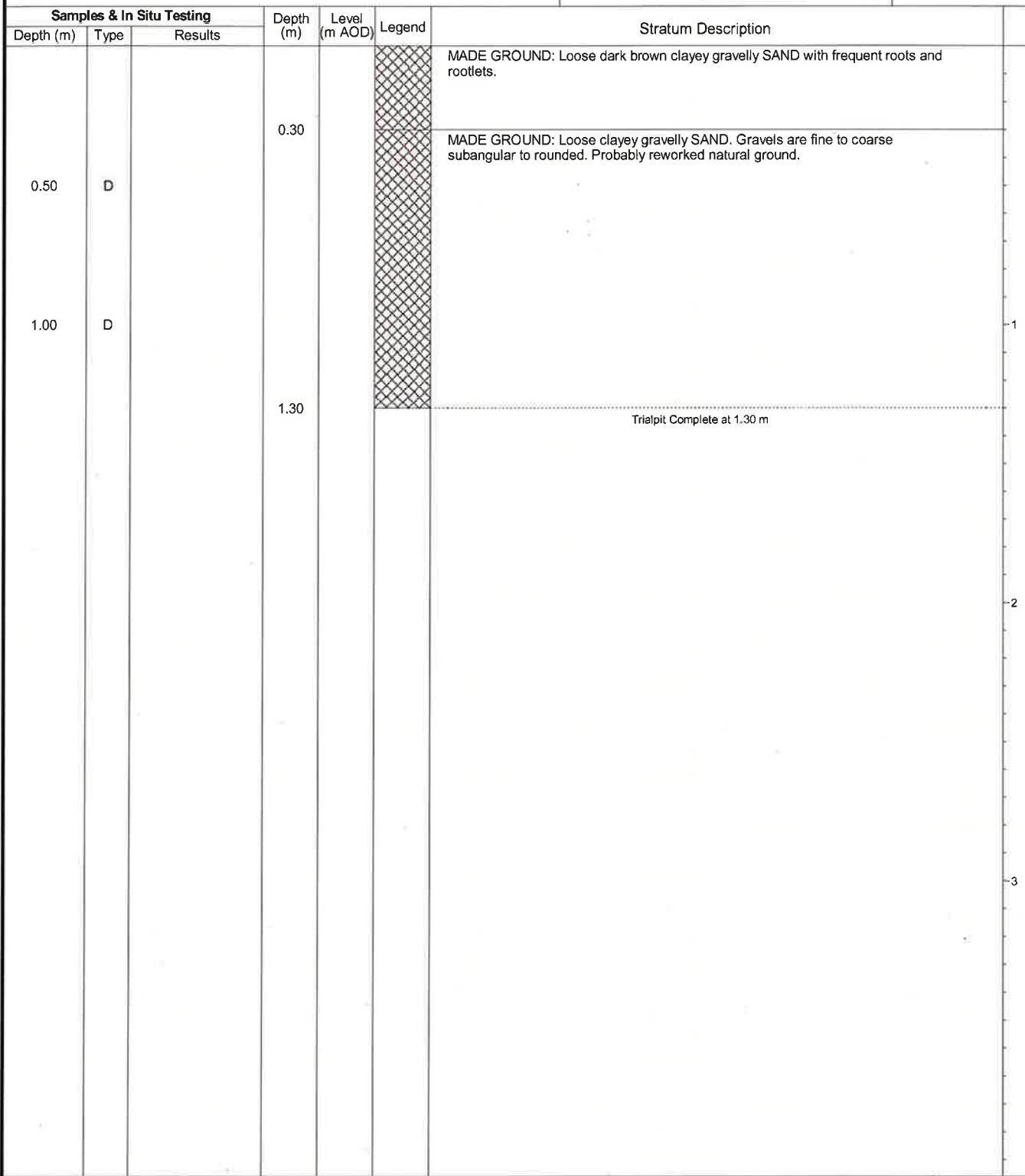
**TP2**

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name Recycling Facility	Project No. 12640	Co-ords: Level:	Date 03/03/2014
------------------------------------	----------------------	--------------------	--------------------

Location: Llantrisant	Dimensions: 1.50m	Scale 1:20
-----------------------	-------------------	------------

Client: Tom Pritchard	1.00m	Logged By TW
-----------------------	-------	--------------



Remarks:

Groundwater: None encountered





Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn

Cardiff

CF23 7HB

Tel: 029 20 735 354

Fax: 029 20 735 433

Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP3

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name  
Recycling FacilityProject No.  
12640Co-ords:  
Level:Date  
03/03/2014

Location: Llantrisant

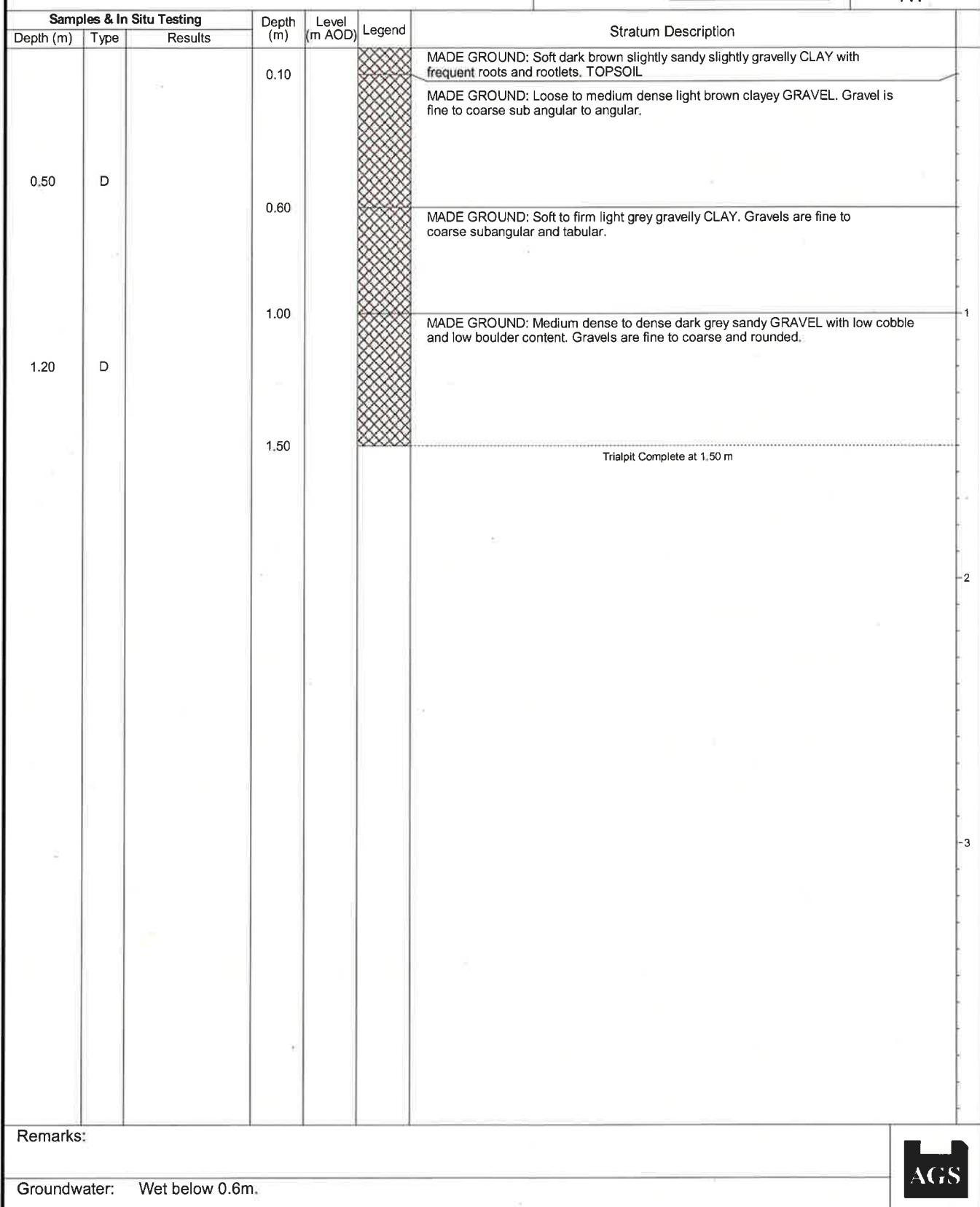
Dimensions: 1.50m

Scale  
1:20

Client: Tom Pritchard

Depth  
1.50m

1.00m

Logged By  
TW



Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

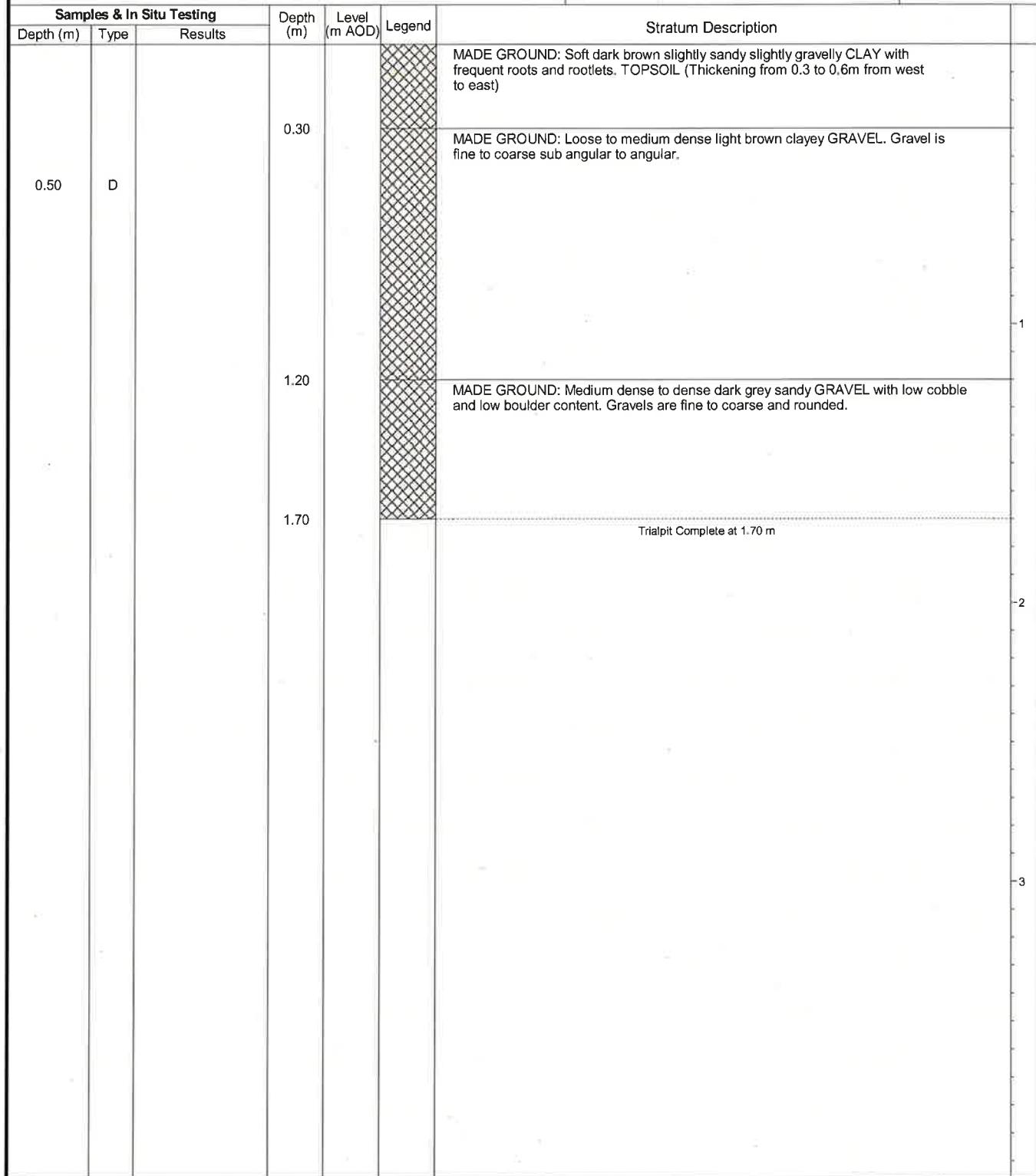
Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HBTel: 029 20 735 354  
Fax: 029 20 735 433  
Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP4

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name Recycling Facility	Project No. 12640	Co-ords: Level:	Date 03/03/2014
Location: Llantrisant		Dimensions: Depth 1.70m	Scale 1:20
Client: Tom Pritchard		1.50m 1.00m	Logged By TW



Remarks:

Groundwater: Wet below 0.6m.





Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HBTel: 029 20 735 354  
Fax: 029 20 735 433  
Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP5

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name  
Recycling FacilityProject No.  
12640Co-ords: -  
Level: -Date  
03/03/2014

Location: Llantrisant

Dimensions: 1.50m  
Depth 1.00mScale  
1:20

Client: Tom Pritchard

Logged By  
TW**Samples & In Situ Testing**

Depth

(m)

Level

(m AOD)

Legend

**Stratum Description**

1.30

D

0.10

0.25

MADE GROUND: Soft dark brown slightly sandy slightly gravelly CLAY with frequent roots and rootlets. TOPSOIL

MADE GROUND: Loose to medium dense light brown clayey GRAVEL. Gravel is fine to coarse sub angular to angular.

MADE GROUND: Medium dense to dense dark grey sandy GRAVEL with low cobble and low boulder content. Gravels are fine to coarse and rounded. With rare whole red house bricks.

Trialpit Complete at 1.50 m

-1

-2

-3

Remarks:

Groundwater: None encountered.

AGS



Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HBTel: 029 20 738 354  
Fax: 029 20 735 433  
Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP6

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name  
Recycling FacilityProject No.  
12640Co-ords:  
Level:Date  
03/03/2014

Location: Llantrisant

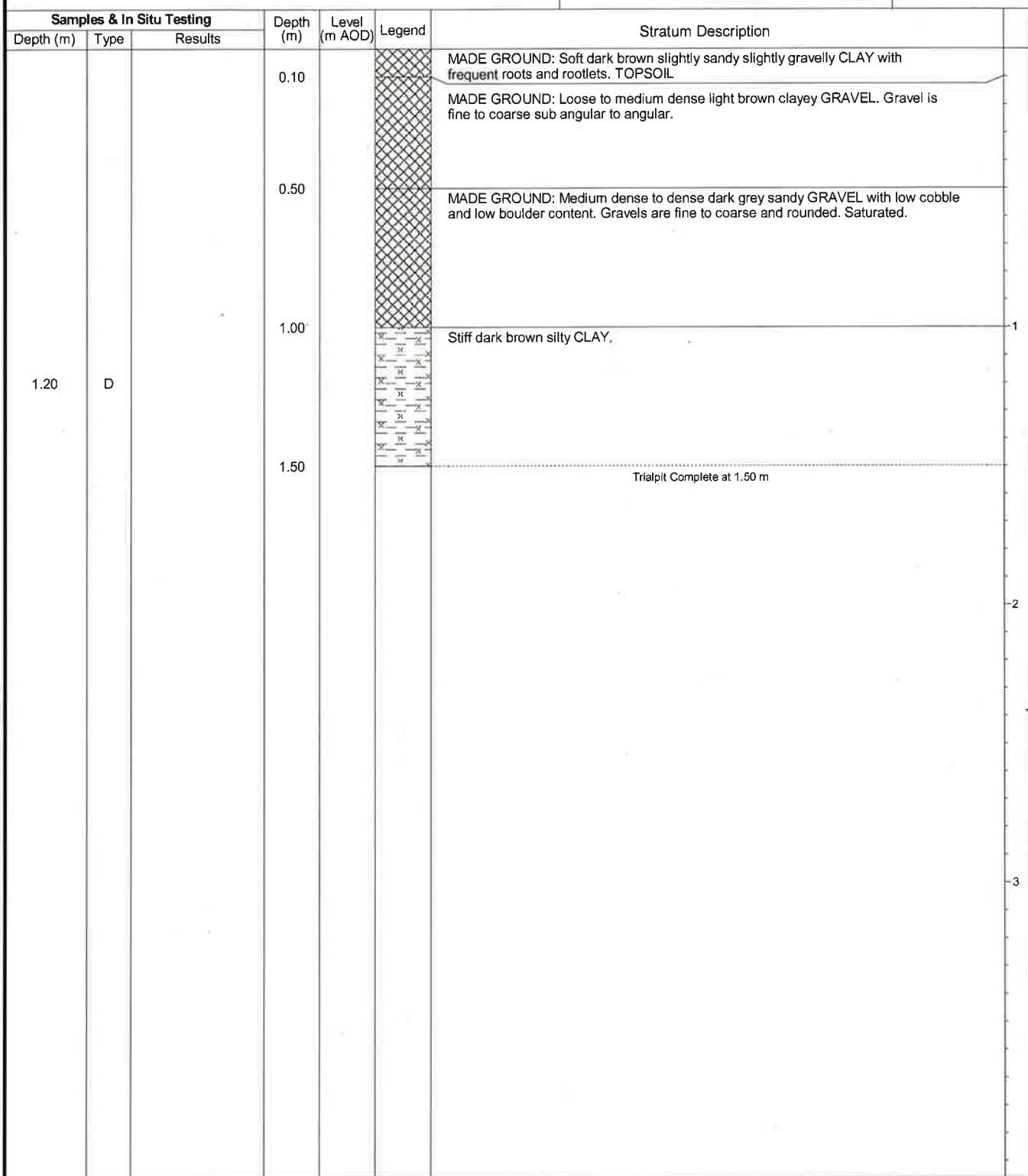
Dimensions: 1.50m

Scale  
1:20

Client: Tom Pritchard

Depth  
1.50m

1.00m

Logged By  
TW

Remarks:

Groundwater: Wet below 0.5m.





Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HBTel: 029 20 735 354  
Fax: 029 20 735 433  
Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP7

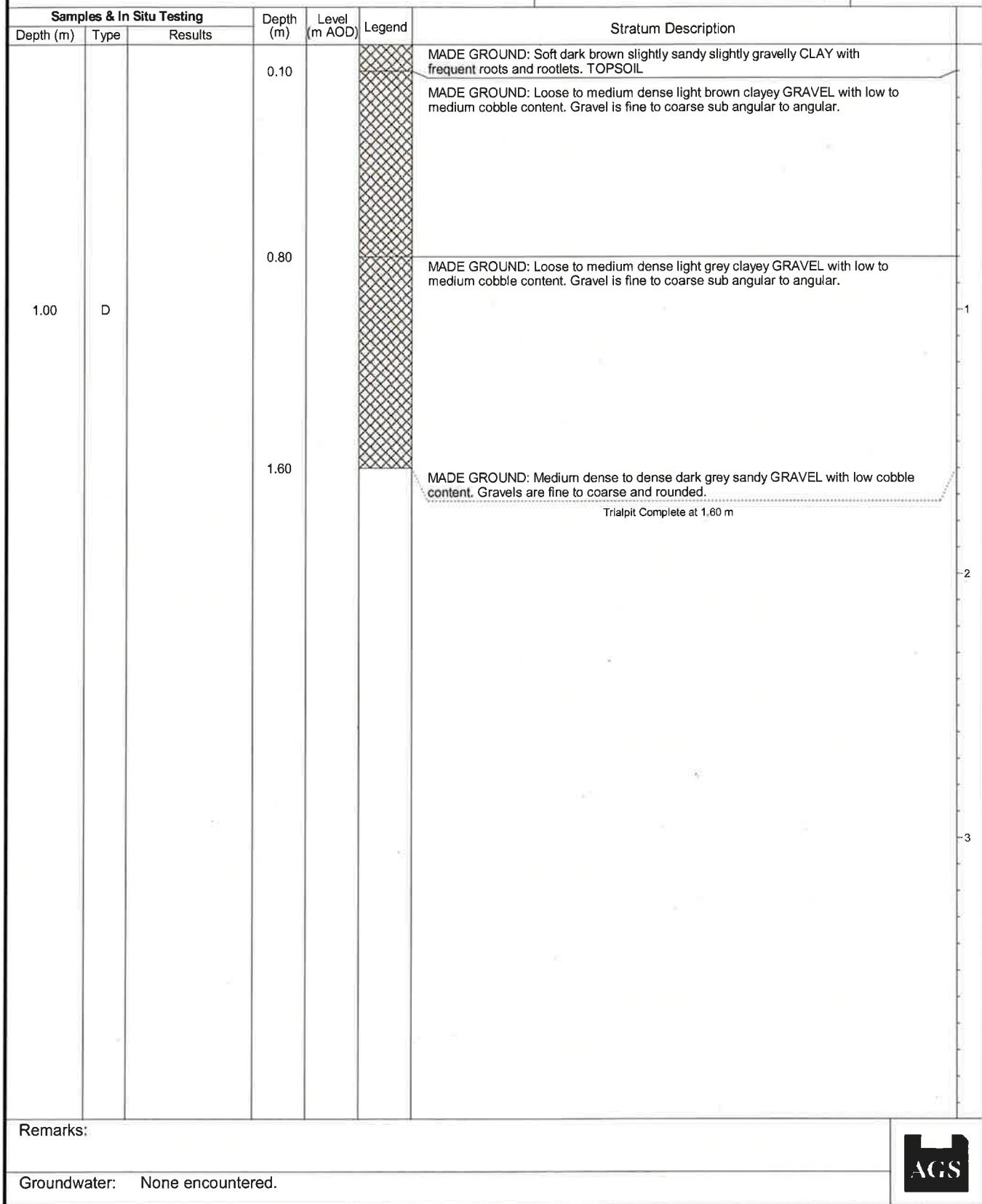
Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name  
Recycling FacilityProject No.  
12640Co-ords: -  
Level: -Date  
03/03/2014

Location: Llantrisant

Dimensions: 1.50m  
Depth 1.00m  
1.60mScale  
1:20

Client: Tom Pritchard

Logged By  
TW



Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

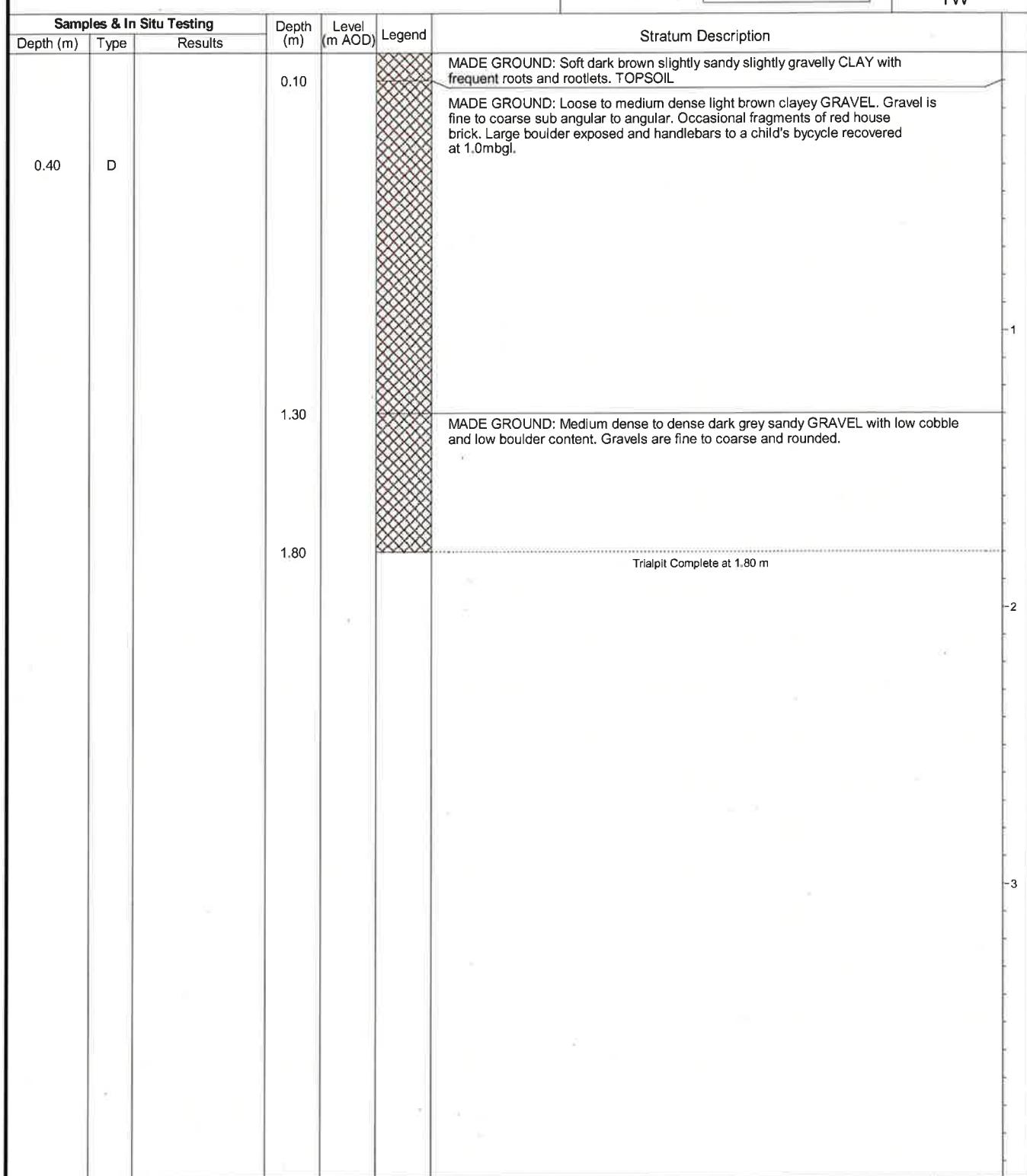
Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HBTel: 029 20 735 354  
Fax: 029 20 735 433  
Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP8

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name Recycling Facility	Project No. 12640	Co-ords: Level:	Date 03/03/2014
Location: Llantrisant		Dimensions: Depth 1.80m	Scale 1:20
Client: Tom Pritchard		1.50m 1.00m	Logged By TW



Remarks:

Groundwater: None encountered.





Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn

Cardiff

CF23 7HB

Tel: 029 20 736 354

Fax: 029 20 735 433

Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

TP9

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name  
Recycling FacilityProject No.  
12640Co-ords:  
Level:Date  
03/03/2014

Location: Llantrisant

Dimensions: 1.50m

Scale  
1:20

Client: Tom Pritchard

Depth  
1.70m

1.00m

Logged By  
TW



Terra Firma (Wales) Limited

Wharfedale Road, Pentwyn

Cardiff

CF23 7HB

Tel: 029 20 735 354

Fax: 029 20 735 433

Email: info@terrafirmawales.co.uk

Trialpit No

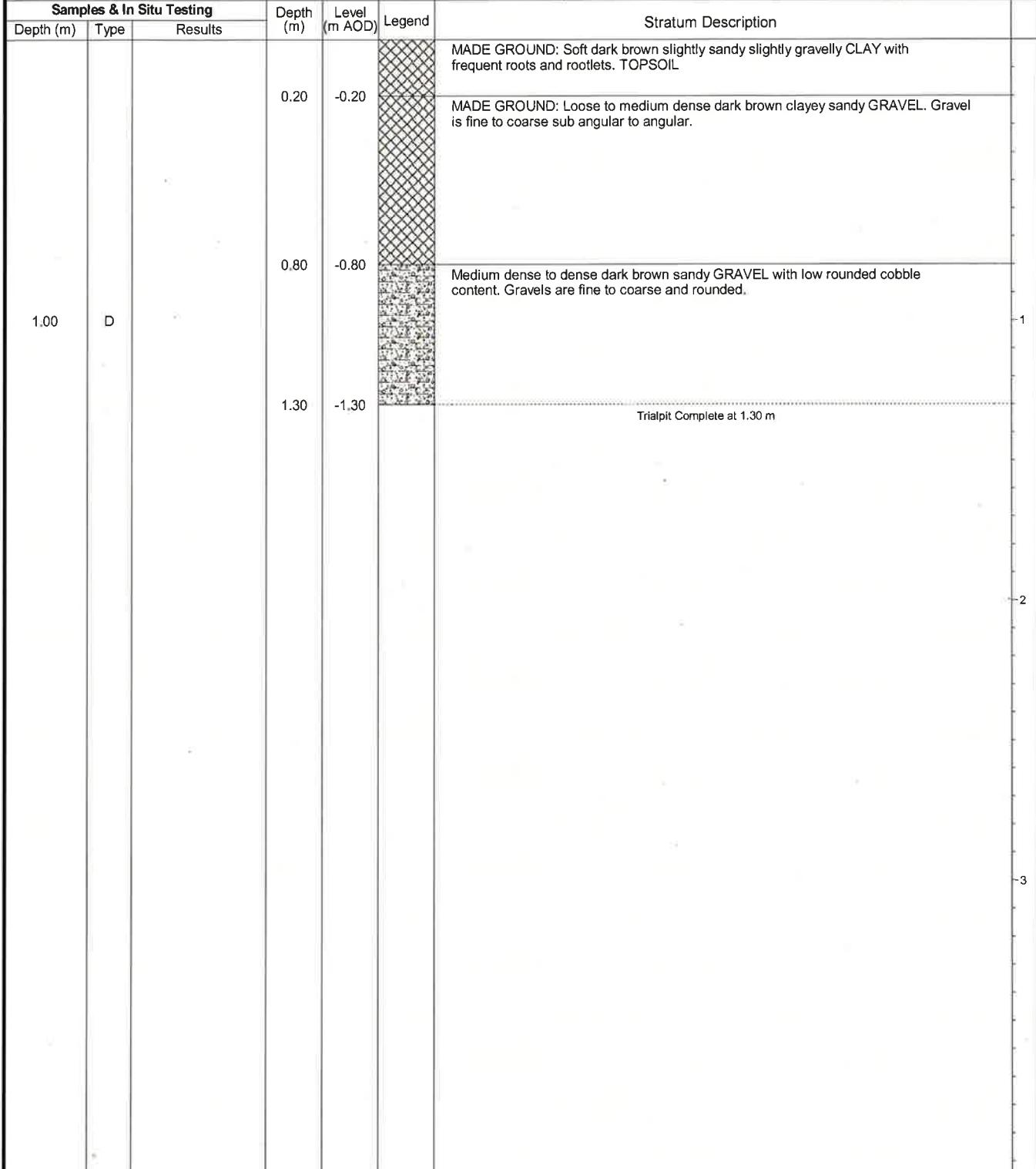
TP10

Sheet 1 of 1

Project Name Recycling Facility	Project No. 12640	Co-ords: Level:	0E - 0N 0.00 m AOD	Date 03/03/2014
------------------------------------	----------------------	--------------------	-----------------------	--------------------

Location: Llantrisant	Dimensions: Depth	1.50m 1.00m	Scale 1:20
-----------------------	----------------------	----------------	---------------

Client: Tom Pritchard	1.30m	1.00m	Logged By TW
-----------------------	-------	-------	-----------------



Remarks:

Groundwater: None encountered.



**ANNEX C  
Laboratory Chemical Test  
Results - Soils**



## Certificate of Analysis

Certificate Number 14-00949

18-Mar-14

**Client** Terra Firma (Wales) Ltd  
5 Deryn Court  
Wharfdale Road  
Pentwyn  
Cardiff  
CF23 7HB

**Our Reference** 14-00949

**Client Reference** 12640

**Contract Title** Llantrisant

**Description** 6 Soil samples.

**Date Received** 11-Mar-14

**Date Started** 11-Mar-14

**Date Completed** 18-Mar-14

**Test Procedures** Identified by prefix DETSn (details on request), Asbestos Analysis DETSC 1101.

**Notes** Opinions and interpretations are outside the scope of UKAS accreditation. This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. Observations and interpretations are outside the scope of ISO 17025. This certificate shall not be reproduced except in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

**Approved By**

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Rob Brown".

Rob Brown  
Business Manager



## Summary of Chemical Analysis Matrix Descriptions

*Our Ref* 14-00949

*Client Ref* 12640

*Contract Title* Llantrisant

Sample ID	Depth	Lab No	Completed	Matrix Description
TP3	0.5	618616	18/03/2014	Brown gravelly sandy CLAY with odd rootlets
TP3	1.2	618617	18/03/2014	Dark brown clayey gravelly SAND
TP4	0.5	618618	18/03/2014	Dark brown gravelly sandy CLAY with numerous rootlets
TP7	1	618619	18/03/2014	Brown gravelly sandy CLAY
TP8	0.5	618620	18/03/2014	Brown dark brown gravelly sandy CLAY with odd rootlets
TP9	0.5	618621	18/03/2014	Brown gravelly sandy CLAY with odd rootlets

## Summary of Chemical Analysis

### Soil Samples

*Our Ref* 14-00949  
*Client Ref* 12640  
*Contract Title* Llantrisant

Lab No	618616	618617	618618	618619	618620	618621
Sample ID	TP3	TP3	TP4	TP7	TP8	TP9
Depth	0.50	1.20	0.50	1.00	0.50	0.50
Other ID						
Sample Type	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL	SOIL
Sampling Date	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s
Sampling Time	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s	n/s

Test	Method	LOD	Units	618616	618617	618618	618619	618620	618621
<b>Metals</b>									
Arsenic	DETSC2301#	0.2	mg/kg	7.9	8.3	12	9.0	9.1	9.7
Cadmium	DETSC2301#	0.1	mg/kg	0.5	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Chromium	DETSC2301#	0.15	mg/kg	27	23	23	28	33	20
Chromium III	DETSC2301*	0.15	mg/kg	27	23	23	28	33	20
Hexavalent Chromium	DETSC 2204*	1	mg/kg	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0	< 1.0
Copper	DETSC2301#	0.2	mg/kg	16	16	30	19	25	17
Lead	DETSC2301#	0.3	mg/kg	15	39	34	28	51	19
Mercury	DETSC 2325#	0.05	mg/kg	< 0.05	0.09	0.17	0.08	0.06	0.05
Nickel	DETSC2301#	1	mg/kg	17	22	24	18	21	21
Selenium	DETSC2301#	0.5	mg/kg	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5	< 0.5
Zinc	DETSC2301#	1	mg/kg	40	62	83	54	72	64
<b>Inorganics</b>									
pH	DETSC 2008#			8.9	7.9	7.8	8.2	8.5	7.5
Cyanide total	DETSC 2130#	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.2
Organic matter	DETSC 2002#	0.1	%	1.7	5.0	5.7	1.8	2.3	2.8
Total Sulphate as SO4	DETSC 2321#	0.01	%	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.03
<b>PAHs</b>									
Acenaphthene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	0.7	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Acenaphthylene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Anthracene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	0.8	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzo(a)anthracene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	3.3	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.8	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzo(a)pyrene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	3.8	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.9	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	3.4	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.5	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	1.6	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.4	< 0.1	< 0.1
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	2.4	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.6	< 0.1	< 0.1
Chrysene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	3.8	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.7	< 0.1	< 0.1
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	DESTC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	0.7	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.6	< 0.1	< 0.1
Fluoranthene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	5.4	0.2	0.3	0.9	0.6	< 0.1
Fluorene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	0.6	0.1	< 0.1	0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	2.4	< 0.1	< 0.1	0.4	< 0.1	< 0.1
Naphthalene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	< 0.1	0.2	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1	< 0.1
Phenanthrene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	3.1	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.4	< 0.1
Pyrene	DETSC 3301	0.1	mg/kg	4.5	0.2	0.3	0.7	0.4	< 0.1
PAH	DETSC 3301	1.6	mg/kg	37	< 1.6	< 1.6	7.2	< 1.6	< 1.6
<b>Phenols</b>									
Phenol - Monohydric	DETSC 2130#	0.3	mg/kg	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3	< 0.3

## Summary of Asbestos Analysis

### Soil Samples

*Our Ref* 14-00949

*Client Ref* 12640

*Contract Title* Llantrisant

Lab No	Sample ID	Material Type	Result	Comment*	Analyst
618616	TP3 0.50	SOIL	NAD	none	John Leeson
618617	TP3 1.20	SOIL	NAD	none	John Leeson
618619	TP7 1.00	SOIL	NAD	none	John Leeson

Crocidolite = Blue Asbestos, Amosite = Brown Asbestos, Chrysotile = White Asbestos. Anthophyllite, Actinolite and Tremolite are other forms of Asbestos.  
 Samples are analysed by DETSC 1101 using polarised light microscopy in accordance with HSG248 and documented in-house methods. NAD = No Asbestos Detected. Where a sample is NAD, the result is based on analysis of at least 2 sub-samples and should be taken to mean 'no asbestos detected in sample'. Key: \* - not included in laboratory scope of accreditation.

## Information in Support of the Analytical Results

*Our Ref* 14-00949

*Client Ref* 12640

*Contract* Llantrisant

### Containers Received & Deviating Samples

Lab No	Sample ID	Date Sampled	Containers Received	Holding time exceeded for tests	Inappropriate container for tests
618616	TP3 0.50 SOIL		GJ 250ml (250ml), PT 1L (1kg)	Sample date not supplied	
618617	TP3 1.20 SOIL		GJ 250ml (250ml), PT 1L (1kg)	Sample date not supplied	
618618	TP4 0.50 SOIL		GJ 250ml (250ml), PT 1L (1kg)	Sample date not supplied	
618619	TP7 1.00 SOIL		GJ 250ml (250ml), PT 1L (1kg)	Sample date not supplied	
618620	TP8 0.50 SOIL		GJ 250ml (250ml), PT 1L (1kg)	Sample date not supplied	
618621	TP9 0.50 SOIL		GJ 250ml (250ml), PT 1L (1kg)	Sample date not supplied	

Key: G-Glass P-Plastic J-Jar T-Tub®

DETS cannot be held responsible for the integrity of samples received whereby the laboratory did not undertake the sampling. In this instance samples received may be deviating. Deviating Sample criteria are based on British and International standards and laboratory trials in conjunction with the UKAS note 'Guidance on Deviating Samples'. All samples received are listed above. However, those samples that have additional comments in relation to hold time and/or inappropriate containers are deviating due to the reasons stated. This means that the analysis is accredited where applicable, but results may be compromised due to sample deviations. If no sampled date (soils) or date+time (waters) has been supplied then samples are deviating. However, if you are able to supply a sampled date (and time for waters) this will prevent samples being reported as deviating where specific hold times are not exceeded and where the container supplied is suitable.

### Soil Analysis Notes

Inorganic soil analysis was carried out on a dried sample, crushed to pass a 425µm sieve, in accordance with BS1377.

Organic soil analysis was carried out on an 'as received' sample. Organics results are corrected for moisture and expressed on a dry weight basis.

The Loss on Drying, used to express organics analysis on an air dried basis, is carried out at a temperature of 28°C +/-2°C.

### Disposal

From the issue date of this test certificate, samples will be held for the following times prior to disposal :-

Soils - 1 month, Liquids - 2 weeks, Asbestos (test portion) - 6 months

## Appendix A - Details of Analysis

Method	Parameter	Units	Limit of Detection	Sample Preparation	Sub-Contracted	UKAS	MCERTS
DETSC 2002	Organic matter	%	0.1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2003	Loss on ignition	%	0.01	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2008	pH	pH Units	1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2024	Sulphide	mg/kg	10	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2076	Sulphate Aqueous Extract as SO <sub>4</sub>	mg/l	10	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2084	Total Carbon	%	0.5	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2084	Total Organic Carbon	%	0.5	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2119	Ammoniacal Nitrogen as N	mg/kg	0.5	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2130	Cyanide free	mg/kg	0.1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2130	Cyanide total	mg/kg	0.1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2130	Phenol - Monohydric	mg/kg	0.3	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2130	Thiocyanate	mg/kg	0.6	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2321	Total Sulphate as SO <sub>4</sub>	%	0.01	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 2325	Mercury	mg/kg	0.05	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3049	Sulphur (free)	mg/kg	0.75	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2123	Boron (water soluble)	mg/kg	0.2	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Arsenic	mg/kg	0.2	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Barium	mg/kg	1.5	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Beryllium	mg/kg	0.2	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Cadmium Available	mg/kg	0.1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Cadmium	mg/kg	0.1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Cobalt	mg/kg	0.7	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Chromium	mg/kg	0.15	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Copper	mg/kg	0.2	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Manganese	mg/kg	20	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Molybdenum	mg/kg	0.4	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Nickel	mg/kg	1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Lead	mg/kg	0.3	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Selenium	mg/kg	0.5	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC2301	Zinc	mg/kg	1	Air Dried	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Ali/Aro C10-C35	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C10-C12	mg/kg	1.5	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C10-C12	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C10-C35	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C12-C16	mg/kg	1.2	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C12-C16	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C16-C21	mg/kg	1.5	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C16-C21	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C21-C35	mg/kg	3.4	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aliphatic C21-C35	mg/kg	3.4	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C10-C12	mg/kg	0.9	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C10-C12	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C10-C35	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C12-C16	mg/kg	0.5	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C12-C16	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C16-C21	mg/kg	0.6	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C16-C21	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C21-C35	mg/kg	1.4	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3072	Aromatic C21-C35	mg/kg	1.4	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETS 062	Benzene	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETS 062	Ethylbenzene	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETS 062	Toluene	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETS 062	Xylene	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETS 062	m+p Xylene	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETS 062	o Xylene	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3311	C10-C24 Diesel Range Organics (DRO)	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3311	C24-C40 Lube Oil Range Organics (LORO)	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3311	EPH (C10-C40)	mg/kg	10	As Received	No	Yes	Yes

## Appendix A - Details of Analysis

Method	Parameter	Units	Limit of Detection	Sample Preparation	Sub-Contracted	UKAS	MCERTS
DETSC 3303	Acenaphthene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Acenaphthylene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Benzo(a)pyrene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Benzo(a)anthracene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Fluoranthene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Naphthalene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Phenanthrene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3303	Pyrene	mg/kg	0.03	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 28 + PCB 31	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 52	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 101	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 118	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 153	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 138	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB 180	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes
DETSC 3401	PCB Total	mg/kg	0.01	As Received	No	Yes	Yes

Method details are shown only for those determinands listed in Annex A of the MCERTS standard. Anything not included on this list falls outside the scope of MCERTS. No Recovery Factors are used in the determination of results. Results reported assume 100% recovery. Full method statements are available on request.

**ANNEX D**  
**Plasticity Test Results**



# Laboratory Report

2788



## Contract Number: 22652

Client's Reference: **12640**

Report Date: **25-03-2014**

Client **Terra firma Wales Ltd**  
**5 Deryn Court**  
**Wharfedale Road**  
**Pentwyn**  
**Cardiff**  
**CF23 7HB**

Contract Title: **Llantrisant**  
For the attention of: **Tom Walby**

Date Received: **18-03-2014**  
Date Commenced: **18-03-2014**  
Date Completed: **25-03-2014**

Test Description	Qty
<b>Moisture Content</b> 1377 : 1990 Part 2 : 3.2 - UKAS *	3.0
<b>4 Point Liquid &amp; Plastic Limit (LL/PL)</b> 1377 : 1990 Part 2 : 4.3 & 5.3 - UKAS *	3.0

Notes: Observations and Interpretations are outside the UKAS Accreditation  
\* - denotes test included in laboratory scope of accreditation  
# - denotes test carried out by approved contractor

This certificate is issued in accordance with the accreditation requirements of the United Kingdom Accreditation Service. The results reported herein relate only to the material supplied to the laboratory. This certificate shall not be reproduced in full, without the prior written approval of the laboratory.

### Approved Signatories:

Alex Wynn (Associate Director) - Benjamin Sharp (Contracts Manager) - Emma Williams (Office Manager)  
Paul Evans (Quality/Technical Manager) - Vaughan Edwards (Managing Director)

**Client ref:** 12640  
**Location:** Llantrisant  
**Contract Number:** 22652-180314

*Note: Results on this table are in summary format and may not meet the requirements of the relevant standards, additional information is held by the laboratory*

**GSTL**  
GSM Site & Testing Services Limited

©2023 Site & Testing Services Limited

end

Checked By

D P Gang

Approved By:

Date Approved: 25.3.14

**Test Report: Method of the Determination of the plastic limit and plasticity index  
BS 1377 : Part 2 : 1990 Method 5**

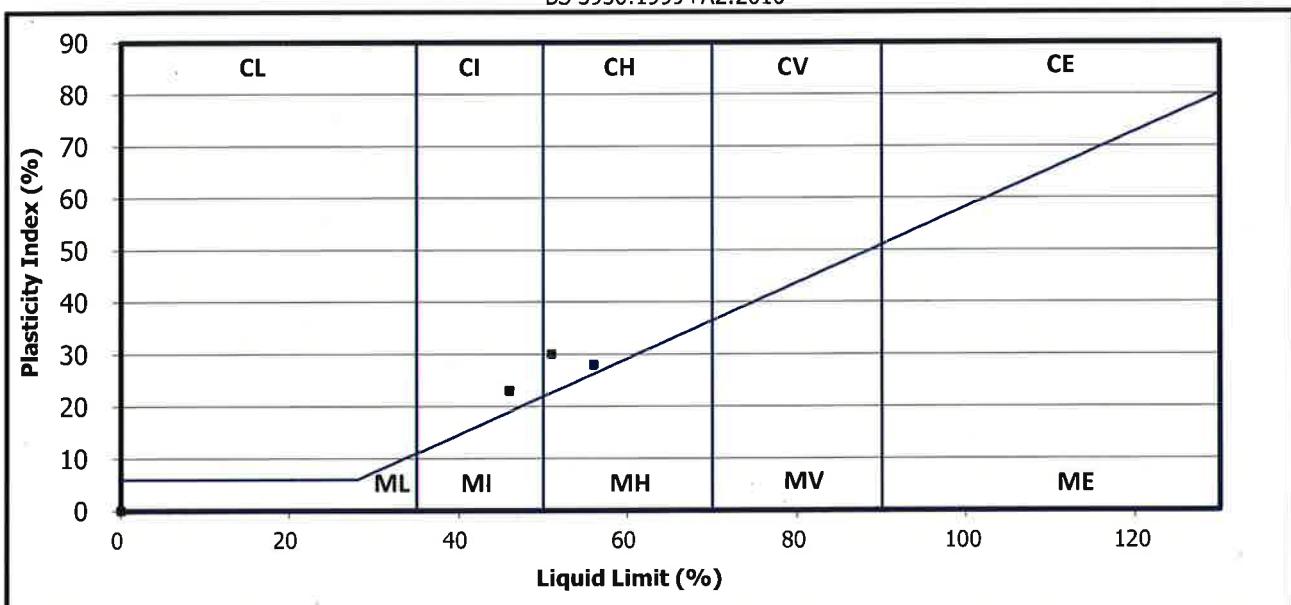
**Client ref:** 12640  
**Location:** Llantrisant  
**Contract Number:** 22652-180314

Hole/ Sample Number	Sample Type	Depth m	Moisture Content % Cl. 3.2	Liquid Limit % Cl. 4.3/4.4	Plastic Limit % Cl. 5.	Plasticity Index % Cl. 6.	% Passing .425mm	Remarks
TP1		1.50	24	51	21	30	45	CH High Plasticity
TP6		1.20	22	46	23	23	100	CI Intermediate Plasticity
TP9		1.00	35	56	28	28	67	CH High Plasticity

**Symbols:** NP : Non Plastic # : Liquid Limit and Plastic Limit Wet Sieved

PLASTICITY CHART FOR CASAGRANDE CLASSIFICATION.

BS 5930:1999+A2:2010



EWD

Emma Williams (Office Manager)  
 Checked By  
 Date Approved: 25.3.14

B. Sharp

Ben Sharp (Contracts Manager)  
 Approved By:





Job Number:	12640
Job Title:	Recycling Facility, Llantrisant
Drawing Title:	Site Layout
Drawing Number:	02
Scale:	Not To Scale

Approximate Site Boundary  
 Approximate Trial Pit Location

